

# - MOUNT TO PANEL

- 1. Make the panel cutout using the measurements in Figure 1.
- 2. Remove the green terminal connectors and the mounting collar assembly.
- 3. Insert the controller into the panel cutout from the front.
- 4. Orient the collar base so the flat side faces front and the screw openings are on the sides (see figure 2), then slide the base over the back of the controller.
- H and W: 92 to 93mm (3.62 to 3.65 inches)

Figure 1



Figure 2

Figure 3

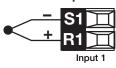
- 5. Slide the mounting bracket over the controller with the screws aligned to the collar base. Push the bracket gently but firmly until the hooks snap into the slots in the case.
- 6. Tighten the four #6-19 x 1.5 in. screws (two on each side) with a Phillips screwdriver until the device is flush with the panel (3 to 4 in-lbs torque). See fiaure 3.
- 7. Reinstall the terminal connectors in their original locations. (Or first connect field wiring as indicated in this guide and then reinstall the connectors.)

NOTE: Mounting requires access to the back of the panel.

#### 4 - WIRE OUTPUT 2 **3 - WIRE OUTPUT 1** Refer to the wiring diagram for your model number and connect Refer to the wiring diagram for your model number outputs to the terminals as indicated. and connect outputs to the terminals as indicated. PM4 \_ \_ J - \_ \_ \_: Form A Relay PM4 C - : Switched DC or Open Collector Normally Open Internal Circuit **Open Collector** Load Common Power Supply + Internal Circuit Common [5A @ 240 V(ac) or 30 V(dc)] Load 24V(do PM4 \_ \_ \_ C - \_ : Switched DC Figure 5: Universal Process Output Common Ê PM4 \_ \_ F \_ - \_ \_ \_: Universal Process PM4 \_\_ E \_ - \_\_\_\_ : Form C Relay [5A @240 V(ac) or 30 V (dc)] (24V(dc) 0 to 20 mA: 800 $\Omega$ max. load or 0 to 10V: 1k $\Omega$ min. load Internal Circuit Normally Internal Circuit Internal Circuit Voltage Load Current Load Open 1000 PM4 \_ \_ \_ H -: No-Arc Relay Normally Open Load Load Internal Circuit

2 - CONNECT THE SENSOR INPUT Connect your sensors as indicated in the diagram for your sensor type. Figure 4 illustrates a thermocouple connection.

### Thermocouple



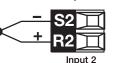
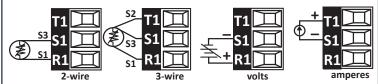
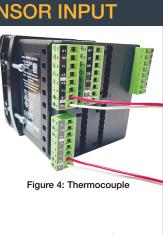


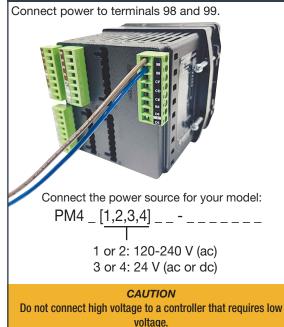
Figure 4: Thermocouple **Process Voltage or Current** Platinum 100 $\Omega$  or 1000 $\Omega$  RTD Voltage: 0 to 50 mV or 20Ω max. round trip lead resistance

0 to 10V@ 20kΩ Current: 0 to 20 mA @ 1000





# **5 - CONNECT POWER**



- SET l	JP THE SENSORS Repeat for other sensors
isor	1. Tap <i>Home</i> for the Home screen.
es	2. Tap <i>Right</i> to open the <b>Operations</b> list.
ermocouple	3. Select Setup (use Up / Down as needed) and tap Right.
livolts	4. Select Analog Input and tap Right.
ts Iliamp	5. Select Analog Input 1, Analog Input 2 or Analog Input 3 and tap <i>Right</i> .
DΩ RTD	6. Select Sensor Type and tap Right.
00Ω <b>RTD</b>	7. Select your sensor and tap <i>Right</i> .
tentiometer	<ul> <li>For a thermocouple:</li> <li>Scroll to the type: J, K, N, R, S, or T and tap <i>Right</i>.</li> </ul>

### For an RTD:

**Repeat for other alarms** 

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- Tap Left to return to Sensor Type.
- Select RTD Lead and tap Right.
- Select 2 or 3 as needed for your sensor and tap *Right*.

autotuning to select PID settings.

7 - SET (	
Output	1. Tap <i>Home</i> for the Home screen.
Functions	2. Tap <i>Right</i> to open the <b>Operations</b> list.
Heat Power	3. Select Setup (use Up / Down as needed) and tap Right.
Cool Power	4. Select <b>Output</b> tap <i>Right</i> .
Event A	5. Select <b>Output 1</b> (or desired output) and tap <b>Right</b> .
Event B	6. Select Function and tap <i>Right</i> .
Alarm	7. Scroll to the desired function and tap Left
Off	8. Set the settings for that output function:
	<ul> <li>For alarm outputs:</li> <li>Select Output Function Instance, then choose the alarm: 1, 2, 3 or 4.</li> </ul>
Setup Analog Input Linearization Process Value Digital I/O Control Loop >Output Alarm	<ul> <li>For a control loop heat output:</li> <li>If you have a relay output, a switched DC output, or a process output with a 0 to 10 V signal; then there is no need to change any settings, since the default settings should apply.</li> <li>To set up a 4 to 20 mA process output, set <b>Output Type</b> to Milliamps, set <b>Ouptut Function</b> to Heat Power, <b>Output Function Instance</b> to 1, Scale Low to 4.00, Scale High to</li> </ul>

20.00, Range Low to 0.0 and Range High to 100.0.

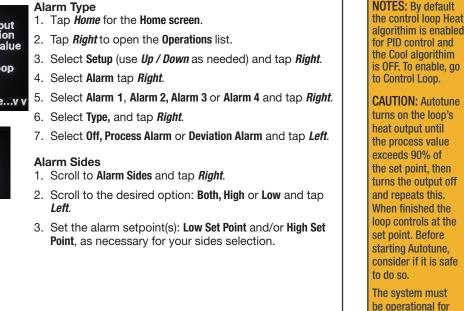
### 8 - SET UP ALARMS Alarm Types **Process: alarm** Analog Input Linearization set points are set directly **Process Value Deviation: alarm** Digital I/O **Control Loop** set points are relative to the Output control loop's set point. v v....wy Off: no alarm occurs **Alarm Sides** Alarm 2 Alarm 3 Alarm 4

High: alarm when process is above high alarm set point.

Low: alarm when process is below low alarm set point.

Both: high and low alarms are active. Alarm sides allow

you to set a high alarm, a low alarm, or both.



## 9 - CONTROL LOOP MODE, SET POINT, AUTOTUNE

een. Analog Input Linearization 2. Tap Right to open the Operations list. Process Value Digital I/O Output 4. Select Control Loop and tap Right. Alarm v v...wore...v v tap **Right**. 6. Scroll to Control Mode and tap Right. Off: no control loop output **Control Loop Set Point** 1. Tap Home or the Home screen. Autotune 2. Scroll to and select AutoTune. 3. Select Yes.

	introl Mode	
1.	Tap Home for the Home so	re

v v....wore....v v

- 3. Select Setup (use Up / Down as needed) and tap Right.
- 5. Select the control loop (if there is more than one) and
- 7. Select Off, Auto or Manual and tap Right. Auto: loop adjusts output so process matches set point. Manual: user sets control loop output in percent power.
- 2. Use Up / Down to set the set point.
- 1. On the Setup list scroll to and select Control Loop.