ASPYRE DT

35A to 40A Power Controller

User's Guide





1241 Bundy Boulevard., Winona, Minnesota USA 55987 Phone: +1 (507) 454-5300, Fax: +1 (507) 452-4507 http://www.watlow.com



Document 10-26721 Rev. E

Get the latest at: www.watlow.com/kb/ASPYRE1 April 2021

Safety Information

Symbol	Explanation				
"NOTE"	An important detail or recommendation				
	CAUTION - Warning or Hazard that needs further explanation than the label on unit can provide. Consult User's Guide for further information.				
Electrical Shock Hazard - Symbol (a lightning bolt in a triangle) precedes an electric shock hazard CAUTION or WARNING safety statement.					
	ESD Sensitive product, use proper grounding and handling techniques when installing or servicing product.				
X	Do not throw in trash, use proper recycling techniques or consult manufacturer for proper dispos- al.				
CULUS LISTED IND. CONT. EQ. E73741 2RD5	Unit is a Listed device per Underwriters Laboratories. It has been investigated to ANSI/UL® 508 standards for Industrial Control Switches and equivalent to CSA C22.2 #14. For more detail search for File E73741 on www.ul.com.				
CE	Unit is compliant with European Union directives. See "Declaration of Conformity" on page 122 for further details on Directives and Standards used for Compliance.				

WARNING! To avoid damage to property or equipment, injury, and loss of life, adhere to applicable electrical codes and standard wiring practices when installing and operating this product. Failure to do so could result in damage, injury and death.

WARNING! All service including inspection, installation, wiring, maintenance, troubleshooting, fuse or other user-serviceable component replacement must be performed only by properly qualified personnel. Service personnel must read this manual before proceeding with work. While service is being performed other, unqualified personnel should not work on the unit or be allowed in the immediate vicinity.

WARNING! When in use the power controller is connected to dangerous voltages. Do not remove the protective covers without first disconnecting and preventing power from being restored while servicing the unit.

WARNING! Do not use in aerospace or nuclear applications.

WARNING! The power controller's protection rating is IP20 with all covers installed and closed. It must be installed in an enclosure that provides all the necessary additional protections appropriate for the environment and application.

WARNING! Ground the power controller via the provided protective earth grounding terminal. Verify ground is within impedance specifications. This should be verified periodically.

WARNING! Electric Shock Hazard: when the power controller has been energized, after shutting off the power, wait at least one minute for internal capacitors to discharge before commencing work that brings you in to contact with power connections or internal components.

WARNING! The installation must be protected by electromagnetic circuit breakers or by fuses. The semiconductor fuses located inside the power controller are classified for UL® as supplementary protection for semiconductor devices. They are not approved for branch circuit protection.

WARNING! When making live voltage or current measurements, use proper personal protective equipment for the voltages and arc-flash potentials involved.

WARNING! Verify the voltage and current ratings of the power controller are correct for the application.

CAUTION: To avoid compromising the insulation, do not bend wire or other components beyond their bend radius specifications.

CAUTION: Protect the power controller from high temperature, humidity and vibrations.

CAUTION: The power controller warranty is void if the tested and approved fuses are not used.

CAUTION: Only trained and authorized personnel should access and handle the internal electronics and they must follow proper electro-static prevention procedures.

CAUTION: Install an appropriately sized RC filter across contactor coils, relays and other inductive loads.

NOTE! Provide a local disconnect to isolate the power controller for servicing.

NOTE! The nominal current is specified for ambient temperatures at or below 40° C. Ensure the application design allows for adequate cooling of each power controller. The power controller must be mounted vertically. The cooling design must prevent air heated by one power controller from causing power controllers mounted above to exceed the ambient operating temperature limit. When power controllers are mounted side by side allow a minimum spacing of 15mm between them.

/NOTE! Use only copper cables and wires rated for use at 90°C or greater, unless otherwise noted.

AVERTISSEMENT! Pour éviter d'endommager la propriété et l'équipement, les blessures et la perte de vie, respecter les codes électriques en vigueur et les pratiques de câblage standard au moment de l'installation et de l'utilisation de ce produit. Dans le cas contraire, cela peut entraîner la mort, des blessures graves ou des dommages.

AVERTISSEMENT! Au moment de l'utilisation, le régulateur de puissance est connecté à des tensions dangereuses. Ne retirer aucun couvercle de protection sans d'abord débrancher l'appareil et ainsi empêcher l'alimentation d'être rétablie pendant l'entretien.

AVERTISSEMENT! Tous les services, y compris l'inspection, l'installation, le câblage, l'entretien, le dépannage, le remplacement de fusibles ou d'autres composants pouvant être réparés par l'utilisateur, doivent être effectués uniquement par un personnel dûment qualifié. Le personnel de service doit lire ce manuel avant d'effectuer tout travail. Pendant que l'entretien est exécuté, tout personnel non qualifié ne doit effectuer de travail sur l'appareil ni se trouver à proximité.

AVERTISSEMENT! Ne pas utiliser pour les applications aérospatiales ou nucléaires.

AVERTISSEMENT! L'indice de protection du régulateur de puissance est de IP20 lorsque les couvercles sont installés et fermés. L'appareil doit être installé dans une enceinte qui assure toute la protection supplémentaire nécessaire pour l'environnement et l'application.

AVERTISSEMENT! Mise à la terre du régulateur de puissance par le biais de la borne de prise de terre de protection fournie. Vérifier que la prise de terre est conforme aux spécifications de l'impédance. Cela doit être vérifié périodiquement.

AVERTISSEMENT! Risque de décharges électriques : lorsque le régulateur de puissance est mis sous tension, après avoir été éteint, attendre au moins une minute pour que les condensateurs internes se déchargent avant de commencer tout travail incluant le contact avec les connexions électriques ou les composants internes.

AVERTISSEMENT! L'installation doit être protégée par des disjoncteurs électromagnétiques ou des fusibles. Les fusibles pour semi-conducteurs situés à l'intérieur du régulateur de puissance sont classés UL® comme protection supplémentaire pour les dispositifs pour semi-conducteurs. Ils ne sont pas approuvés pour la protection des circuits de dérivation.

AVERTISSEMENT! Au moment de relever des mesures de tension ou de courant en direct, utiliser un équipement de protection individuelle approprié pour les tensions et les potentiels d'arc électrique concernés.

AVERTISSEMENT! Vérifier que les valeurs de tension et de courant du régulateur de puissance sont correctes pour l'application.

ATTENTION : Pour éviter de compromettre l'isolation, ne pas plier le fil ou tout autre composant au-delà de ses spécifications en matière de rayon de courbure.

ATTENTION : Protéger le régulateur de puissance contre les températures élevées, l'humidité et les vibrations.

ATTENTION : La garantie du régulateur de puissance est nulle si aucun fusible testé et approuvé n'est utilisé.

ATTENTION : Seul le personnel formé et autorisé peut accéder aux composants électroniques internes et les gérer, et il doit se conformer à des procédures de prévention électrostatique appropriées.

ATTENTION : Installer un filtre RC de dimensions appropriées sur les bobines du contacteur, les relais et autres charges par induction.

REMARQUE : Fournir une déconnexion locale afin d'isoler le régulateur de puissance pour l'entretien.

REMARQUE : Le courant nominal est précisé pour des températures ambiantes égales ou inférieures à 40 °C. S'assurer que la conception de l'application permette le refroidissement adéquat de chaque régulateur de puissance. Le régulateur de puissance doit être monté verticalement. La conception de refroidissement doit empêcher l'air chauffé par le régulateur de puissance de dépasser la limite de température de fonctionnement ambiante de la part des régulateurs de puissance montés au-dessus. Lorsque les régulateurs de puissance sont montés côte à côte, il faut conserver un espacement minimal de 15 mm entre les deux.

REMARQUE : N'utiliser que des câbles et des fils en cuivre pour l'utilisation à 90 °C ou plus, sauf indication contraire.

Technical Assistance

If you encounter a problem with your Watlow® controller, review your configuration information to verify that your selections are consistent with your application: inputs, outputs, alarms, limits, etc. If the problem persists, you can get technical assistance from your local Watlow representative "How to Reach Us" on page 124, by e-mailing your questions to wintechsupport@watlow.com or by dialing +1 (507) 494-5656 between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. Central Time USA & Canada. Ask for for an Applications Engineer. Please have the complete model number available when calling.

Return Material Authorization (RMA)

- 1. Call Watlow Customer Service, (507) 454-5300, for a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number before returning any item for repair. If you do not know why the product failed, contact an Application Engineer or Product Manager. All RMA's require:
- Ship-to address
- Bill-to address
- Contact name
- Phone number
- Method of return shipment
- Your P.O. number
- Detailed description of the problem
- Any special instructions
- Name and phone number of person returning the product
- 2. Prior approval and an RMA number from the customer service department is required when returning any product. Make sure the RMA number is on the outside of the carton and on all paperwork returned. Ship on a freight prepaid basis.
- 3. After we receive your return, we will examine it and try to verify the reason for the product failure. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, Watlow's standard warranty provisions, which can be located at www.watlow.com/terms, will apply to any failed product.
- 4. In the event that the product is not subject to an applicable warranty, we will quote repair costs to you and request a purchase order from you prior to proceeding with the repair work.
- 5. Watlow reserves the right to charge for no trouble found (NTF) returns.

Warranty

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller is warranted by Watlow in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth on Watlow's website at www.watlow.com/terms.

©2021 Watlow Electric Manufacturing Company, all rights reserved. Watlow® and ASPYRE® are registered trademarks of Watlow Electric and Manufacturing Company. Cooper Bussman® is a registered trademark of Cooper Industries Inc. EtherNet/IP™ is a trademark of Open DeviceNet Vendors Association. Kanthal® is a registered trademark of Bulten-Kanthal Aktiebolag Joint Stock Company Windows® is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation. Modbus® is a registered trademark of Schneider Automation Incorporated. Siemens® is a registered trademark of Siemens Aktiengesellschaft Corporation. UL® is a registered trademark of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc.

TC Contents

Technical Assistance5Return Material Authorization (RMA)5Warranty.5 Overview11 Identifying the Product.11Product Selection.12Features and Benefits.14Product Block Diagram15Installation.16Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.16Environmental Conditions16Cooling Requirements17Mounting Dimensions18
Warranty.5Overview11Identifying the Product.11Product Selection12Features and Benefits.14Product Block Diagram15Installation.16Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.16Environmental Conditions16Cooling Requirements17
Overview 11 Identifying the Product. 11 Product Selection 12 Features and Benefits. 14 Product Block Diagram 15 Installation. 16 Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller. 16 Environmental Conditions 16 Cooling Requirements 17
Identifying the Product.11Product Selection.12Features and Benefits.14Product Block Diagram15Installation.16Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.16Environmental Conditions16Cooling Requirements17
Identifying the Product.11Product Selection.12Features and Benefits.14Product Block Diagram15Installation.16Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.16Environmental Conditions16Cooling Requirements17
Product Selection 12 Features and Benefits 14 Product Block Diagram 15 Installation 16 Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller 16 Environmental Conditions 16 Cooling Requirements 17
Product Block Diagram 15 Installation 16 Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller 16 Environmental Conditions 16 Cooling Requirements 17
Installation
Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.16Environmental Conditions16Cooling Requirements17
Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller16Environmental Conditions16Cooling Requirements17
Environmental Conditions
Cooling Requirements
Wining 10
Wiring 19 Wiring the ASDVDF® DT Dewar Controller 10
Wiring the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller. 19 Good Wiring Practices 19
Wiring Overview Diagrams
Wiring Overview Diagrams
Opening The Covers
Connecting Control Signals
Connecting the Auxiliary Power
Wiring the Line Power and Load
•
Initial Setup
Using the ASPYRE Configurator Software
Configuring the ASPYRE DT Power Controller
Operation
Control Panel
Menu Navigation
Menu Listing
Indicators (LEDs)
Alarms and Messages
Using ASPYRE Configurator
Overview
How To
Reference
Parameter Reference
Alarm Function
Analog In 1 [Signal Type]

Analog In 1 [Value]	. 49
Analog In 2 [Signal Type]	. 50
Analog In 2 [Value]	. 50
Analog In 2 Function	. 50
Aux Voltage	. 50
Bakeout Current (Models with Current Limit)	. 50
Bakeout Off Time (Models with Current Limit)	. 50
Bakeout Ramp Time (Models with Current Limit)	. 51
Command Bits	. 51
Cycle Time	. 51
Delay	. 52
Digital In 1	. 52
Digital In 1 Function	. 52
Digital In 2	. 52
Digital In 2 Function	
Enable	
Ethernet Address	
Ethernet Subnet	. 53
Ethernet Gateway	
Feedback	
Firing	
Frequency	
Half Cycle Delay	
Heater Bakeout (Models with Current Limit)	
HH:MM:SS	
Htr Break Delay	
Htr Break Sensitivity.	
I Limit (Models with Current Limit)	
I Limit Local / Remote (Models with Current Limit).	
I Output	
Integral Current (Models with Current Limit)	
Integral Power	
kVA Real Time	
kW Real Time	
kW Total	
Leg 1 Output (DT2 and DT3 Models)	
Leg 2 I Output (DT2 and DT3 Models).	
Leg 3 I Output (DT2 and DT3 Models).	
Limit Peak Current (Models with Current Limit)	
Load Ω	
Load Type (DT2 and DT3 Models)	
Logging	
Logging Interval.	
Max Current	
Max Voltage	
MM/DD/YY	
Model	. ၁୪

	Nominal I	. 58
	Nominal V	. 58
	Out Scale	. 59
	Port 1 Address	. 59
	Port 1 Baud	. 59
	Port 2	. 59
	Port 2 Access	. 59
	Port 2 Address	. 59
	Power	. 60
	Power Factor	. 60
	Prop Band Current (Models with Current Limit)	. 60
	Prop Band Power	. 60
	Release	. 60
	Remote SP	. 60
	Retransmit (Models with Retransmit)	. 61
	Retransmit Scale (Models with Retransmit)	. 61
	Retransmit Type (Models with Retransmit)	. 61
	Safety Ramp Duration	. 61
	Safety Ramp Off Time	. 62
	SCR Temperature	. 62
	Serial Number	. 62
	Set Point	. 62
	Set Point Source	. 62
	Soft Start	. 62
	Start Ramp	. 63
	Startup Display.	. 63
	Status Bits	. 63
	Thermal Alarm Counter	. 63
	Unit Type	. 64
	User Access Level	. 64
	V Input	. 64
	V Output	. 64
	Version	. 64
	Watchdog	. 65
	Watchdog Reset Time	. 65
F	eatures	66
1	Closed Loop Control.	
	DT1 Models	
	Feedback	
	Current Limit	
	Configurable Inputs and Outputs	
	Firing Types	
	Soft Start	
	Start Ramp (DT1 Models)	
	Safety Ramp (DT1 Models)	
	Heater Bakeout Function (Models with Current Limit)	
	Totalizer	
	IVtuil_VI	0

Data Logging	
Maintenance & Troubleshooting	
Routine Maintenance	
Alarms and Indicators	
Opening the SCR Module Covers	82
Replacement Fuses	82
Accessing the Control Electronics	82
Replacing the Battery	84
Calibration Procedures	84
Updating the Firmware	86
Troubleshooting	87
Check the Load	87
Troubleshooting Schematics	89
Baking the Moisture Out of a Heater	
Communication	93
Overview	93
Enabling the Secondary Port	
Ethernet Network Setup	
Modbus® TCP	
EtherNet/IP™ Setup	95
Profinet IO Setup	
Profibus DP Setup	103
Holding Registers	109
Input Registers	110
Modbus® RTU	112
Modbus® RTU Holding Registers	113
Specifications	117
Declaration of Conformity	122
How to Reach Us	

1 Overview

This chapter describes how to locate the model number of the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller, explains how to determine which ordering options are present, identifies its physical features, lists its main functional features and benefits and provides a functional overview in the form of a block diagram.

Identifying the Product

This illustration indicates the physical features of the product as referenced in this manual.



The product identification label indicates the voltage and current ratings and auxiliary power requirements, and other information needed to set up the power controller. All options are encoded in the model number. Locate the model on one of the labels on your device and then refer to "Product Selection" on page 12 to determine the other characteristics of your power controller.

Product Selection

This section describes how to choose the appropriate ordering options.

1 2 3 Model Phase	(4) (5) Max. Line & Load Voltage	6 7 8 Amperage	9 Auxiliary Power	(10) Current Limit Loop, Analog Retransmit Output		(1) Cooling Fan Voltage	Add'l	12 Wired nms.	13 Data Logging	Firm	(4) (5) Custom Opt ware Overla eters and L	ions - ay, Pres	
DT													
3		Phase			U) C	urrent	Limit L	.oop/Analo	g Retran	smit Out	out	
1 = 1-phase, 1 co									35A to 40	A	60A	to 210	0A
2 = 3-phase, 2 co	<u> </u>							DT1	DT2	DT3	DT1	DT2	DT3
3 = 3-phase, 3 co	ontrolled leg				A			OK	N/A	N/A	ОК	N/A	ОК
45	Maximum L	ine and Load	Voltage		В		er	OK	OK	ОК	ОК	OK	OK
48 = 480VAC							nt limit	OK	N/A	N/A	OK	N/A	OK
60 = 600VAC						= Retran		OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	ОК
	ly available for 60.		models		Add	itional Wire	ed Comi	munica	transmit (di tion (digit 1				power
678		Amperage				oly is requir = Available							
035 = 35A						= Not avail							
040 = 40A 060 = 60A					(11)		Cool	ing Fan Vo	ltage			
080 = 80A 090 = 90A					U		35	iA to	60A	60A	90A to	11	00A to
120 = 120A							4	AOI	480/600V	690V	800A	2	100A
150 = 150A					0	= No fan	1	OK	OK	N/A	N/A		N/A
180 = 180A					1	= 120VA	1 D.	N/A	N/A	OK	OK		ОК
210 = 210A					2	= 240VA	1 D.	N/A	N/A	OK	ОК		ОК
					3	= 24VDC	1 2	N/A	N/A	OK	OK		N/A
	vailable for 1-pha			g models		= Available							
400 = 400A	· ·				N/A	= Not avail	able for	these r	models.				
450 = 450A - Not a	vailable for 1-pha	ise, 1 leg mod	els		(12)			itional Wire				
500 = 500A									U-485 Con		dard in all	Mode	ls)
600 = 600A - Not a	vailable for 3-pha	ise, 3 controll	ed leg mod	els -	0			commu	unications o	ption			
700 = 700A - Not a	vailable for 3-pha	ise, 3 controll	ed leg mod	els -	<u>1</u> : 3:		us® TCP						
800 = 800A					 								
1K1 = 1100A						= EtherN							
1K4 = 1400A								log Pot	ransmit (dig	uit 10 opt	ions A or F) and	
1K6 = 1600A									ion (digit 12				ower
1K8 = 1800A						ly is require				,	-,		
2K1 = 2100A					(13)			Data	Logging			
9	Aux	ciliary Power	1		A		a loggi	na	Batu				
		35 to 40A	60 to 800A	1100 to 2100A				<u> </u>	ttery backu	p and rea	l time cloc	k	
1 = 100 or 120V/	AC	OK	OK				00 0		not include	•			e clock.
	0, 230 or 240VAC	OK	OK	OK		Curt				,			
3 = 277VAC		ОК	ОК	N/A	(14)	15 Cust	om op	tions -	Firmware Lock	ed Code	Preset Pa	rameto	ars and
4 = 380, 400, 41	5, 440 or 480VAC	ОК	OK	N/A	AA	= Standa	ard						
5 = 600VAC		OK	OK	N/A	NC	= No IP2	0 cover	s on 11	00A and gre	eater mod	dels		
6 = 690VAC		N/A	OK	N/A	XX	= Conta	ct factor	ry - cust	tom firmwa	re, preset	parameter	s, locke	ed code
Note: For 35A to 800/	,												
voltage. For 1100A to		ie auxiliary po	wer is inde	pendent of									
the switched voltage.													

NOTE! No UL® on 690V models.

Digit 3, Phase

Choose the number of switched legs. Ungrounded-wye and delta loads are most economically controlled with two-leg switching. Grounded-wye and open-delta loads require three-leg switching.

Digits 4 and 5, Maximum Line and Load Voltage

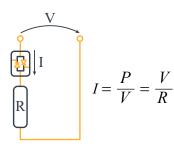
Choose the lowest voltage range that is equal to or greater than the nominal voltage supplied to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller. The actual voltage is specified with digit 9.

Digits 6, 7 and 8, Amperage

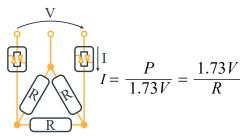
These digits indicate the maximum current that can be switched. Choose a power controller with adequate current capacity for your load. Use one of the formulas below to determine the nominal load current based on the load configuration, the line voltage and the load power or resistance.

In the formulas below:

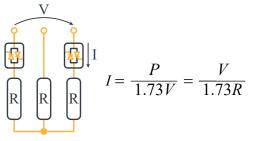
- I is the nominal load current calculated according to the formula
- P is the total power of the load
- *R* is the resistance of each heating element
- V is the nominal voltage supplied to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller (see the 9th digit in the part number) 2-Leg, 3-Phase Resistive Load in Wye Configuration Single Phase Resistive Load

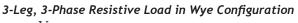


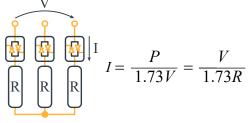
2-Leg, 3-Phase Resistive Load in Delta Configuration



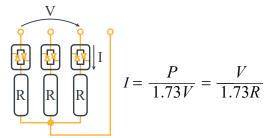
3-Leg, 3-Phase Resistive Load in Grounded Wye Config.



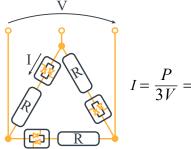




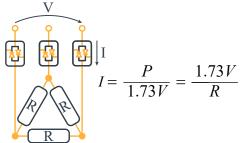
3-Leg, 3-Phase Resistive Load in Delta Configuration



3-Leg, 3-Phase Resistive Load in Open Delta Config.







Digit 9, Auxiliary Power (for Controller Electronics)

Choose the power for the controller electronics. For 35A to 800A models choose the nominal, switched line voltage. For 1100A to 2100A models the auxiliary voltage is independent of the switched voltage. The voltage chosen here must be less than or equal to the Maximum Line and Load Voltage chosen with digits 4 and 5.

Digit 10, Current Limit Loop and Analog Retransmit Output 1*

Choose if the power controller limits current and/or can retransmit load voltage, current, power or measured input. The current limit option is available only with single phase models.

Digit 11, Cooling Fan Voltage

For a 480V or 600V power controller that switches 90A or more and for any 690V power controller, choose the voltage you will supply to power the fans in the ASPYRE DT Power Controller. Other models do not include fans.

Digit 12, Additional Wired Communication Option*

If desired, choose an optional communication port in addition to the EIA-485, Modbus® RTU port that comes standard on all models.

Digit 13, Data Logging Option

Choose whether or not the data logging option is included..

Characters 14 and 15, Custom Options

Choose the desired options or use a factory supplied two-character option.

*If using both analog retransmit (digit 10, options A or D) and additional wired communication (digit 12, options 1 to 5) an external power supply is required.

Features and Benefits

This section provides a high-level overview of the features and benefits of the ASPYRE DT Power Controller.

Heater bakeout

- Protects heater upon start up
- Eliminates labor and time associated with checking for wet heaters

Integrated semiconductor fusing, current transformer and user interface

- Saves installation time and eases setup and commissioning
- Delivers a user-friendly, intuitive interface

Industry-leading design and serviceability

- Offers a robust SCR design to meet a rugged industrial environment's high quality and reliability needs
- Provides quick and easy access to maintain and service fuses and individual legs in minimal time
- Enables fast troubleshooting by providing helpful thermal system diagnostics

Comprehensive power controller range

• Provides wide range of options from simple single phase to complex three-phase loads to 690V

100KA short circuit current rating (SCCR) (has not been reviewed by UL®)

• Minimizes damage in the event of a short circuit

C-UL[®] 508 Listed

• Shortens project schedules, agency testing and expenses

Control modes: contactor, voltage, current or power

• Satisfies a wide range of demanding thermal applications

Load firing modes: zero-cross, burst fire, phase angle, soft start, half-cycle, single-cycle, delayed triggering

- Handles a wide range of load types including nichrome, medium and long waveform infrared lamps, moly, transformers, silicon carbide, UV lamps and tungsten
- Protects and extends the life of connected loads

Wide range of communication protocols

• Enable factory and process automation with connectivity to process and equipment data via Modbus® RTU, Modbus® TCP, EtherNet/IP™, Profibus, Profinet, USB device (configuration and data file transfers)

Open heater and shorted SCR indication

• Minimizes production downtime with easy to understand, intelligent, troubleshooting diagnostics

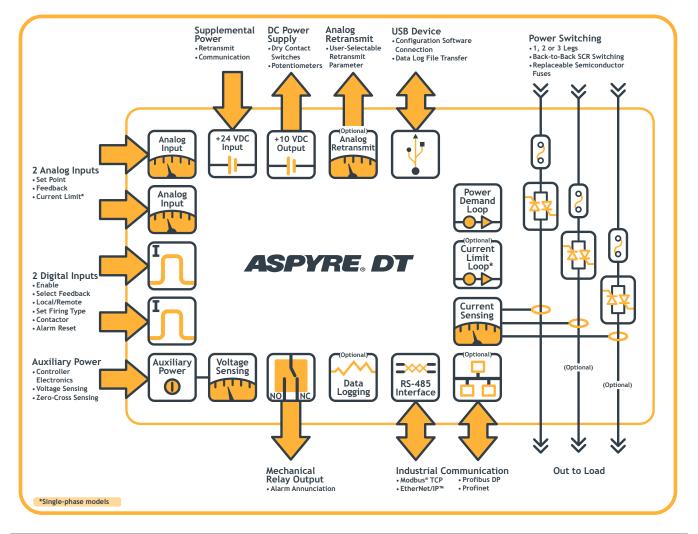
Integrated USB and user interface for configuration

- Easily and safely program configuration settings as the user interface can be powered through USB connection
- Eliminates need to work in a high voltage hazard environment. High voltage to the power controller and system panel can be shut off and locked out for safety while configuring controller.

Product Block Diagram

This diagram represents the features and functions of the ASPYRE DT power controller in a graphical format showing the relationships between various functions. Optional features are indicated.

Product Block Diagram for 35A to 40A Models



2 Installation

WARNING: To avoid damage to property and equipment, injury and loss of life, adhere to applicable electrical codes and standard wiring practices when installing and operating this product. Failure to do so could result in damage, injury and death.

AVERTISSEMENT! Pour éviter d'endommager la propriété et l'équipement, les blessures et la perte de vie, respecter les codes électriques en vigueur et les pratiques de câblage standard au moment de l'installation et de l'utilisation de ce produit. Dans le cas contraire, cela peut entraîner la mort, des blessures graves ou des dommages.

Installing the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller

This chapter provides the information necessary to select and prepare a location and to mount one or more ASPYRE DT power controllers.

Consider the spacing required for power, load, and control signal wiring before mounting the power controller. Take into account the controller dimensions, wire bending radius, and cooling requirements. Use good wiring practices to minimize electrical noise problems.

Peripheral Components

Allow room for fuses and fuse holders for the auxiliary input power and fans (if present).

Mounting Orientation

Mount power controllers vertically to optimize air cooling.

Bend Radius

Allow adequate space to route cables without requiring bending more than permitted for the type of cable.

Environmental Conditions

Mount ASPYRE DT Power Controllers in a suitable electrical enclosure. Allow adequate wire bending space and cooling. The maximum ambient temperature in the enclosure must not exceed 104°F (40°C) to allow switching up to the maximum current indicated on the product label. For higher ambient temperatures see "Current Derating" on page 117.

Ambient Temperature	32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C) or see "Current Derating" on page 117
Storage Temperature	-13° to 158°F (-25° to 70°C)
Installation Location	Install away from direct sun light, conductive dust, corrosive gas, vibration, water and corrosive salts.
Altitude	Up to 6560 feet (2000m) above sea level At altitudes above 3280 feet (1000m) reduce the nominal current by 2% for each 328 feet (100m).
Humidity	From 5 to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing and without ice
Pollution degree	Installation Category III, Pollution degree 2

Cooling Requirements

To maintain the ambient temperature in the enclosure in which the power controller, circuit breakers, fuses and other components are installed, there must be adequate cooling to remove the heat generated by all the devices. The power controllers are designed to be cooled by drawing cool air in from the bottom and expelling heated air at the top. Typically cabinets are designed with one or more fans on the front door or on the top of the enclosure. The designer will need to know the heat generated by the power controller. See the table below.

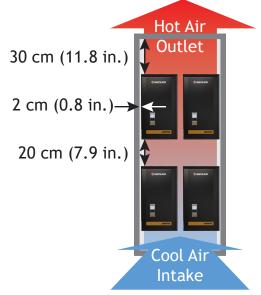
······································					
Model	Current (A)	Switched Legs	Heat Loss (W)		
DT1035	35	1	44		
DT1040	40	1	50		
DT2035	35	2	88		
DT2040	40	2	100		
DT3035	35	3	135		
DT3040	40	3	150		

Total Heat Generated by ASPYRE DT Power Controller

Spacing for Multiple Power Controllers

Maintain the minimum distances as shown in the diagram. When multiple power controllers are mounted side-byside they may be placed as close together as is practical for installation and service.

Power Controller Spacing

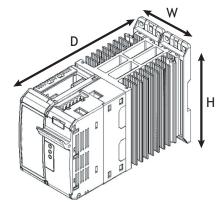


Mounting Dimensions

The power controller may be mounted on a DIN rail or with screws. See the tables and illustrations below for the product dimensions, weight and mounting locations and sizes.

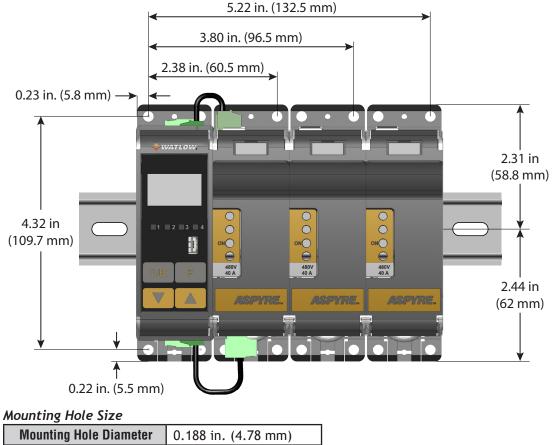
Model	W	H	D	Weight
DT1	2.83 in. 72 mm			2.53 lb. 1.15 kg
DT2	4.25 in. 108 mm	4.75 in. 121 mm	7.29 in. 185 mm	3.87 lb. 1.75 kg
DT3	5.67 in. 144 mm			5.3 lb. 2.4 kg

Power Controller Dimensions and Weight



Dimensions

Mounting Locations



Note! The maximum thickness for the DIN rail is 1mm.

3 Wiring

WARNING: To avoid damage to property and equipment, injury and loss of life, adhere to applicable electrical codes and standard wiring practices when installing and operating this product. Failure to do so could result in damage, injury and death.

WARNING: The installation must be protected by electromagnetic circuit breakers or by fuses. The semiconductor fuses located inside the power controller are classified for UL[®] as supplementary protection for semiconductor devices. They are not approved for branch circuit protection.

AVERTISSEMENT! Pour éviter d'endommager la propriété et l'équipement, les blessures et la perte de vie, respecter les codes électriques en vigueur et les pratiques de câblage standard au moment de l'installation et de l'utilisation de ce produit. Dans le cas contraire, cela peut entraîner la mort, des blessures graves ou des dommages.

AVERTISSEMENT! L'installation doit être protégée par des disjoncteurs électromagnétiques ou des fusibles. Les fusibles pour semi-conducteurs situés à l'intérieur du régulateur de puissance sont classés UL® comme protection supplémentaire pour les dispositifs pour semi-conducteurs. Ils ne sont pas approuvés pour la protection des circuits de dérivation.

Wiring the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller

This chapter describes how to select, prepare and attach power and signal wires to the power controller.

Good Wiring Practices

Follow good wiring practices to minimize the effects of interference from nearby equipment and the line power on the operation of the power controller:

- Install an appropriately sized RC filter across contactor coils, relays and other inductive loads
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables for input, output and communication signals
- Route control and signal cables away from motors and other sources of electromagnetic interference and not parallel to power cables
- Follow all local regulations applicable to electrical installations

/!NOTE: Use only copper cables and wires rated for use at 90°C or greater unless otherwise noted.

REMARQUE : N'utiliser que des câbles et des fils en cuivre pour l'utilisation à 90 °C ou plus, sauf indication contraire.

Wiring Overview Diagrams

The diagrams in this section indicate the locations of the line power, load, earth ground and control signal connections on the power controller.

Single Phase 35A and 40A

Cover Closed





Three-Phase, Two-Leg 35A and 40A

Covers Closed

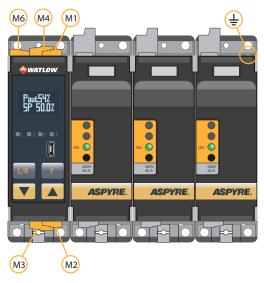


Covers Tipped Forward



Three-Phase, Three-Leg, 35A and 40A

Covers Closed



Covers Tipped Forward



Wire Selection, Prep and Torque

This section lists the recommended wire sizes for line power, load, earth ground and control signal connections. There are also recommendations for insulation stripping and termination torque.

Line Power and Load Wire Size and Termination

	Model	Wire Size	Wire Termination	Temperature Rating
Γ	DT035	16 to 6 AWG (1.5 to 16 mm2)	Bare wire or a UL Listed (ZMVV)	00°C or greater
Γ	DT040	16 to 6 AwG (1.5 to 16 mmz)	spade crimp lug	90°C or greater

Ground Wire Size and Termination

Model	Cable Size	Wire Termination	Temperature Rating
DT035	10 AWG (6 mm2)	UL Listed (ZMVV) ring	75°C or greater
DT040		or spade crimp lug	75 C OF greater

Control and Signal Cable Size

Range: 22 to 14 AWG (0.50 to 1.5 mm²)

Recommended: 18 AWG (0.75 mm²)

Temperature Rating: 75°C or greater

Insulation Stripping and Torque

To insure proper connections, but minimize hazardous exposure of conductors, strip the correct amount of insulation from each cable.

Insulation Stripping

Load & Line Power	Bare wire connection: 0.43 in. (11 mm) Connection with crimp lug: per lug manufacturer
Ground	Per crimp lug requirements
Control and Signal	0.24 in. (6mm)

Control Signal and Ground Torque

Control & Signal	4 inlb. (0.11 Nm)
Ground	31 inlb. (3.5 Nm)

Line Power and Load Torque

Model	Recommended Tool	Proper Torque	
DT035	Straight Shaft #2 Philips Screw Driver.	26.6 in alb. (3.0 Nm)	
DT040			

Opening The Covers

WARNING: To prevent injury and loss of life, shut off power and ensure it cannot be restored while performing work with the covers open or removed.

AVERTISSEMENT : Pour éviter les blessures et les pertes de vie, couper l'alimentation électrique et s'assurer qu'elle ne peut être restaurée pendant l'exécution du travail avec les couvercles ouverts ou enlevés.

To open the front cover to access line power, load and other connections:

- 1. Grip the cover by the handle.
- 2. Pull the cover firmly toward you and down.

Connecting Control Signals

This section shows how to connect control signals to the M1 and M2 terminal strips.

M1 Terminal Connections

M1	Function	Description
10	Analog common (10 & 24VDC)	For analog inputs and retransmit output
11	Factory connection	
12	Factory connection	
13	Factory connection	
14		C (common)
15	Alarm relay	NO (normally open contact)
16		NC (normally closed contact)

M2 Terminal Connections

M2	Function	Description
1	Analog common (10 & 24VDC)	For analog inputs and retransmit output
2	Digital input common	Reference to analog common if necessary
3	Digital input 2	
4	Digital input 1	
5	Analog input 1+	Set point signal input
6	Analog common (10 & 24VDC)	For analog inputs and retransmit output
7	+10V power supply	For digital inputs and potentiometer
8	Not used	
9	Not used	

M3 Terminal Connections

	M3	Function	Description
	A+	Dort 1 Modbue® DTU DC 495	Connect to B+ on USB-to-485 adapter
Γ	B-	Port 1 Modbus [®] RTU RS-485	Connect to A- on USB-to-485 adapter

M4 Terminal Connections

M4	Function	Description
L1	Auxiliary power input	Line 1
-	Not used	
L2/N	Auxiliary power input	Line 2 or neutral (DT1 models)

M6Terminal Connections

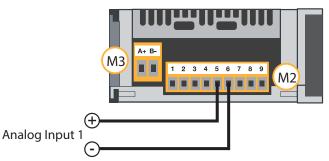
M6	Function	Description	
17	24VDC power input	Supplemental power for Ethernet switch and applications that use both analog retransmit and the second communication port.	
18	Analog common (10 & 24VDC)	For analog inputs and retransmit output	
19	Analog input 2+	Alternate set point, external feedback or current limit (DT1)	
20	Retransmit output+		

Set Point (Analog Input 1)

To control the power to the load with a device such as a temperature controller, connect the control signal to analog input 1.

This input accepts current (0 to 20mADC, 4 to 20mADC), voltage (0 to 10VDC) and potentiometer (0 to 10,000 Ω) signals. Configure the power controller to recognize the signal on the hardware menu; see "Analog In 1 [Signal Type]" on page 49.

Analog Input 1 Wiring on M2 Terminals (Bottom View)



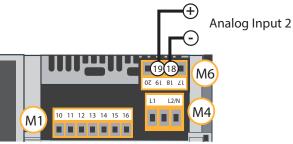
Set Point, Feedback or Current Limit (Analog Input 2)

What this input does is user-configurable. Connect an ana- Analog Input 2 Wiring on M6 Terminals (Top View) log signal that indicates:

- An alternate set point signal
- Measured power, voltage or current for use as feedback
- In models with the current limit option: the maximum current to the load (current limit set point)

This input accepts current (0 to 20mADC, 4 to 20mADC), voltage (0 to 10VDC) and potentiometer (0 to 10,000 Ω) signals. Configure the power controller to recognize the signal and how the power controller uses it on the hardware

menu; see "Analog In 2 [Signal Type]" on page 50 and "Analog In 2 Function" on page 50.



Configurable Digital Inputs (Digital Input 1 and Digital Input 2)

What these inputs do is user-configurable. Connect digital signals to:

- Enable the power controller to output power to the load
- Change the feedback to voltage
- Change whether the local or remote set point is used
- Change the firing type to phase angle

Configure how the power controller uses these signals on the hardware menu; see "Digital In 1 Function" on page 52 and "Digital In 2 Function" on page 53.

<u>/!</u>NOTE! If you use the +10VDC power supply to provide the input signal, connect the 10VDC common (M2 terminal 1) to the digital input common (M2 terminal 2).

Alarm Relay

Connect to the relay contacts so that alarms in the power controller can be detected or enunciated by external devices. Configure which alarms cause the relay to energize with the hardware menu; see "Alarm Function" on page 49.

The alarm relay can switch resistive loads for up to 1A at 30VDC or 0.5A at 125VAC.

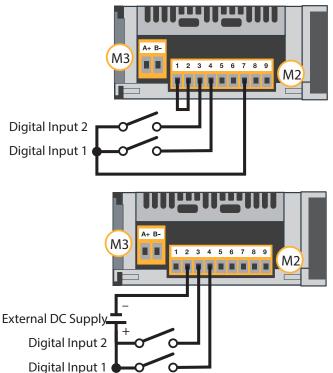
Retransmit Option

Connect the analog output to an external device so it can monitor or record set point, current, voltage, or actual power.

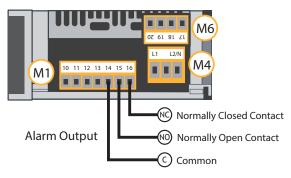
Which data is retransmitted and the scaling of the output are user-configurable on the hardware menu; See "Retransmit (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61 "Retransmit Type (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61 "Retransmit Scale (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61.

If using the retransmit feature and any Ethernet protocol or Profibus, connect an external power supply to the supplemental 24VDC input.

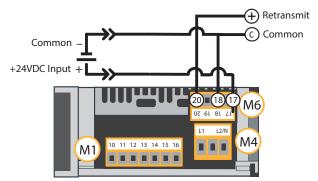
Digital Input Wiring on M2 Terminals (Bottom Views)



Alarm Wiring on M1 Terminals (Top View)



Supplemental 24 VDC Input Retransmit Output Wiring on M6 Terminals (Top View)



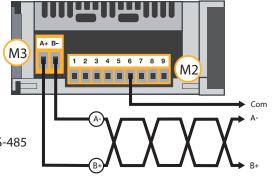
Watlow - ASPYRE® DT 35A to 40A Power Controller • 24 •

Communication Connections

All models include one RS-485 communication port. Some models include a second communication port. Connect these ports to allow other equipment to monitor, operate or configure the power controller. The communication protocols have adjustable software settings on the Communication menu see "Menu Listing" on page 33.

Connect the RS-485 communication common to any analog common terminal.

RS-485



RS-485, Modbus RTU Wiring on M3 Terminals (Bottom View)

For Ethernet protocols the two RJ-45 connectors

act as a switch allowing multiple ASPYRE DT or other devices to be "daisy-chained" or connected in series. If you have not already done so, connect an external power supply to the supplemental 24VDC input to power this switch even when the normal auxiliary power source to the ASPYRE DT is turned off.

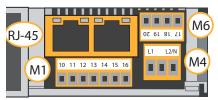
Accessing the Optional Second Communication Port

The location of the optional second communication port, if present is dependent on the communication option.

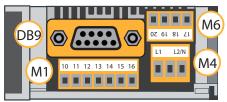
Communication Options

Model	Model Communication Option		Connector Location
DT	No additional port	N/A	N/A
DT	Modbus® TCP (Ethernet) RJ-45 Top, r		Top, next to M1
DT3	Profibus DP	DB9	
DT4	Profinet	RJ-45	Top, next to M1
DT5	EtherNet/IP™	RJ-45	

Port 2 Ethernet (Top View)



Port 2 Profibus DP (Top View)

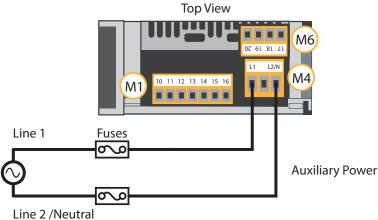


Connecting the Auxiliary Power

The auxiliary power input supplies the Auxiliary Power Input on M4 Terminals (Top View) controller's electronics. The voltage supplied at M4 terminal L1 must be synchronized with the phase that is connected to the L1 line power terminal. The auxiliary voltage is indicated on the product identification label and encoded in the part number as the *auxiliary power* (character 9).

Install fuses on each hot leg (not required for single-phase neutral). Use 2A class CC fuses rated for 600VAC similar to Bussman LP-CC Series.

The maximum current draw for the auxiliary power is 8VA.



Wiring the Line Power and Load

Line Power Connection Locations

The following illustrations indicate how to connect line power and loads.

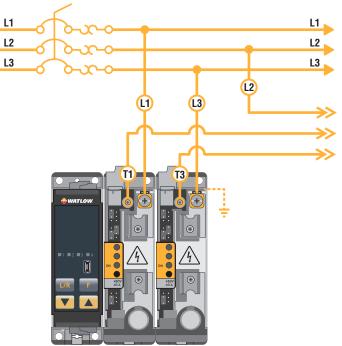
Single-Phase Line Power and Load Wiring



Three-Phase, Two-Leg Load Wiring Configurations

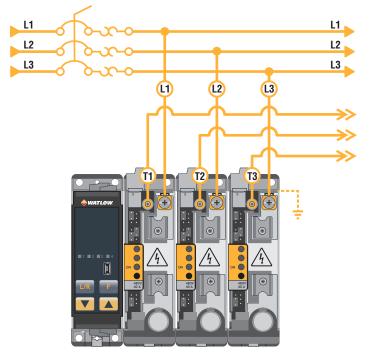
Delta	Wye

Three-Phase. Two-Leg Line Power and Load Wiring



Watlow - ASPYRE® DT 35A to 40A Power Controller • 26 •

Three-Phase, Three Leg Line Power and Load Wiring



Three-Phase, Three-Leg Load Wiring Configurations

Delta	Open Delta	Wye	Grounded Wye

4 Initial Setup

This chapter provides the information necessary to begin using your ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.

The procedures below call for setting and verifying parameter settings. These parameters can be set via the control panel or using the ASPYRE Configurator software. To learn more about how to use the control panel to access and set parameters on the menus; see "Menu Navigation" on page 32.

Using the ASPYRE Configurator Software

The power controller can be set up and monitored via the menus using the on-board keypad and display or using a computer running the ASPYRE Configurator software. The ASPYRE Configurator software is available on the Watlow website.

To use the software:

- 1. Download and run the ASPYRE Configurator software installation file and follow the on-screen instructions.
- 2. Connect a USB cable (Watlow p/n 0219-0480-0000) between a USB host port on the computer and the micro USB port on the front of the ASPYRE DT Power Controller.
- 3. Wait for the Communication port installation to complete.
- 4. Launch the ASPYRE Configurator software
- 5. From the **Setting** menu, choose **Serial Port**.
- 6. Choose the Communication port and click OK.
- 7. For a single-phase model select ASPYRE or for a 2-leg or 3-leg model, select ASPYRE 3PH.
- 8. Click Upload from unit.
- 9. Click Read.
- 10. In the Selection list under power controller click the menu to access.

Configuring the ASPYRE DT Power Controller

The ASPYRE DT power controller includes many advanced features. You can learn more about these in the *Features* chapter of the manual. In order to get the optimum performance in your application, be sure to verify or adjust these settings before beginning operation:

Initial setup:

- 1. Nominal current and voltage
- 2. Firing type
- 3. Feedback type
- 4. Input for power request / set point
- 5. Enable input, if used
- 6. Current limit (DT1 models), if used

ASPYRE Configurator Software



Set Nominal Current and Voltage

In order for the power controller to function correctly, set the nominal line voltage and load current. To calculate the nominal load current see "Digits 6, 7 and 8, Amperage" on page 13. Otherwise it can be determined empirically after completing the installation and other setup steps by applying 100% power and measuring the resulting current.

	On this menu	set this parameter	to the
1	Setup	Nominal V	nominal line voltage (RMS)
2	Setup	Nominal I	nominal current (RMS) in each leg of the load at 100% power

Set the Firing Type

Choose the firing type in order to optimize the performance of the load.

On this menu	set this parameter	to the
Adv Setup	Firing	type of power switching appropriate for your load

Also on the Adv Setup menu set the parameters that adjust the behavior of the firing type you chose.

For	set this parameter	to the		
Phase Angle Soft Start	Soft Start	amount of time for the output to ramp to the set point		
Burst Fire Start Ramp	Start Ramp	number of half cycles over which each burst should ramp		
Burst Fire Burst Fire Start Ramp Burst Fire Delay Trigger BF Strt Rmp Delay Trigger	Min Cycles	fewest number of cycles the output should be on or off		
Burst Fire Delay Trigger	Delay	firing delay from zero cross in degrees		
BF Strt Rmp Delay Trigger	Half Cycles to Delay	number of half-cycles to which to apply the delayed firing		
Zero Crossing	Cycle Time	duration of each on-off cycle		
Half Cycle Safety Ramp	Safety Ramp Du- ration	amount of time for the output to ramp to the set point		
	Safety Ramp Off Time	minimum amount of off-time before ramping is needed		

Set the Feedback

Choose the variable to use for feedback to optimize the performance of the application.

On this menu	set this parameter	to the
Adv Setup	Feedback	type of measured feedback appropriate for your application

Configure the Input for Power Demand / Set Point

The signal to analog input 1 indicates the desired percent of full output the power control should deliver to the load.

Configure the power request / set point signal:

On this menu	set this parameter	to the type of signal and range	
		0-10 V / 10k pot (0 to 10 VDC or potentiometer)	
Hardware		4-20mA (4 to 20 mADC)	
		0-20mA (0 to 20 mADC)	

 \mathbb{N} **NOTE!** This procedure assumes the analog input signal wiring, if used has been connected and that the signal can be set to various values as needed to perform the procedure. See "Set Point" on page 62.

Configure the Enable Input

By default digital input 2 is used to enable the power controller. If the function of either digital input is set to *Enable*, the power controller will supply power to the load only when a signal is supplied at the digital input. To verify that digital input 2 is configured to enable the power controller:

- On the Hardware menu verify that Digital In 2 Function is set to Enable.
- Connect and supply the signal to turn the *Enable* input on, if used.
- See "Configurable Digital Inputs (Digital Input 1 and Digital Input 2)" on page 24 for istructions on connecting a signal "Digital In 1 Function" on page 52 and "Digital In 2 Function" on page 53 for information about using the digital inputs.

NOTE! If the power controller is used to switch power on and off simply following an on-off or time proportioned signal, that signal can be connected to the enable input and the set point can be set to 100%.

Configure the Current Limit

For models with this option the current limit feature prevents the current from exceeding the user-set current limit. As the current approaches the limit, the power controller decreases its output to avoid exceeding the current limit. The current limit set point can be set with the *I Limit* parameter or by an analog input.

CAUTION: This procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.

CAUTION: This procedure requires turning on full power to the load. This should only be performed once the installation is complete and when it is safe to provide full power.

ATTENTION : Cette procédure ne doit être effectuée que par le personnel qualifié.

ATTENTION : Cette procédure nécessite la mise sous tension totale de la charge. Cela ne doit être effectué qu'une fois l'installation terminée et lorsque la puissance maximale peut être fournie en toute sécurité. To limit the current using the parameter setting:

- 1. On the Hardware menu set I Limit Local / Remote to Local.
- 2. On the Operator menu set I Limit to 0%.
- 3. Enable the power controller and set the power demand set point to 100%.
- 4. Gradually increase the current limit set point until the RMS current is at the maximum desired value.
- 5. Disable the power controller.

To limit the current using the signal to analog input 2:

1. On the *Hardware* menu set *Analog In* 2 for the type of signal and range:

0 to 10 VDC or 10k potentiometer	0-10 V / 10k
4 to 20 mADC	4-20mA
0 to 20 mADC	0-20mA

- 2. On the Hardware menu set the Analog In 2 Function to I Limit.
- 3. On the Hardware menu set the I Limit Local / Remote to Analog In 2.
- 4. Set the signal to the analog input to the minimum value (typically 0 V).
- 5. Enable the power controller and set the power demand / set point to 100%.
- 6. Gradually increase the signal to the analog input until the RMS current is at the maximum desired value.
- 7. Disable the power controller.

/!\NOTE! this procedure assumes the analog input signal wiring, if used has been connected and that the signal can be set to various values as needed to perform the procedure. See "Set Point, Feedback or Current Limit (Analog Input 2)" on page 23.

5 Operation

This chapter describes how to operate the controller using its control panel interface, how to access and navigate the menus and how to interpret the indicators and alarm messages.

Control Panel

The control panel is located on the front of the power controller. The display indicates the alarms, input and output signals, and by navigating the menus with the keypad, provides access to the configuration parameters.



Output Current RMS



Output Voltage (RMS)



Output Power (Average)



Alarms

On the	On the home page the keys are used as follows:			
	Press	to		
F	Function	Scroll through the parameters on the home page		
L/R	Local / Remote	Switch between local and remote set point for power demand		
	Up	Increment power demand set point when set to local		
	Down	Decrement power demand set point when set to local		
L/R +	F	Press and hold for about two seconds to access the menus		

To view the status parameters:

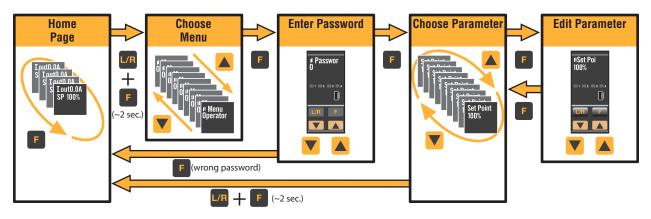
• Press function **F** once to advance from one parameter to the next

To set the set point locally:

- 1. Press local / remote L/R (Note: indicator 1 flashes steadily when set point is set locally.)
- 2. Use the up \blacktriangle and/or down \bigtriangledown keys to set the local set point.

Menu Navigation

The menus are accessible using the control panel keypad and display.



To access a menu and edit a setting:

- 1. Press and hold local / remote and function together L/R + F until the upper display flashes Menu.
- 2. Press up \blacktriangle to choose the menu. (Press down \blacksquare if you overshoot the menu you want.)
- 3. Press function **F** to advance to the password prompt.
- 4. Use up \blacktriangle and/or down \bigtriangledown to set the password (see the table).
- 5. Press function **F** to enter the password and advance to the first parameter on the menu.
- 6. Press up \blacktriangle to advance to the next parameter and repeat to reach the desired parameter.
- 7. Press function **F** to start editing the parameter. The parameter name flashes in the upper display.
- 8. Use up \blacktriangle and/or down \bigtriangledown to change the parameter setting.
- 9. Press function **F** to stop editing the parameter. The parameter name stops flashing.
- 10. Press and hold local / remote and function together L/R + F for about two seconds to exit the menus.

Menu	Password	Parameters Used To		
Operator	0	View measured values and basic settings including current, voltage and set point		
Setup	2	Configure the power controller for the load		
Adv Setup	10	Configure power switching, closed-loop control of power and adjustable settings fo data logging and heater bakeout		
Hardware	5	Configure the functions of the analog and digital inputs and outputs, and the re- transmission parameters		
Comm	3	Configure communication parameters		
Monitor	0	View the states of digital inputs, values of analog inputs and information about the power controller such as serial number and software version		

Menu Listing

The table below lists the parameters found on each menu. See "Parameter Reference" on page 49 for descriptions and the other details of each parameter.

Operator	Setup	Advanced Setup	Hardware	Communication	Monitor
Set Point	Out Scale	Firing	Analog In 1	Port 1 Baud	Digital In 1
V Output	I Limit ²	Min Cycles	Analog In 2	Port 1 Address	Digital In 2
I Output	Nominal V	Soft Start	Analog In 2 Function	Port 2 Address	Enable
Leg 1 I Output ¹	Nominal I	Safety Ramp Off Time	Digital In 1 Function	Port 2 Access	Set Point Source
Leg 2 I Output ¹	Soft Start	Safety Ramp Duration	Digital In 2 Function	Watchdog	Analog In 1
Leg 3 I Output ¹	Remote SP	Start Ramp	Alarm Function	Watchdog Reset Time	Analog In 2
Power		Delay	I Limit Local / Remote ²	Ethernet Address ³	Version
V Input		Half Cycle Delay ²	Retransmit ³	Ethernet Subnet ³	Release
Frequency		Cycle Time	Retransmit Scale ³	Ethernet Gateway ³	Unit Type
Power Factor		Feedback	Retransmit Type ³		Max Voltage
Load Ω		Prop Band Power	Startup Display		Max Current
l Limit ²		Integral Power			Aux Voltage
Out Scale		Prop Band Current ²			Serial Number
Nominal V		Integral Current ²			SCR Temperature
Nominal I		Htr Break Sensitivity			MM/DD/YY ³
Model		Htr Break Delay			HH:MM:SS ³
		Logging			kW Real Time
		Logging Interval			kW Total
		Heater Bakeout ²			kVA Real Time
		Bakeout Ramp Time ²			Thermal Alarm Counter
		Bakeout Current ²			
		Bakeout Off Time ²			
		Load Type ¹			

Shaded items are read only.

¹DT2 and DT3 models

²DT1 models with the current limit option

³Models with corresponding options (retransmit, Ethernet, and/or real-time clock)

Indicators (LEDs)

The indicators on the control panel and on each power leg module show the state of the power controller.

		Less (Demote	Flashing	Power output set locally or via Communication
WATLOW	1	Local/Remote	Off	Power output set remotely (via analog input)
	2	Enable	On	Output enabled
Pout54% SP 50.0%	2		Off	Output disabled
	3	Communication	Flashing	Active communication on the primary serial port or USB port.
L/R F 480V	4	Alarm	On	Active alarm
ASPYRE.			Off	No alarm
	ON	Output On	On	Power on to the load
			Off	Power off to the load

Alarms and Messages

The power controller display indicates certain modes of operation and alarms by flashing a message on the top display.

Alarm or Message	DT1	DT2	DT3	Description
Aux High	Х	Х	Х	Aux voltage too high
Aux Line Loss	Х	Х	Х	Auxiliary power is not detected
Aux Low	Х	Х	Х	Aux voltage too low
Bakeout	Х			Heater bakeout function is active
Heater Break	Х	Х	Х	Heater break alarm
l Limit	Х			Output reduced by current limit feature
SD Card Error	Х	Х	Х	SD card error
SCR Short	Х	Х	Х	Shorted SCR causing output to be on continuously
SCR Over Temp	Х	Х	Х	Thermal switch over temperature
Unbalance Load		Х	Х	One or more legs of the load are open
Watchdog	Х	Х	х	Watchdog error for the primary serial port and USB communication.

6 Using ASPYRE[®] Configurator

This chapter explains how to use the ASPYRE Configurator software as an alternative to using the power controller's keypad and display for viewing and setting parameters as well as the advanced features not available via the power controller's onboard user interface.

Overview

This section describes the scope and intent of the ASPYRE Configurator software.

Typical Uses

The software may be used during commissioning to set and make a record of settings that determine how the power controller operates and performs; to copy or clone the setup of one power controller to another; on a day-to-day basis to monitor operation and power usage; if necessary, to examine performance in more detail to determine if any corrective actions are needed; or to restore the setup of the power controller.

Communicating with Power Controllers

ASPYRE Configurator software can communicate with ASPYRE DT Power Controllers via USB or RS-485. When initially commissioning the power controller it is convenient to connect a computer to the power controller via the USB port located below the control panel's display. The power controller's electronics are powered by the computer via the USB connection when the auxiliary line power is turned off. This makes it possible to examine and configure the power controller's settings prior to applying power to the panel.

USB is designed to connect consumer electronics and peripheral devices such as cameras and keyboards to computers in home and office environments; it is not an industrial Communication protocol. To continue communicating once the panel door is closed and line power is on, connect the computer to the power controller via the RS-485 Communication port. See "Communication Connections" on page 25.

Recipes

A recipe is a computer file which contains a setting for each user adjustable parameter in a power controller. A recipe can be used to configure a power controller for a particular application or job. A recipe can be used to copy the settings of one power controller to another. A recipe can be created by uploading the settings from a power controller to the ASPYRE Configurator software and saving it as a file on the computer. A power controller can be configured by downloading a saved recipe from the ASPYRE Configurator software to the power controller.

How To

This section provides step-by-step procedures for common tasks.

Communicate For the First Time

These procedures are for installing the software and establishing Communication for the first time.

To install ASPYRE Configurator:

- 1. Download the installer from the ASPYRE DT power controller page at www.watlow.com.
- 2. Double-click the installer program.
- 3. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation.

To communicate with a power controller:

- 1. For the direct USB connection:
- Connect the USB cable (Watlow p/n 0219-0480-0000) between the computer and the micro USB connector between the display and keypad on the ASPYRE DT power controller's control panel.
- Wait for the USB driver to install, if necessary.
- 2. For an RS-485 connection:
- Connect the computer to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller. See "Communication Connections" on page 25. For most computers a USB-to-485 converter is required (Watlow p/n 0847-0326-0000).
- 3. Launch the ASPYRE Configurator software.
- 4. Select:
- ASPYRE DT to communicate with a single-phase power controller
- ASPYRE DT 3PH to communicate with a threephase power controller (two or three switched legs)
 5. From the Setting menu, choose Serial Port.
- 6. For Part, select the CON part that is connected.
- 6. For Port, select the COM port that is connected to the power controller (see the note below).
- 7. To verify Communication, click Test.
- 8. Click OK.

NOTE! There are several ways to determine which port is connected to the power controller. You can

look in the Windows® Device Manager under Ports (COM & LPT) for the COM port named "LPC USB VCOM Port (COMx)" where x is the port number. You can also disconnect the USB cable from the computer, run ASPYRE Configurator and note the ports available in the list on the Serial Port dialog, then close ASPYRE Configurator, reconnect the USB cable and run the program again; the port that did not appear previously is the correct one.

Using ASPYRE Configurator

These procedures are for using the software once communication has been set up. They assume the software has been installed and the COM port and model type (ASPYRE DT or

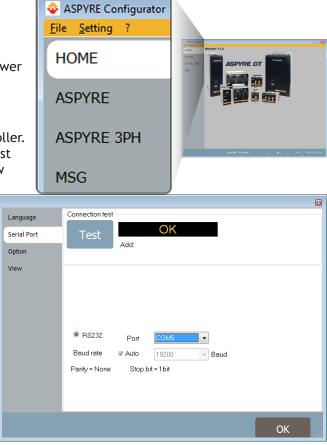
ASPYRE DT 3PH) have already been selected.

To view or save a power controller's settings using the Simple view:

- 1. Click Simple, if not already on the simple view.
- 2. Click Upload from unit.
- 3. Set the address, if necessary.
- 4. Click **READ**.
- 5. Wait for the software to read the parameter settings.
- 6. Click OK.
- 7. If desired, to save the settings in a recipe file:
- Click Save.
- Name the recipe.
- Click Save

 $/! \ NOTE!$ In the simple view, the parameter values are only

read from the power controller when the user uploads the settings. Changes to parameter values are only set in the controller when the user downloads the settings.





To edit a setting in a recipe:

- 1. Click Simple, if not already on the simple view.
- 2. Click Open existing recipe.
- 3. Locate and select the recipe file and click Open.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Click the menu with the setting you want to change (Setup, Advanced setup, Hardware or Communication).
- 6. Select the value you want to change.
- 7. Edit the value with the increment and decrement buttons in the field or type the new value and press the Enter key.
- 8. Repeat steps 5 to 7 for all the changes you want to make.
- 9. To save the settings in a recipe file:

Click Save. Name the recipe. Click Save.

To download a recipe file into a power controller:

- 1. Click **Simple**, if not already on the Simple view.
- 2. Click Open existing recipe.
- 3. Locate and select the recipe file and click Open.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Click Download to unit.
- 6. Set the address, if necessary.
- 7. Click SEND.
- Wait for the software to write the parameter settings.
- 9. Click OK.

To monitor a power controller with the Test view:

- 1. Click Test, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Connect.

To log in on the test view to change the digital input and analog input functions:

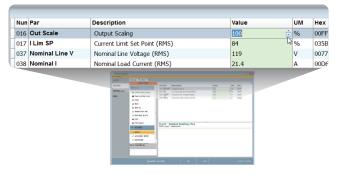
- 1. Click the Access Level value (zero when logged out).
- 2. Type the password: 1111.
- 3. Click OK.

To log out the test view:

- 1. Click the Access Level value.
- 2. Click Log out.
- 3. Click OK.

To view data on the scope:

- 1. Click Test, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Connect.



Download Actu	al Recipe	
Address	Download Function: This function writes in power controller all parameters that are included in a recipe. To Download click on "Send" on the left side. Address: It is used to set the address of the unit To set address write the number or click on the arrow	
CANCEL		



3. Click Load Analyzer.

- 4. For each of up to three channels (Ch 1 to Ch 3):
- With PV1 choose the value to monitor
- Select Show.
- Click the color swatch to change the color
- Click the button to turn the channel on.

To reset the power totals:

- 1. Click **Test**, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Connect.
- 3. Click Reset Totals.
- 4. Click Yes.

To view the wave form (single-phase models only):

- 1. Click Test, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Connect.
- 3. Click Load Analyzer.
- 4. Click Live!.
- 5. Select Enable.

See "Live! Scope" on page 45

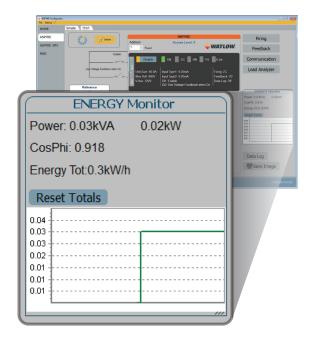
Setting Up and Using Data Logging

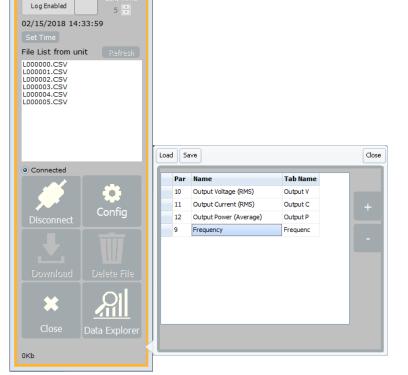
To set up data logging:

- 1. Click Test, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Connect.
- 3. Click Data Log.
- 4. In the Data Log window ensure the slider is set to Log Enabled.
- 5. Click Set Time.
- 6. Set the date and time and close the date/ time window.
- 7. Set Log Time to the number of seconds between records.
- 8. Click Connect.
- 9. Click Config.
- 10. For up to ten parameters to log:
- Click + to add a parameter to the list
- In a row in the list either: Type a parameter's Modbus[®] address in the Par field OR

Select the parameter from the drop down list in the Name field

- 11. Click Save to send the parameter list to the controller
- 12. Click OK when prompted that the download is complete.





- - X

🕹 Data Log

- 13. Click Close.
- 14. Click Disconnect.
- 15. Close the Data Log window.

To retrieve a data log file from the power controller:

- 1. Click Test, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Connect.
- 3. Click Data Log.
- 4. Click Connect.
- 5. Select a file from the list.
- 6. Click Download.
- 7. Select a location and click Save.
- 8. Wait for the file to download. The progress is indicated at the bottom of the Data Log window.
- 9. Click OK when prompted that the download is complete.
- 10. To delete the log file from the controller memory, if desired, click Delete File.
- 11. Click Disconnect.
- 12. Close the Data Log window.

To view a data log file after downloading it:

- 1. Click Test, if not already on the test view.
- 2. Click Data Log.
- 3. Click Data Explorer.
- 4. Click Open.
- 5. Locate and open the data log file.
- 6. If desired, click Graph to view the data on a graph.

Log Enabled 02/15/2018 14: Set Time File List from ur		Ope), en						
		Data		Graph					
		SysTick	Vout	Iout	Power	Status	SetPoint	ResLoad	-
		00001	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	1 🗆
		00002	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00003	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00004	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00005	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	1
		00006	000.0	000.0	000	000	050.0	021.11	
		00007	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	1
		00008	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00009	000.0	000.0	000	000	050.0	021.11	
		00010	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
Connect		00011	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00012	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00013	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00014	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00015	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
	_	00016	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00017	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00018	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00019	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
Close	Data Explorer	00020	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00021	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	۰.

Reference

This section provides explanations of the features found in the ASPYRE Configurator Software.

Program Window

Main Menu

Access these menus.

File menu

• Exit—close the program

Setting menu

- Language—open the Settings dialog to the language section
- Serial Port-open the Settings dialog to the serial port section
- Option—open the Settings dialog to the options section

? (Help) menu

- Message Log-opens the message view
- About-displays the About dialog with the program name and version and Watlow contact information

View Selector

Select the view to use:

- HOME-the default view
- ASPYRE-access the Simple and Test views for a single-phase power controller
- ASPYRE 3PH-access the Simple and Test views for a three-phase power controller
- MSG-use the tools for monitoring and analyzing serial communication between the computer and the power controller.

Status Bar

Indicates information such as time and date, Communication port and baud rate.

Simple View

Use this view to create, save, upload and download recipes. A recipe is a set of parameter settings saved in a file. You can also use this view to see the settings in a controller.

Access this view by selecting ASPYRE DT for a single-phase power controller or ASPYRE DT 3PH for a three-phase power controller and clicking the Simple tab below the main menu, if not already selected.

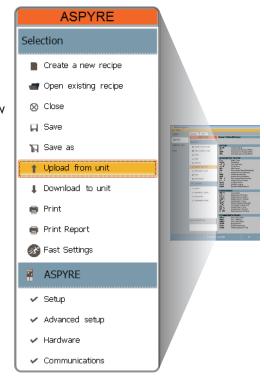
NOTE! The parameter values are not updated continuously. They are read only when you upload them from the power controller.

Click one of these options to open or create a recipe:

- Create a New recipe—create a recipe file with the standard default settings
- Open existing recipe-open a previously saved recipe file
- Upload from unit—create a new recipe with the settings of the currently connected power controller

Click one of these options to manipulate the recipe:





- Close-close the recipe
- Save-save the recipe in a file
- Save as-save a copy of the recipe in a file
- **Download to unit**—set the parameters in the currently connected power controller to the values in the recipe
- Print-print the recipe (see sample at left)
- Print report-print the recipe (see sample at left)
- Fast Settings-opens the setup wizard

Click a parameter menu to edit the corresponding parameters:

- Setup
- Advanced setup
- Hardware
- Communication

Click a parameter's value to alter it.

/!\NOTE! Changes to the values here affect the open recipe only. To apply these changes to the power controller settings, download them to the power controller using the Download to unit option.

Test View

Use this view to monitor and adjust the operation of the power controller while communicating with it in real time.

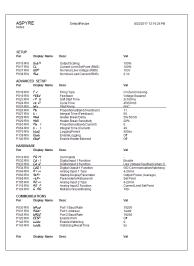
Access this view by selecting ASPYRE for a single-phase power controller or ASPYRE 3PH for a three-phase power controller and clicking the Test tab below the main menu, if not already selected.

Use these features to communicate with a power controller:

- Communication status indicator-sweeps clockwise when the software is communicating with a power controller and data is updating continuously
- Connect/Disconnect button—click to start or stop communication updates with the power controller
- Address selector—set the address of the power controller
- Access Level—click the value to log in or out. Password is "1111".
- Fast Tune-when logged in, click to open the Fast Tune window.
- Port 2-set whether the secondary port is used only to read data or to read and write data.

Configure and Monitor Digital Inputs

- Digital input states and functions-show whether each input detects an open or closed circuit and the function the input performs
- Digital Input States and Function Selectors—set the function for each digital input. Click DI1 or DI2 to expand the options.



Nun Par	Description	Value	UM
016 Out Scale	Output Scaling	100	÷ %
	Current Limit Set Point (RMS)	84	13 %
017 Lim SP 037 Nominal Line V	Nominal Line Voltage (RMS)	119	V
038 Nominal I	Nominal Load Current (RMS)	21.4	A
	Implementation None Market Market <th< th=""><th>Vite Vite <th< th=""><th></th></th<></th></th<>	Vite Vite <th< th=""><th></th></th<>	
	u te Vera Vera Vera Vera Vera Vera Vera Ver	aa (Jaac) (197	
, S ³ Online	Address		SPYRE ss Level: 1
		Fa	st Tune
E.	-oo Enable	Input 1	с н
Use Voltage Feedback whe	Digital Use Voltage Feed	Input 2 back when On	-:0mA :0mA
			o Eoodbar
		MATLOW MATLOW Definition Communication Communication Communication Definition Definition Definition Definition Definition	o Eoodhar
		WATLOW Feedback Communication L. Load Analyzer Data Log	e Foodbar

Status and Setup Indicators

- Digital input status—illuminated when the input detects a closed circuit
- Enable indicator—illuminated when the power controller is enabled
- Enable/Disable button—click to enable the power controller if a digital input is not configured for this function
- ON indicator—illuminated when there is demand for the output to be on
- SC indicator—illuminated when there is a shorted SCR error
- HB indicator—illuminated when there is a heater break error
- TH indicator-illuminated when the heat sink is over temperature
- I Lim indicator-illuminated when the current being called for exceeds the current limit setting
- Unit Size-indicates the maximum rated current of the power controller
- Max Volt-indicates the maximum rated voltage for the power controller
- V Aux-indicates the voltage the auxiliary input is configured to use for powering the electronics
- Input Type1-indicates the type of signal analog input 1 is set to measure
- Input Type2-indicates the type of signal analog input 2 is set to measure
- DI1-indicates digital input 1's function
- DI2-indicates digital input 2's function
- S.N.-indicates the power controller's serial number
- Ver.-indicates the version of the power controller's firmware
- Rel.-indicates the release date (year and week) of the power controller's firmware
- Firing-indicates the firing type the power controller is set to use
- Feedback-indicates the type of feedback the power controller is set to use
- Data Log-indicates whether or not data is being logged by the power controller

 \mathbb{N} **NOTE!** The data log indicator appears whether or not the connected power controller has the data logging option.

Setup Options

- Firing-view and set the firing type and the associated parameters
- Feedback-view and set what is used for feedback
- Communication—view and set the options for the communication ports and protocols
- Load Analyzer-view the graphing utility
- Data Log-use to configure the data logging feature if present and retrieve data logs



Disable
Unit Size: 35.0A
Max Volt: 480V
V Aux: 120V
V Line: 480V
V Line: 480V
Unit Size: 5.N: 0045678-1234567 Ver:1440 Rel:1849

Configure and Monitor Analog Inputs

- Analog Input 1-click Ai 1 to view the signal type
- Input button (Local/Remote set point source selector)—click to toggle between using the signal received at analog input 1 (remote) or the slider (local) to set the set point.
- Set Point—drag the slider, click the increment (+) or decrement (-) buttons or click one of the three percentages (0%, 50% or 100%) to set the set point when the set point source is set to local.
- Analog Input 2-click Ai 2 to view the signal type and function

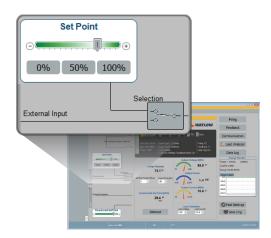
Configure and Monitor Power

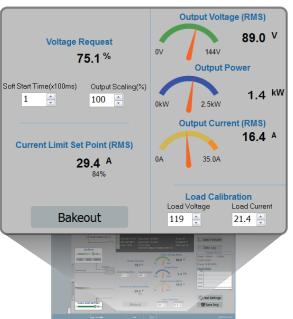
- Voltage/Power/Current Request—indicates the set point signal received via analog input 1 as a percent of full scale or as set with the reference slider. Note that the label on this parameter depends on the feedback setting.
- Soft Start Time—indicates the time over which set point changes are ramped
- Output Scaling—indicates the scaling applied to the set point signal before it is used by the control loop
- Output Voltage (RMS), Output Power (RMS) and Output Current (RMS) indicators—indicates the RMS current, RMS voltage and RMS power output by the power controller
- Current Limit Set Point (RMS)—indicates the current limit set point
- Bakeout button—click to view and set the heater bakeout feature options
- Load Calibration—set or view the nominal line voltage and nominal load current settings for the application.

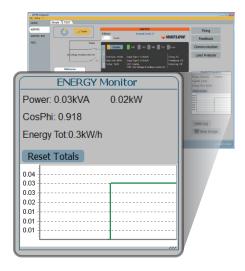
NOTE! The Load Calibration settings, Load Voltage and Load Current define 100% power for the load.

Energy Monitor and Other Test View Features

- Energy Monitor-indicates power, power factor and energy usage over time which may be reset with the Reset Totals button.
- Fast Settings—opens the setup wizard.
- Save Image—click to save a JPEG file with an image of the test view.







Alarm Output

- HB-heater break alarm
- SC—short circuit alarm
- I Lim-output reduced by current limit feature
- Comms W.D.-communication watchdog error and (Primary and USB port)
- Thermal-over temperature error
- HB Sens-heater break sensitivity
- HB Delay-heater delay

Retransmission

- Configuration—the retransmitted parameter
- Type-retransmit signal type
- Retransmission Scaling—value represented by the full scale analog signal (see "Retransmit Scale (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61

Load Analyzer (ASPYRE Scope)

Click Load Analyzer on the test view to open this window.

For each of up to three channels (Ch 1, Ch 2 and Ch 3) configure a pen on the graph:

- On/Off button-click to start trending data
- PV-choose the parameter to trend
- Show-set this option to display the trend
- Show Mark—set this option to display data markers along the trend in the graph area

Live!-click to view a detailed graph of the current in the Live! window.

Use the History options to control the movement of the chart

- Scroll left-click to move the chart left to view more recent data
- Stop/Play-click to toggle chart movement on and off
- Scroll right—click to move the chart right to view older data

Use the Actions to:

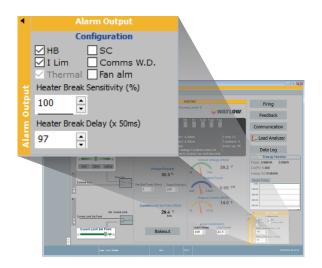
- Clear-click to clear the data from the graph
- Save—click to save a JPEG image of the ASPYRE Scope window with the current trends
- Export—click to open a window and that includes the trend graph and table with the currently displayed data that can be saved as a JPEG or exported to a CSV file.

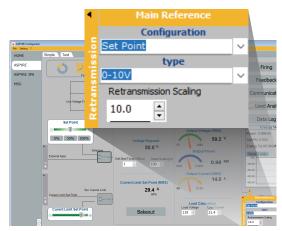
Use the X - Scale settings to adjust the horizontal (time) axis:

- Min-set the number of minutes of data displayed
- Sec-set the number of seconds of data displayed
- Filter-set this option to filter the data

Use the Y - Scale setings to adjust the vertical (percent of full scale) axis

- Max-set the maximum value for the vertical axis
- Reset-click to reset the vertical axis scaling







NOTE! Use the increment (up arrow) and decrement (down arrow) buttons to adjust the x and y scales.Numeric entry does not allow the full range of values to be set.

Live! Scope

This view provides a detailed graph of instantaneous current over a few sample cycles. The data updates automatically.

Use these options to configure the displayed data:

- Enable—set this option to view the current on the graph
- Save—click to save a JPEG image of the ASPYRE Scope window with the current trend
- Show Data-click to open the Data pane to the right of the graph that shows the data points for the current sample
- Y Axis:
- Auto Scale—set this option to have ASPYRE Configurator automatically adjust the vertical and horizontal axis settings
- Max-set the high end of the vertical axis
- Min-set the low end of the vertical axis
- Marks-set this option to display data markers along the trend in the graph area

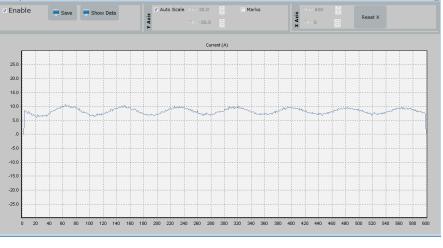
X Axis (future use):

- Max
- Min
- Reset X



Use the data log window to set up data logging and manage the memory used for data log files in the power controller.

- Log Enabled/Log Disabled slider—starts and stops data logging. Must be set to enabled to configure logging or retrieve files.
- Log Time-the time between data log records in seconds
- Config-opens the data log configuration window
- File List-lists the data log files available in the power controller
- Connect—displays and allows downloading and deleting data log files in the power controller
- Disconnect-stops displaying data log files in the power controller
- **Download**—copies the selected file from the power controller to the computer
- Delete File-erases the selected file from the power controller
- Close-closes the Data Log window
- Data Explorer-expands the data explorer
- File download progress bar—shows speed and progress of downloading a log file. Visible only while downloading a log file.

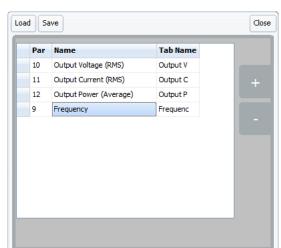




Data Log Configuration window

Use the data log configuration window to view and set which parameters are logged.

- Load—reads and displays the list of parameters being logged
- Save—sends the list of parameters to be logged to the controller
- Close-closes the window
- Par-view or enter the Modbus® address of the parameter to log
- Name-view or choose the name of a parameter to log
- Tab Name-view or enter the name of the logged parameter displayed in the log file
- + button—adds a row to the list
- - button-removes the last row from the list



Data Explorer

Use the data explorer to view data logged in files that have been downloaded from the power controller.

- Open-displays the open file dialog. Use this to open and display a data log that has been saved on the computer.
- Data-click to display the data from the log file in a table
- Graph-click to display the data from the log file in a graph
- Data table-displays the contents of the data log file.

Log Enabled 02/15/2018 14:3 Set Time File List from uni		Ope	l, en						
		Data		Graph					
		SysTick	Vout	Iout	Power	Status	SetPoint	ResLoad	
		00001	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	1
		00002	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00003	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00004	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00005	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00006	000.0	000.0	000	000	050.0	021.11	
		00007	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00008	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00009	000.0	000.0	000	000	050.0	021.11	
		00010	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00011	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00012	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00013	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00014	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00015	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00016	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
~		00017	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00018	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
Close		00019	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
Close	Data Explorer	00020	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	
		00021	000.0	000.0	000	000	049.9	021.11	

Data Explorer Graph

Use the data explorer graph to view data logged in files that have been downloaded from the power controller.

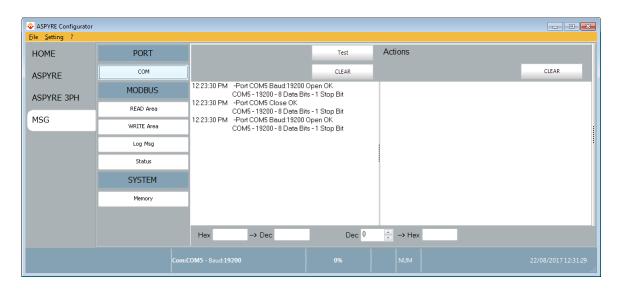
- Graph series check boxes—select the data to include on the graph.
- Settings (gear icon)-click to open the graph settings dialog to set the range of the graph and other options
- Graph-displays the contents of the data log file.

Log Enabled 5		Graph						
2/15/2018 14:33:59	- 1 7	Vout	Power	SetPoint	✓ VLine	series 8		
Set Time le List from unit Refresh	Open	Iout	Status	ResLoad	series 7	series 9		
le List from unit Refresh	Data	Graph						
	25 60	Vout Iout Power						
	20 50 40	Status SetPoin ResLoad		-				
//	15 30	_						
Connect Conifig	10 20	-						
	5 10	_						
	VLine ResLoad 0 SetPoint	Vout Vout						
21111		-60	-50 -40 -30	-20 -10 0	10 20 30	40 50 60 70	0 80 90 100	110
Close Data Explorer				ė		10		20

MSG View

Use the message view to monitor communication activity between the computer and the power controller.

- PORT/COM-view when the COM port is accessed and its settings
- MODBUS/READ Area-view the parameters being polled
- MODBUS/WRITE Area-view what parameters are being set and the values to which they are being set
- MODBUS/Log Msg—view the raw Modbus® messages (in hex) between ASPYRE Configurator and the power controller
- MODBUS/Status—view the status and settings of the COM port
- SYSTEM/Memory-view the memory usage of the ASPYRE Configurator program on the computer



Settings window

Use this window to choose user-settable options for the ASPYRE Configurator software. To open the Settings window, choose any of the items on the Settings menu, then select the tab you want.

Language:

• Available Languages-choose the language used in the program

Serial Port:

- Test-click to test for communication with a power controller via the selected port
- **Port**—select the computer's COM port to use to communicate with power controllers
- **Baud rate**—select Auto to allow ASPYRE Configurator to set the baud rate for the COM port or deselect the option to set the baud rate yourself

Options:

- List Options—set whether or not parameter values are displayed in hexadecimal in simple view recipes
- Directory—set the directories in which recipes and images are saved
- **Disable Check Type**—set to allow communication with power controllers that are not precise matches for the supported types.

View:

- Hide Tool Bar-future use
- Hide Status Bar-select to hide the status bar that appears at the bottom of the program window.

Language	Connection test	_			
Serial Port	Test		OK		
Option		Add:			
View					
	RS232				
		Port	COM5	•	
		Auto	19200	- Baud	
	Parity = None	Stop	bit = 1 bit		
					ОК

7 Parameter Reference

This chapter describes the parameters accessed via the control panel, ASPYRE[®] Configurator software and serial Communication. To learn how to access the parameters via the keypad and display on the power controller see "Menu Navigation" on page 32.

Alarm Function

Choose for which conditions the digital output indicates an alarm. The output always indicates an alarm when the heat sink is over temperature. The digital output is energized for normal operating conditions and de-energized when then power controller is off or when there is an alarm.

NOTE! The power controller monitors for heater break or shorted SCR conditions only when included in the option selected for Alarm Output Function.

Option	Description			
None	SCR over temperature only			
Heater Break	Heater break or SCR over-temperature			
SCR Short	Shorted SCR or SCR over-temperature			
I Limit ¹	Current limit or SCR over-temperature			
HB / SC	Heater break, shorted SCR or SCR over-temperature			
HB / IL ¹	Heater break, current limit or SCR over-temperature			
SC / IL ¹	Shorted SCR, current limit or SCR over-temperature			
All ¹	Heater break, shorted SCR, current limit or SCR over-temperature			
Options available via software	Communication watchdog error for the serial port and USB communication			

¹Models with current limit

Default: Heater Break **Menu:** Hardware (read-write)

Analog In 1 [Signal Type]

Choose the type of signal to be measured by analog input 1.

Option	Description	Value
0-10V / 10k Pot	0 to 10 Vdc or 10,000 Ω potentiometer	1
4-20mA	4 to 20 mAdc	2
0-20mA	0 to 20 mAdc	3

Default: 0-10V / 10k Pot **Menu:** Hardware (read-write)

Analog In 1 [Value]

Indicates the percent of full scale measured by analog input 1.

Range: 0 to 100.0% Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Analog In 2 [Signal Type]

Choose the type of signal to be measured by analog input 2.

Option	Description
0-10V / 10k Pot	0 to 10 Vdc or 10,000 Ω potentiometer
4-20mA	4 to 20 mAdc
0-20mA	0 to 20 mAdc
Default: 0 10V / 10k Pot	

Default: 0-10V / 10k Pot

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Analog In 2 [Value]

Indicates the percent of full scale measured by analog input 2.

Range: 0 to 100.0%

Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Analog In 2 Function

Choose how the signal measured by analog input 2 is used.

Description
Current limit set point
External feedback
Power demand set point

*DT1 models

Default: I Limit

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Aux Voltage

Indicates the measured line voltage. Range: 0 to 1023V Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Bakeout Current (Models with Current Limit)

Set the maximum current for the heater bakeout. **Range:** 0 to 999.9 A **Default:** 0 **Menu:** Advanced Setup (read-write)

Bakeout Off Time (Models with Current Limit)

Set the minimum time the output must be disabled before a bakeout cycle is triggered by enabling the output. **Range:** 0 to 9,999 minutes **Default:** 0 **Menu:** Advanced Setup (read-write)

Bakeout Ramp Time (Models with Current Limit)

Set the total time for the bakeout ramp in minutes.

Range: 0 to 9,999 minutes

Default: 0

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Command Bits

Set the bit corresponding to the option to be enabled or command to be executed.

Bit	Description	Clear Bit (0)	Set Bit (1)
0	Not used		
1	Local/remote set point ¹	Remote	Local
2	Enable Output (if no digital input is configured as Enable) ²	Not Enabled	Enable output
3	Not used		
4	Local/remote current limit	Remote (set via Analog input 2)	Local (set via keypad or Communication)
11	Totalizer reset		Resets KW Total to 0
5 to 15	Not used		

¹When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write*, the local / remote option is determined only by command bit 1 regardless of whether or not a digital input is configured to set this option.

²When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write* and the power controller configured to be enabled by a digital input, the power controller is enabled only when the digital input and command bit 2 are *both* on.

Set the value corresponding to the combination of features you want to enable.

Value	Set Point	Enable Output	Current Limit
0	Remote	Off	Remote
2	Local	Off	Remote
4	Remote	On	Remote
6	Local	On	Remote
16	Remote	Off	Local
18	Local	Off	Local
20	Remote	On	Local
22	Local	On	Local

Cycle Time

Set the duration of one on-off cycle in increments of 50 ms. Applies to zero crossing; see "Zero-Crossing" on page 71.

Range: 0 to 255 (0 to 12.75 sec)

Default: 30 (1.5 sec)

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Delay

Set the firing delay in degrees. Applies to burst fire with delay trigger. For more information see "Burst Firing with Delayed Triggering (DT1 Models)" on page 74

Range: 0 to 90 $^{\circ}$

Default: 60°

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Digital In 1

Indicates the state of the signal to digital input 1.

Option	
Off	
On	

Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Digital In 1 Function

Choose how the signal detected by digital input 1 is used.

Option	Description
None	The state of the input has no effect
Enable ¹	Enable power output
Voltage Feedback	Use voltage feedback when on
Local / Remote ²	Local when on / remote when off
Phase Angle ³	Use phase angle firing when on
Set Point Analog In 1 / 2	Select remote set point source: analog input 1 when off or analog input 2 when on
Logging	Enable logging
Heater Bakeout ⁴	Enable heater bakeout
Alarm Reset⁵	Clears the Heater Break alarm and forces the alarm relay to the normal state while the input is on
SSR₅	Use power controller as contactor see "Contactor Operation" on page 71

¹When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write* and the power controller configured to be enabled by a digital input, the power controller is enabled only when the digital input and command bit 2 are *both* on.

²When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write*, the local / remote option is determined only by command bit 1 regardless of whether or not a digital input is configured to set this option.

³DT1 models

⁴Models with current limit

5Option available via software

Default: Voltage Feedback

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Digital In 2

Indicates the state of the signal to digital input 2.

Option	
Off	
On	
Menu: Mo	nitor (read-only)

Digital In 2 Function

Choose how the signal detected by digital input 2 is used.

Option	Description
None	The state of the input has no effect
Enable ¹	Enable power output
Voltage Feedback	Use voltage feedback when on
Local / Remote ²	Local when on / remote when off
Phase Angle ³	Use phase angle firing when on
Set Point Analog In 1 / 2	Select remote set point source: analog input 1 when off or analog input 2 when on
Logging	Enable logging
Heater Bakeout⁴	Enable heater bakeout
Alarm Reset⁵	Clears the Heater Break alarm and forces the alarm relay to the normal state while the input is on
SSR⁵	Use power controller as contactor see "Contactor Operation" on page 71

¹When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write* and the power controller configured to be enabled by a digital input, the power controller is enabled only when the digital input and command bit 2 are *both* on.

²When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write*, the local / remote option is determined only by command bit 1 regardless of whether or not a digital input is configured to set this option.

³DT1 models

⁴Models with current limit

⁵Option available via software

Default: Enable

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Enable

Indicates whether or not the power controller is enabled. The enable signal must be on for the unit to output power to the load.

Option	
Off	
On	

Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Ethernet Address

Indicates the IP address of the power controller with an Ethernet communication option.

Range: 0 to 255 each part
Default: 193.168.0.221 (Modbus® TCP), 193.168.0.220 (EtherNet/IP™)
Menu: Communication (read-only)

Ethernet Subnet

Indicates the subnet mask of the power controller with an Ethernet communication option.

Range: 0 to 255 each part Default: 255.255.255.0

Menu: Communication (read-only)

Ethernet Gateway

Indicates the gateway address of the power controller with an Ethernet communication option.

Range: 0 to 255 each part

Default: 0.0.0.0

Menu: Communication (read-only)

Feedback

Choose the measured value used as feedback for controlling to the set point. See "Feedback" on page 67.

Option	Description
Voltage ²	Voltage squared
None	No feedback
Current ²	Current squared
Voltage	Voltage
Current	Current
Power	Power
External	External signal via analog input 2
Default: Voltage	

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Firing

Choose how the output turns on and off to deliver the requested percent power. See "" on page 70.

Option	
Zero Cross	
Single Cycle ¹	
Burst Fire	
Phase Angle ¹	
Burst Fire Start Ramp ¹	
Phase Angle Soft Start ¹	
Burst Fire Delay Trigger ¹	
BF Strt Rmp DelayTrigger ¹	
Half cycle ¹	
Half Cycle Safety Ramp ¹	
¹ DT1 models	

Default: Burst Fire

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Frequency

Indicates the frequency of the power input. Range: 0 to 655.35 Hz Menu: Operator (read-only)

Half Cycle Delay

Set the number of half cycles with a delay for burst fire delay trigger firing. Range: 0 to 255 Default: 1 Menu: Operator (read-write)

Heater Bakeout (Models with Current Limit)

Enable or disable the heater bakeout feature.

	Option	
	Off]
	On]
ĺ	Default: (Ōff

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

HH:MM:SS

Indicates the time setting in the real time clock. Default: 00:00:00 January 1, 2000 Menu: Monitor (read-only), ASPYRE Configurator Test view (read-write)

Htr Break Delay

Set a delay between when the resistance drops below the value set for heater break sensitivity and when the heater break alarm is indicated. This is set in increments of 50 ms.

Range: 0 to 255 (0 to 12.75 seconds)

Default: 50 (2.5 seconds)

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Htr Break Sensitivity

Set the threshold of resistance that activates the heater break alarm. This setting is in percentage of the nominal load resistance.

Range: 0 to 100%

Default: 20%

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

I Limit (Models with Current Limit)

Set the maximum percent of the nominal current the power control allows. This parameter is in RMS current by default, but can be set to limit peak current. "Limit Peak Current (Models with Current Limit)" on page 57.

Range: 0 to 100.0% Default: 100.0% Menu: Operator (read-only), Setup (read-write)

I Limit Local / Remote (Models with Current Limit)

Choose how the current limit is set.

Option	Description	
Analog In 2	Set point set via analog input	
Local	Set point set via keypad or Communication	

Default: Local

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

I Output

Indicates the average (RMS) current of all phases. Range: 0 to 999.9A Menu: Operator (read-only)

Integral Current (Models with Current Limit)

Set how aggressively the integral acts in the current loop. A smaller setting yields a larger adjustment to the output for a given deviation over a given time.

Range: 0 to 255 Default: 50 Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Integral Power

Set how aggressively the integral part of the control algorithm acts. A smaller setting yields a larger adjustment for a given deviation over a given time.

Range: 0 to 255 Default: 50 Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

kVA Real Time

Indicates the instantaneous apparent power consumption. **Range:** : 0 to 655.35 kVA **Menu:** Monitor (read-only)

kW Real Time

Indicates the instantaneous real power consumption taking power factor into account. **Range:** : 0 to 9,999 kW **Menu:** Monitor (read-only), ASPYRE Configurator Test view (read-write)

kW Total

Indicates the totalized energy consumption in kWh. Range: 0 to 429,496,729.5 kWh Default: 0 Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Leg 1 I Output (DT2 and DT3 Models)

Indicates the RMS current measured for leg 1. Range: 0 to maximum current Menu: Operator (read-only)

Leg 2 I Output (DT2 and DT3 Models)

Indicates the RMS current measured for leg 2. Range: 0 to maximum current Menu: Operator (read-only)

Leg 3 I Output (DT2 and DT3 Models)

Indicates the RMS current measured for leg 3. Range: 0 to maximum current Menu: Operator (read-only)

Limit Peak Current (Models with Current Limit)

Set whether to limit the peak current or RMS current.

	Option			
	RMS Current			
	Peak Current			
ĺ	Default: 0	·		
Menu: ASPYRE Configurator Test view (read-write)				

Load O

Indicates the resistance of the load. **Range:** 0 to 655.35 Ω Menu: Operator (read-only)

Load Type (DT2 and DT3 Models)

For three-phase loads, set whether or not the AC neutral is connected to the load.

Option	Description
3 Star/Delta	Delta or ungrounded wye wiring with no neutral connection
4 Star	Grounded wye wiring with neutral connection
AA A .L	

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Logging

Enable or disable data logging on the internal SD card.

Option	
Off	
On	
Defeults	1

Default: Off

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Logging Interval

Set how often data is logged. **Range:** 0 to 255 seconds **Default:** 5 seconds **Menu:** Advanced Setup (read-write)

Max Current

Indicates the maximum current capacity of the power controller. Range: 0 to 9,999A Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Max Voltage

Indicates the maximum voltage rating of the power controller. Range: 0 to 1,023V Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Min Cycles

Set the minimum number of on cycles and off cycles for burst firing. Range: 0 to 255 Default: 8 Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

MM/DD/YY

Indicates the date setting in the real time clock. Default: 00:00:00 January 1, 2000 Menu: Monitor (read-only), ASPYRE Configurator Test view (read-write)

Model

Indicates the power controller configuration code. {alphabetize} Menu: Operator (read-only)

Nominal I

Set the nominal load current. Range: 0 to 999.9 A Default: maximum current for power control Menu: Operator (read-only), Setup (read-write)

Nominal V

Set the nominal value for the line voltage input. **Range:** 0 to 1023V **Default:** 220V **Menu:** Operator (read-only), Setup (read-write)

Out Scale

Set the percentage by which the set point is scaled. For example, if a 0 to 10V analog input providing the set point is 5V and Output Scaling is 80%, then the effective set point is 40%.

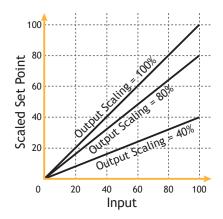
Range: 0 to 100.0%

Default: 100%

Menu: Setup (read-write)

Port 1 Address

Set the address for the primary serial port. Range: 0 to 255 Default: 1 Menu: Communication (read-write)



Port 1 Baud

Choose the baud rate for the primary serial port.

Default: 38400

Menu: Communication (read-write)

Port 2

Indicates the type of secondary communication port.

Option	Description	
Disabled	No secondary Communication port	
Ethernet	Protocols that use Ethernet	

Port 2 Access

Use this parameter to enable and disable writing data via port 2. Note when this parameter is set to *Read and Write* the output from the power controller is disabled if data is not written at least as often as the watchdog expects communication. See "Communication Watchdog" on page 93.

Option	Description
Read and Write	Data may be written via port 2 and the watchdog function is enabled.
Read Only	Data may not be written via port 2 and the watchdog function is disabled.
Default: Read and Write	

Default: Read and Write

Port 2 Address

Set the address for the Profibus address.

Range: 0 to 255

Default: 3

Menu: Communication (read-write)

Power

Indicates the average power output as a percent of full power. Range: 0 to 100% Menu: Operator (read-only)

Power Factor

Indicates the power factor of the output power. Range: 0 to 1.000 Menu: Operator (read-only)

Prop Band Current (Models with Current Limit)

Set the proportional relationship between the output and the feedback for the current limit control loop. This setting determines how big a correction the proportional part of the control algorithm makes when the feedback deviates from set point. Set the gain for the current loop. A smaller proportional band yields a larger adjustment for a given deviation.

Range: 0 to 255%

Default: 5%

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Prop Band Power

Set the proportional relationship between the output and the feedback for the power demand control loop. This setting determines how big a correction the proportional part of the control algorithm makes when the feedback deviates from set point. A smaller proportional band yields a larger adjustment for a given deviation.

Range: 0 to 255%

Default: 10%

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Release

Indicates the software release date year and week (yyww).

Range: 0 to 65535

Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Remote SP

Choose the source for the remote set point. If a digital input is configured to select between the analog inputs as the source of the set point, the digital input takes precedence and this parameter indicates the analog input selected with the digital input.

	Option	
	Analog Input 1	
	Analog Input 2	
ĺ	Default: Analog Input 1	

Menu: Setup (read-write)

Retransmit (Models with Retransmit)

Choose which parameter is retransmitted by the analog output.

Description
Do not retransmit a value
Set point
RMS voltage output
RMS current output
Average output power

Default: Power

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Retransmit Scale (Models with Retransmit)

Set the value of the retransmitted parameter to be represented by the full scale of the analog output. See the table below.

Range: 0 to 9,999

Default: 0

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Retransmit Settings

Retransmit	Recommended	Resulting Signal	Resulting Signal	Resulting Signal
	Retransmit Scaling	(4 to 20mADC)	(0 to 20mADC)	(0 to 10VDC)
Set point 100		4mADC = 0%	0mADC = 0%	0VDC = 0%
		20mADC = 100%	20mADC = 100%	10VDC = 100%
V Output	xV where x is the	4mADC = 0%	0mADC = 0%	0VDC = 0%
	Nominal Line Voltage	20mADC = xV	20mADC = xV	10VDC = xV
l Output	xA where x is the Nominal Load Cur- rent	4mADC = 0A 20mADC = xA	0mADC = 0A 20mADC = xA	0VDC = 0A 10VDC = xA
Power	100	4mADC = 0% 20mADC = 100%	0mADC = 0% 20mADC = 100%	0VDC = 0% 10VDC = 100%

Retransmit Type (Models with Retransmit)

Choose the type of signal for the retransmit output.

Option	
0-10V	
4-20mA	
0-20mA	
Default: 4-1	20mA

Safety Ramp Duration

Enable the safety ramp feature and set how long the ramp takes by setting a value greater than zero in increments of 50ms.

Range: 0 to 65,535 x50ms

Default: 10 (500 ms)

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Safety Ramp Off Time

Set the minimum amount of time the power to the load is off before the safety ramp occurs in increments of 50ms.

Range: 0 to 65,535 x50ms (0 to 3,276.75 seconds)

Default: 200 (10 seconds)

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

SCR Temperature

Indicates whether the SCR is below or above the factory-set trip point.

Option	Description	
Disabled	No sensor present / temperature below limit	
Over Temp	Over temperature	

Menu: Monitor (read-only)

Serial Number

Indicates the serial number of the power controller. **Range:** 1 to 65535 (each part) **Menu:** Monitor (read-only)

Set Point

View the set point. Range: 0 to 100% Menu: Operator (read-write)

Set Point Source

Indicates whether the power controller is in local or remote set point mode.

Option	Description	
Remote	Set point set via analog input	
Local	Set point set via keypad or Communication	

Default: Remote **Menu:** Monitor (read-only)

Soft Start

Set the duration of the soft start in increments of 50 ms. The power controller ramps set point changes over the time set here. For more information see "Soft Start" on page 77.

Range: 0 to 255 (0 to 12.75 seconds)

Default: 8 (400 ms)

Menu: Setup (read-write), Advanced Setup (read-write)

Start Ramp

Set the number of half cycles over which the power ramps each time the output turns on. Available on single-phase models only. For more information see "Start Ramp (DT1 Models)" on page 77.

Range: 0 to 1,023

Default: 0

Menu: Advanced Setup (read-write)

Startup Display

Choose which parameter is displayed on the home page at power-up.

Option
Current
Voltage
Power

Default: Current

Menu: Hardware (read-write)

Status Bits

Indicates the state of various features.

Bit	Description	Clear Bit (0)	Set Bit (1)
0	Shorted SCR alarm	No alarm	Alarm
1	Heater Break Alarm	No alarm	Alarm
2	Output Enabled	Disabled	Enabled
3	Not used		
4	Current Limit Alarm	No alarm	Alarm
5	Thermal Alarm	No alarm	Alarm
6	Communication Alarm (WD)	No alarm	Alarm
7	Not used		
8	Digital input 1 status	Off	On
9	Digital input 2 status	Off	On
10	Unbalance load alarm	No alarm	Alarm
11	Not used		
12	Not used		
13	Phase Loss (loss of power on one or more legs)	No alarm	Alarm
14	Heater Bakeout	Off	On
15	Latched Thermal Alarm (indicates thermal alarm has occurred since last power cycle)	Off	On

Access: Read-only

Thermal Alarm Counter

Indicates the number of times the SCR Over Temp alarm has occurred.

Range: 0 to 65,535

Menu: ASPYRE Configurator Test view (read-only)

Unit Type

Indicates the type of power controller.

Option	Description
1 Leg	Single phase
2 Leg	Two-Leg, three-phase
3 Leg	Three-Leg, three-phase (zero cross)
3 Leg PA	Three-Leg, three-phase (phase angle)

Menu: Monitor (read-only)

User Access Level

Set this parameter to the code corresponding to the level of access to be granted for writing parameter values via the primary Communication port.

Range: 0 to 65,535

Value	Allows
0	Access to monitor and operation parameters
1111	Access to setup parameters

Menu: ASPYRE Configurator Test view (read-write)

V Input

Indicates the average (RMS) voltage input. Range: 0 to 65,535V Menu: Operator (read-only)

V Output

Indicates the average (RMS) voltage of all phases. Range: 0 to 1,023V Menu: Operator (read-only)

Version

Indicates the software version number (x.xx.x). **Range:** 0 to 65535 **Menu:** Monitor (read-only)

Watchdog

Enable or disable the watchdog on the primary serial port and USB communication.



Default: Off Menu: Communication (read-write)

Watchdog Reset Time

Set the amount of time to wait for a message before triggering the watchdog error for the primary serial port and USB communication.

Range: 0 to 255 seconds

Default: 5 seconds

Menu: Communication (read-write)

8 Features

This chapter describes the programmable features of the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller.

CAUTION: all parameter settings should be determined only by qualified persons.

ATTENTION : Toutes les configurations de paramètre doivent être déterminées uniquement par le personnel qualifié.

Closed Loop Control

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller measures the voltage and current delivered to the load, and depending on how it is configured, corrects for, among other things, variations in line voltage and load resistance.

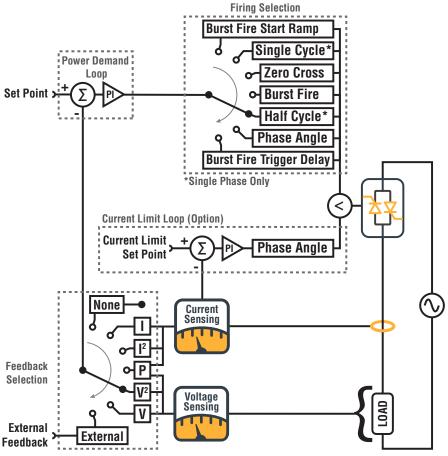
DT1 Models

Single-phase models that include the current limit option, use two control loops to regulate power to the load. One loop attempts to drive the output to match the power demand set point. The other loop attempts to drive the current through the load to match the current limit. By using the lesser of the outputs from the two control loops, the power is controlled to the set point but prevented from exceeding the current limit.

While the current limit loop overrides the power demand loop, the output is phase angle fired and the display indicates the current limit alarm. If the alarm output function is set to indicate the current limit, the alarm relay is de-energized.

Each loop adjusts its output based on its measurement of error, the difference between the set point and the measured or calculated feedback. For the current limit loop, the error is the difference between the current limit set point and the measured current. For the power demand loop, the error is the difference between the set point and the user-selected feedback. See Feedback below.

Single-phase models that include the Closed Loop Control (DT1 models)

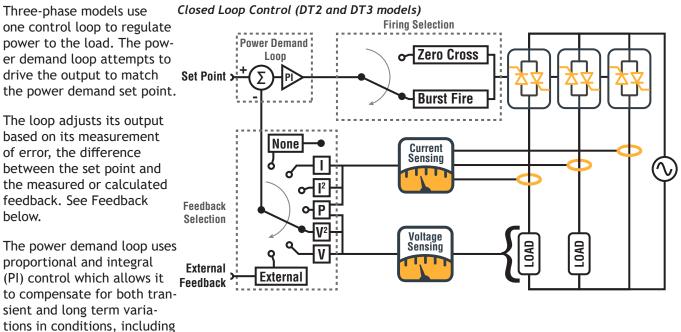


The two loops use proportional and integral (PI) control which allows them to compensate for both transient and long-term variations in conditions, including line voltage and load resistance. The performance of each loop can be tuned by adjusting the corresponding proportional band and time integral settings. The Prop Band Power and

Integral Power parameters determine how the power controller adjusts its output to match the set point. The Prop Band Current and Integral Current parameters determine how the power controller adjusts the output to ensure that the current limit set point is enforced. These parameters are on the advanced setup menu.

The power demand set point can be set with the Set Point parameter on the Operator menu via the keypad or via Communication. Alternatively it can be set by an analog voltage or current signal from a potentiometer or another piece of automation equipment such as a temperature controller.

DT2 and DT3 Models



line voltage and load resistance. The performance of this loop can be tuned by adjusting the proportional band and time integral settings. The Prop Band Power and Integral Power parameters determine how the power controller adjusts its output to match the set point. These parameters are on the advanced setup menu.

The power demand set point can be set with the Set Point parameter on the Operator menu via the keypad or via Communication. Alternatively it can be set by an analog voltage or current signal from a potentiometer or another piece of automation equipment such as a temperature controller.

Feedback

Selecting the feedback parameter determines what the power controller attempts to keep constant and therefore what variations are compensated.

Because closed-loop control reacts to the difference between the user-supplied set point and the measured feedback, the feedback selection also determines the meaning of the set point. For example, if Feedback Type is set to Voltage, the set point is interpreted as a percentage of the Nominal Load Voltage. In that case with a set point of 50%, the power controller adjusts the output to make the voltage drop across the load half the Nominal Load Voltage setting.

These options are available for feedback type:

• Voltage—the power controller adjusts the output to make the measured load voltage divided by the nominal load voltage equal to the set point. This method of control compensates for line voltage fluctuations; the power remains constant as long as the load impedance does not change.

Feedback = $\left(\frac{V_{rms}}{V_{nominal}}\right)$ 100% Set Point is a percentage of $V_{nominal}$

• Voltage Squared—the power controller adjusts the output to make the square of the measured load voltage divided by the square of the nominal load voltage equal to the set point. The output power responds linearly to changes in the set point for loads with constant resistance. This method of control compensates

for line voltage fluctuations; the power remains constant as long as the load impedance does not change.

Feedback =
$$\left(\frac{V_{rms}}{V_{nominal}}\right)^2 100\%$$
 Set Point is a percentage of $V_{nominal}^2$

• **Power**—the power controller adjusts the output to make the product of the measured load current and voltage divided by the product of the nominal load voltage and nominal load current equal to the set point. With this method of control the power remains constant even when the line voltage or load impedance varies.

$$Feedback = \left(\frac{V_{rms}I_{rms}}{V_{nominal}I_{nominal}}\right) 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{V_{rms}(I_{1\,rms} + I_{2\,rms})}{2\,V_{nominal}I_{nominal}}\right) 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{V_{rms}(I_{1\,rms} + I_{2\,rms})}{3\,V_{nominal}I_{nominal}}\right) 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{V_{rms}(I_{1\,rms} + I_{2\,rms} + I_{3\,rms})}{3\,V_{nominal}I_{nominal}}\right) 100\%$$

Set Point is a percentage of $V_{nominal} \times I_{nominal}$

• **Current Squared**—the power controller adjusts the output to make the square of the measured load current divided by the square of the nominal load current equal to the set point. The set point is a percentage of the square of the nominal load current. With this method of control the power remains constant as long as the load impedance does not change.

$$Feedback = \left(\frac{I_{rms}}{I_{nominal}}\right)^2 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{I_{1\,rms} + I_{2\,rms}}{2I_{nominal}}\right)^2 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{I_{1\,rms} + I_{2\,rms} + I_{3\,rms}}{3I_{nominal}}\right)^2 100\%$$

Set Point is a percentage of $I_{nominal}^2$

• **Current**—the power controller adjusts the output to make the measured load current divided by the nominal load current equal to the set point. This method of control maintains constant current even when the line voltage or load impedance varies.

$$Feedback = \left(\frac{I_{rms}}{I_{nominal}}\right) 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{I_{1 rms} + I_{2 rms}}{2I_{nominal}}\right) 100\% \text{ or } \left(\frac{I_{1 rms} + I_{2 rms} + I_{3 rms}}{3I_{nominal}}\right) 100\%$$

Set Point is a percentage of *I*nominal

- **External**—the power controller adjusts the output to make the signal received as Eternal Feedback on Analog Input 2 equal to the set point.
- No Feedback—the power controller output is on for a percentage of time equal to the set point. The power demand loop does not adjust the output based on the measured voltage or current.

Keep in mind that in single-phase and 60A to 500A three-phase models, the output is limited by the current limit loop. Therefore, at times the actual output may be less than the power demand loop's set point calls for. See "Current Limit" on page 68.

Set the Feedback Type on the advanced setup menu see "Firing" on page 54. The feedback type can also be set with a digital input. See "Digital Inputs" on page 69.

Current Limit

For models that include current limiting, this feature is always active. By default it limits the RMS load current by reducing the output whenever the power demand control loop would tend to drive current above the current limit set point.

You can configure the power controller to limit peak rather than RMS current. The controller limits peak current by switching to phase angle firing whenever the peak current would otherwise exceed the limit. When peak current limiting is enabled, the current limit set point is interpreted as peak rather than RMS current. See "Limit Peak Current (Models with Current Limit)" on page 57.

Set the Current Limit Set Point on the setup menu. To determine the current limit set point empirically, see "Configure the Current Limit" on page 30.

Configurable Inputs and Outputs

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller features two digital inputs, up to two analog inputs and a relay output. Some models also include an analog output for retransmitting a measured value to other automation equipment. This section describes the various functions of these inputs and outputs and how they interact with other features of the power controller.

Digital Inputs

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller has two optically-isolated, digital inputs that can be connected to control panel switches or other automation equipment such as a temperature controller or programmable logic controller. See "Configurable Digital Inputs (Digital Input 1 and Digital Input 2)" on page 24 for information on connecting to the digital inputs.

Using *Digital In 1 Function* and *Digital In 2 Function* on the hardware menu each digital input can be configured to perform one of the following:

- **Enable**—the power output is off unless this signal is on. If both digital inputs are set to this option, the state of digital input 2 takes precedence.
- Voltage Feedback—this signal overrides the feedback setting. When this signal is on, the control loop uses voltage feedback. When the signal is off, the loop reverts to the feedback parameter setting.
- Local / Remote—this signal selects how the set point is set. When this signal is on, the control loop's set point is set using the keypad or through Communication. When this signal is off, the set point is set by the an analog input. When a digital input is set to this function, the Local/Remote (L/R) button on the front panel cannot be used to choose the source of the set point.
- **Phase Angle**—this signal overrides the *Firing* setting. When this signal is on, the power controller uses phase-angle firing. When the signal is off, the controller uses the method set with the firing parameter on the advanced setup menu. This option is available with single-phase and 60A to 500A three-phase models.
- SP Analog In 1 / 2—this signal chooses which of the two analog inputs is used as the source of the set point when the remote set point is in effect. When this signal is off, analog input 1 is the source of the remote set point. When the signal is on, analog input 2 is the source of the remote set point.
- Logging—this signal turns data logging on or off. When the signal is on, data is logged. When the signal is off, data is not logged. When this signal is on, it supersedes the setting of the *Logging parameter* on the advanced setup menu.
- Heater Bakeout—this signal turns the heater bakeout feature on or off. When the signal is on, the heater bakeout feature is enabled. When the signal is off, the heater bakeout feature is disabled. When this signal is on, it supersedes the setting of the *Heater Bakeout* parameter on the advanced setup menu. This option is available with single-phase and 60A to 500A three-phase models.
- Alarm Reset-clears the Heater Break alarm and forces the alarm relay to the normal state while the input is on.+
- SSR—the power output turns off and on following the input signal. This option supports operating the output in contactor mode for time-proportioned output. It is not for use with phase-angle firing.
- Alarm Reset --Clears the Heater Break alarm and forces the alarm relay to the normal state while the input is on.
- **SSR** --the power output turns off and on following the input signal. This option supports operating the output in contactor mode for time-proportioned output. It is not for use with phase-angle firing.

To configure how the power controller uses these signals, see "Digital In 1 Function" on page 52 and "Digital In 2 Function" on page 53.

Analog Input 1: Set Point

To control the power to the load with a device such as a temperature controller, connect the control signal to analog input 1.

This input accepts current, voltage and potentiometer signals. The signal is interpreted as set point by comparing the measured value to the input's full scale. For example, the set point is 50% when the analog input detects 5V and the input is configured to receive 0 to 10VDC. Configure the power controller to recognize the signal with the hardware menu; see "Analog In 1 [Signal Type]" on page 49. For instructions for wiring this input see "Set Point (Analog Input 1)" on page 23.

Analog Input 2: Set Point, Feedback or Current Limit Set Point

What this input does is user-configurable. Connect an analog signal that indicates:

- An alternate set point signal
- Measured power, voltage or current from an external device used as feedback
- Maximum current to the load (current limit) in single-phase and 60A to 500A three-phase models

This input accepts current, voltage and potentiometer signals. The signal is interpreted by comparing its measured value to the input's full scale. For example, the signal is 50% when the analog input detects 12mADC and the input is configured to receive 4 to 20mADC.

Configure the power controller to recognize the signal and how the power controller uses it on the hardware menu; see "Analog In 1 [Signal Type]" on page 49 and "Analog In 2 Function" on page 50. For instructions for wiring this input see "Set Point, Feedback or Current Limit (Analog Input 2)" on page 23.

Alarms and Alarm Relay Output

When an alarm occurs and while the condition persists, the alarm relay is de-energized. The alarm relay is energized when power is supplied to the controller's electronics via the auxiliary power input and there are no alarms.

Choose which conditions determine the alarm relay output with the Alarm Function setting on the hardware menu. Some options are only available via software. See "Alarm Function" on page 49.

NOTE! The alarm relay output indicates an alarm when the temperature of the heat sink is too high even when Digital Output 1 Function on the hardware menu is set to Disabled.

NOTE! The power controller monitors for heater break or short circuit conditions only when included in the option selected for Alarm Function.

Alarm Output Energizes for... **Current Limit Alarm Heater Break Alarm** Communication Watchdog Error Heat Sink Over Temperature Shorted SCR Х None Х Х Heater Break (HB) SCR Short (SC) Х Х I Limit (IL)¹ Х Х Х HB / SC Х Х HB / IL¹ Х Х Х SC / IL¹ Х Х Х Х Х Х HB / SC / IL1 Х Х Watchdog Х WE / HB Х Х Х WE / SC Х Х Х WE / SC / HB Х Х Х Х WE / IL¹ Х Х Х WE / IL / HB1 Х Х Х Х WE / IL / HB1 Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х WE / IL / SC / HB1 Х

Alarm Output Options

¹Models with current limit

Retransmit Output

Connect the analog output to an external device so the external device can monitor or record set point, current, voltage or actual power.

Which parameter is retransmitted and the scaling of the output are user-configurable on the hardware menu; see "Retransmit (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61, "Retransmit Type (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61 and "Retransmit Scale (Models with Retransmit)" on page 61.

Firing Types

This section describes the options for the *Firing* parameter. Using the correct firing ensures the optimum performance of the power controller with a particular type of load. Set *Firing* on the advanced setup menu.

Zero-Crossing

This firing type is used with relatively slow loads and when it is desirable to minimizing radio frequency emissions by switching only as the line voltage crosses zero volts. Power to the load is on for a percentage of the fixed time-base proportional to the required output percentage.

The time base is defined by the Cycle Time parameter. For example, if the cycle time is ten seconds and 75% power is called for, the output turns on for 7.5 seconds and off for 2.5 seconds, and repeats.

The illustration shows examples of zero-cross firing with a cycle time of 10 seconds:

- 25%, the output is on for 2.5 out of 10 seconds (150 out of 600 cycles at 60Hz)
- 50%, the output is on for 5 out of 10 seconds (300 out of 600 cycles at 60Hz)
- 75%, the output is on for 7.5 out of 10 seconds (450 out of 600 cycles at 60Hz)
- 100%, the output is on continuously

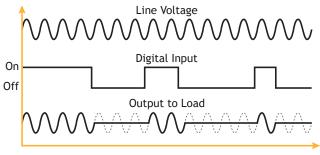
Zero-Crossing Settings

In order to operate the power controller with zero-cross firing, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter	Setting		
Adv Setup	Feedback	As desired		
	Firing	Zero Cross		
	Cycle Time	As desired (10 seconds in example above)		
Set Point:				
Hardware	Analog In 1	According to the connected signal		
OR				
Operator	Set Point	As desired		

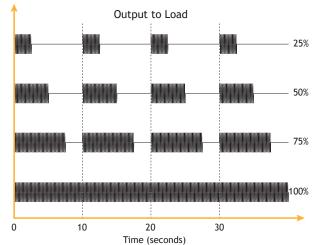
Contactor Operation

The power controller can be configured to switch power on and off following a signal from, for example, a temperature controller's output. In this case, power to the load is on when the signal from the temperature controller to the power controller's digital input is high, and off when the signal is low. The power controller is said to operate as a contactor. When controlled by a device such as a temperature controller, any time proportioning is determined by that device, not the power controller. In this configuration the power controller's power demand loop does not adjust the output or use feedback, but in single-phase and 60A to 500A three-phase models the current limiting loop is active and will reduce power delivered to ensure current does not Contactor Operation Example



and will reduce power delivered to ensure current does not exceed the limit.

Though the output is said to follow the enable input, power to the load is actually switched on or off only at the voltage zero cross in order to minimize radio frequency emissions.



Zero-Cross Firing Examples

Contactor Operation Settings

In order to operate the power controller as a contactor, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter	Setting
Adv Cotup	Feedback	No feedback
Adv Setup	Firing	Zero Cross
Hardware	Digital In 1 Function	Enable
Operator	Set Point	100%

Single Cycle (DT1 Models)

Use this firing type when it is desirable for the power to the load to switch on and off as frequently as every ac line cycle while still minimizing radio frequency emissions by switching only as the line voltage crosses zero volts.

With single-cycle firing, power to the load is on for a number cycles proportional to the required output percentage.

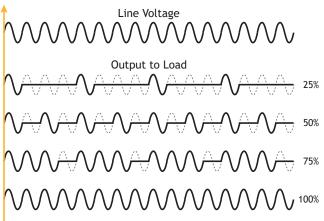
The illustration shows examples of single-cycle firing:

- 25%, the output is on for one out of four cycles
- 50%, the output is on one out two cycles
- 75%, the output is on for three out of four cycles
- 100%, the output is on continuously

Single-Cycle Settings

In order to operate the power controller using single-cycle firing, set the following parameters as indicated.

Single-Cycle Firing Examples



Parameter	Setting
Feedback	As desired
Firing	Single Cycle
Analog In 1	According to the connected signal
Set Point	As desired
	Feedback Firing Analog In 1

Burst Firing

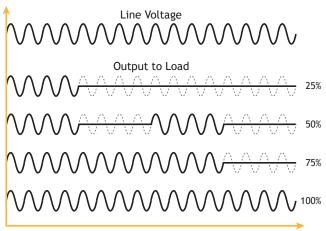
Use this firing type when it is desirable for the power to the load to switch on and off frequently but not as frequently as every ac line cycle. Burst firing minimizes radio frequency emissions by switching only as the line voltage crosses zero.

With burst firing, power to the load is on for a number cycles proportional to the required output percentage. Burst firing is similar to single-cycle firing, but the output is on and off for a minimum number of cycles specified by the user with the Min Cycles setting on the advanced setup menu.

The illustration shows examples of burst firing with four minimum cycles:

- 25%, the output is on for four out of sixteen cycles
- 50%, the output is on for four out eight cycles
- 75%, the output is on for twelve out of sixteen cycles
- 100%, the output is on continuously

Burst Firing Examples



Burst Firing Settings

In order to operate the power controller using burst firing, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter	Setting
	Feedback	As desired
Adv Setup	Firing	Burst Fire
	Min Cycles	As desired
Set Point:		
Hardware	Analog In 1	According to the connected signal
OR		
Operator	Set Point	As desired

Burst Firing with Start Ramp (DT1 Models)

This firing type is similar to burst firing, however, the addition of the start ramp feature causes the output to be phase-angle fired for a user-specified number of half cycles at the beginning of each burst. This intermittent phase-angle firing increases radio frequency emissions compared with purely zero-cross switching firing types. This firing type is recommended for use with small inductive loads to avoid inrush current.

The illustration shows examples of burst firing with four minimum cycles and a six half-cycle start ramp:

- 25%, the output ramps up for three and is on for one full cycle out of sixteen
- 50%, the output ramps up for three and is on for one full cycle out of eight
- 75%, the output ramps up for three and is on for nine full cycles out of sixteen
- 100%, the output ramps up for three cycles and then is on continuously

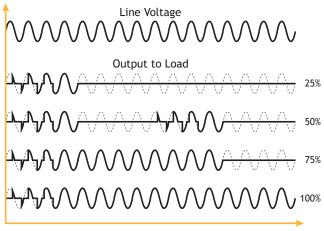
Burst firing is similar to single-cycle firing, the load switches on for a number cycles proportional to the required output percentage, but the output is on and off for a minimum number of cycles specified by the user on the advanced setup menu with the Minimum Cycles setting.

Burst Firing with Start Ramp Settings

In order to operate the power controller using burst firing with Start Ramp, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter	Setting	
	Feedback	As desired	
Adv Satur	Firing	Burst Fire Start Ramp	
Adv Setup	Min Cycles As desired		
	Start Ramp	As desired	
Set Point:			
Hardware	Analog In 1	According connected signal	
OR			
Operator	Set Point	As desired	

Burst Firing with Start Ramp Examples



Burst Firing with Delayed Triggering (DT1 Models)

This firing type is similar to burst firing except that it turns **Burst Firing with Delay Triggering Examples** on at a user-specified firing angle at the beginning of each burst. Line Voltage

Delaying the firing angle is recommended when switching the primary of a transformer coupled to a load with stable resistance on the secondary. Zero-cross switching of inductive loads such as transformer-coupled heaters can generate transient over currents that can blow fuses. By delaying the point the output is switched on to the point at which the current will be zero rather than when relative to when the voltage crosses zero, minimizes these adverse effects.

The illustration shows examples of burst firing with two minimum cycles and a delay of 50 degrees:

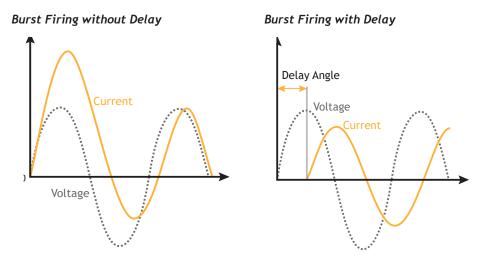
- 25%, the output turns on at 50 $^\circ$ and remains on for the remainder of two out of eight cycles
- 50%, the output turns on at 50 $^{\circ}$ and remains on for the remainder of two out of four cycles
- 66%, the output turns on at 50 $^{\circ}$ and remains on for the remainder of two out of three cycles
- 100%, the output turns on at 50 $^{\circ}$ and remains on continuously

NOTE! Do not use this firing type with transformer-coupled loads that have low resistances when cold, such as heaters with silicon carbide, molybdenum and tungsten elements. Instead consider using phase-angle firing.

Delayed triggering increases radio frequency emissions compared with purely zero-cross switching firing types.

Other than the programmable delay, this firing method is similar to burst firing. The load switches on for a number cycles proportional to the required output percentage. The output is on and off for at least the user-specified number of cycles.

The illustrations below contrast burst firing with and without the switching delay.



The ideal delay angle is the delay necessary to switch when the current is zero. This angle depends on the power factor. The delay angle suggested for most applications is 80° .

 Durst Firing with Delay Iriggering Examples

 Line Voltage

 Output to Load

 Output to Load
 </tr

Burst-Firing-with-Delay Settings

In order to operate the power controller using burst firing with delay, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter	Setting
	Feedback	As desired
Adv Cotup	Firing	Burst Fire Delay Trigger
Adv Setup	Min Cycles	As desired
	Delay	As desired
Set Point:		
Hardware	Analog In 1	According to the connected signal
OR		
Operator	Set Point	As desired

Half Cycle (DT1 Models)

Use this firing type when faster switching than single-cycle firing is desired to reduce power fluctuations while maintaining the minimized radio frequency emissions of zero-cross switching. Rather than switching every line cycle, the power can be switched every half cycle. Positive and negative cycles are balanced to prevent DC bias. This firing type is recommended for shortwave infrared lamps.

The load switches on for a number half-cycles proportional to the required output percentage.

The illustration shows examples of half-cycle firing:

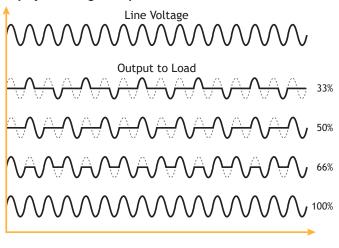
- 25%, the output turns on for one half cycle out of one and a half cycles
- 50%, the output turns on for one half cycle out of cycle
- 66%, the output turns on for two half cycles out of one and a half cycles
- 100%, the output is on continuously

Half Cycle Firing Settings

In order to operate the power controller using half-cycle firing, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter Setting	
Adv Satur	Feedback	As desired
Adv Setup	Firing	Half Cycle
Set Point:		
Hardware	Analog In 1	According to the connected signal
OR		
Operator	Set Point	As desired

Half Cycle Firing Examples



Phase Angle (DT1 Models)

This firing type is recommended for controlling inductive loads including the primary of transformer-coupled load and for loads with low resistances when cold such as heaters with silicon carbide, molybdenum and tungsten elements. The disadvantage is increased radio frequency emissions compared with zero-cross firing types.

The load switches on for a portion of each half line cycle. This limits the voltage applied across the load when the power is less than 50%.

The illustration shows examples of phase-angle firing:

- 25%, the output is on for a quarter of each half cycle (on at 135°, off at 180°, on at 315°, off at 360°)
- 50%, the output is on for one half of each half cycle (on at 90°, off at 180°, on at 270°, off at 360°)
- 75%, the output is on for three guarters of each half cycle (on at 45°, off at 180°, on at 225°, off at 360°)
- 100%, the output is on continuously

Phase-Angle Firing Settings

In order to operate the power controller using phase-angle firing, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter Setting	
Adv Satur	Feedback	As desired
Adv Setup	Firing	Phase Angle
Set Point:		
Hardware	Analog In 1	According to the connected signal
OR		
Operator	Set Point	As desired

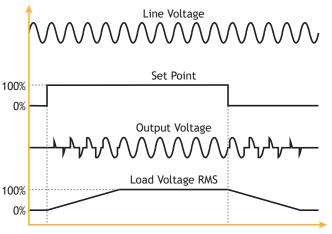
/! NOTE! When the firing type is set to *Phase Angle*, the soft start feature is ignored. To use soft start with phase angle, set the firing type to Phase Angle with Soft Start.

Phase Angle with Soft Start (DT1 Models)

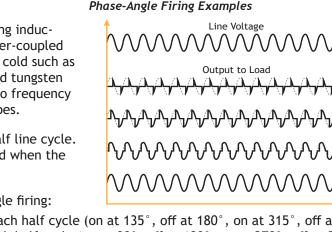
This firing type is the same as *Phase* Angle except it does use the soft start feature. Whenever the set point is changed, the firing angle is gradually adjusted rather than being instantaneously changed. The set point is ramped from the previous set point to the new set point over the user-set Soft Start Time which is set in 50ms increments on the advanced setup menu.

The soft start feature also applies when the enable signal turns on. For example if the set point is 60% but the enable signal is off, when the enable signal turns on, the output gradually increases as if the set point was ramped up from 0% to 60% over the soft start time. However, when the enable signal turns off, unlike the case of lowering the set point, the output turns off immediately rather than ramping down.

Phase-Angle Firing with Soft Start Example



This firing type is recommended to reduce inrush current with transformers during the cycle of magnetization or with cold resistance loads that are nearly short circuits when they are first turned on.



Phase Angle with Soft Start Settings

In order to operate the power controller using phase-angle firing with soft start, set the following parameters as indicated.

Menu	Parameter	Setting	
	Feedback	As desired	
Adv Setup	Firing	Phase Angle Soft Start	
	Soft Start Time	As desired	
Set Point:			
Hardware	Analog In 1	According to the connected signal	
OR			
Operator	Set Point	As desired	

Soft Start

The soft start feature can be used with all firing types except Phase Angle. Soft start acts as a filter on the set point gradually applying changes to the set point over the user-set Soft Start Time. The Soft Start Time is set in 50ms increments on the advanced setup menu.

The soft start feature also applies when the enable signal changes state. For example if the set point is 60% but the enable signal is off, when the enable signal turns on, the output gradually increases as if the set point was ramped up from 0% to 60% over the soft start time setting.

/NOTE! When the firing type is set to *Phase Angle*, the soft start feature is ignored. To use soft start with phase angle, set the firing type to *Phase Angle Soft Start*.

Start Ramp (DT1 Models)

Start ramp causes the output to be phase-angle fired for a user-specified number of half cycles each time the output is turned on. This intermittent phase-angle firing increases radio frequency emissions compared with purely zero-cross firing types. Set the duration of the ramp using the Start Ramp parameter on the advanced setup menu in increments of half cycles.

Safety Ramp (DT1 Models)

This feature is the same as start ramp except it is active only if the output is off for longer than a user-set time. Safety ramp can be used with single-phase and 60A to 500A three-phase models using burst firing with delay or single-phase units using half cycle firing. Use it to ramp up the voltage applied to a heater or other load which has been off for more than a user set time.

With this option enabled, after power to the load has been off for more than the user-set time, once power is called for, the firing type is temporarily changed to phase angle and the power is ramped up from zero to the set point over the safety ramp time. Once the ramp is complete, the firing type reverts to the user setting.

Because it uses phase-angle firing, safety ramp increases radio frequency emissions when active compared with purely zero-cross switching.

Enable the safety ramp feature and set how long the ramp takes by setting the Safety Ramp Duration (#66) to a value greater than zero (in increments of 50ms). Set the minimum amount of time the power to the load is off before the ramp occurs with the Safety Ramp Off Time parameter in increments of 50ms (#65).

Heater Bakeout Function (Models with Current Limit)

When a heater insulated with magnesium oxide (MgO) is powered off, not in use or in storage for a long period of time, it can absorb moisture. If full power is applied, excessive current can damage the heater or blow fuses. The heater bakeout feature limits the voltage and current applied as the heater is brought back in to service. This drives moisture out of the heater and prevents blown fuses and damage to the heater.

Using Heater Bakeout

While the heater bakeout feature is active, the ASPYRE DT Power Controller ramps the current according to the user-set current and ramp time parameters for the heater bakeout function. The heater bakeout function does not ramp the output above the normal process set point. Once the function has run for the user-set time, the bakeout function terminates and the power controller attempts to perform control to set point normally.

Use Heater Bakeout Ramp Time to set the duration of the bakeout in minutes. Use Heater Bakeout Current to set the current to which the function attempts to ramp in Amperes. Use Heater Bakeout Off Time to set how many minutes the heater can be off before the bakeout fuction runs the next time the heater is used.

While the performing the heater bakeout function, the power controller displays a message.

Totalizer

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller includes a power totalizator that sums the power over time in various terms. The total power over time can be viewed on the ASPYRE Configurator PC software's Test view.

Data Logging

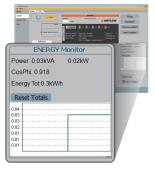
The ASPYRE DT Power Controller offers an optional data logging feature. Record up to ten parameters as often as once per second. Use ASPYRE Configurator software to set the real-time clock, to select which parameters to log, to retrieve data log files and to manage the logging memory. See "Setting Up and Using Data Logging" on page 38

The ASPYRE Configurator software also supports viewing the data in log files after downloading them from the power controller.

Data logging can be turned on and off using:

- ASPYRE Configurator software (See "Setting Up and Using Data Logging" on page 38
- The advanced setup menu in the power controller's user interface see "Logging" on page 57
- A digital input (see "Digital In 1 Function" on page 52, "Digital In 2 Function" on page 53 and "Digital Inputs" on page 69.

Totalizer Function in ASPYRE Configurator





Heater Bakeout

Maintenance & Troubleshooting

This chapter describes the routine maintenance that should be planned, provides information for troubleshooting and includes procedures for corrective actions.

NOTE! To ensure proper and safe operation of the equipment all investigation, adjustments and replacement procedures must be performed by qualified individuals.

REMARQUE : Pour assurer un fonctionnement approprié et sécuritaire de l'équipement, toutes les recherches, les réglages et les procédures de remplacement doivent être effectués par le personnel qualifié.

Routine Maintenance

With very little maintenance you can expect the ASPYRE® DT Power Controller to provide years of trouble-free operation.

- 1. To prevent overheating, periodically clean the heat-sink and protective grill on the fans. Depending on the environment, this cleaning may be necessary more or less frequently.
- 2. Periodically verify the torque on the bolts for the line, power and safety earth ground connections.

Alarms and Indicators

This section describes the alarms that can occur and what can cause them.



Alarm Indicator

When an alarm occurs and while the condition persists, the indicator labeled "4" on the display is lit. The indicator is normally off.

Power Switch Indicators

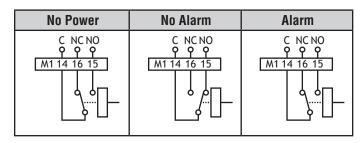
Indicators on the modules for each power switching leg indicate the power status.

Power Switch Indicators

Label	Indicator Lit When	Recommended Action	
ON	Output on	Normal condition	

Alarm Relay

When an alarm occurs and while the condition persists, the alarm relay is de-energized. The alarm relay is energized when power is supplied to the controller's electronics via the auxiliary power input and there are no alarms. The alarm relay can be configured to indicate various combinations of alarms using the hardware menu see "Alarm Function" on page 49.



Alarm Messages

The display normally indicates the power demand set point and one of the home page parameters such as output current. When an alarm occurs and while the condition persists, the upper display flashes the corresponding message. See the table below and the following sections for descriptions of each.

Alarm Messages

Alarm or Message	DT1	DT2	DT3	Description	Monitored	Triggers Alarm Relay Output	Disables Output
Aux High	Х	Х	Х	Aux voltage too high	Always	No	No
Aux Line	Х	Х		Auxiliary power lost	Alwove	No	No
Loss			Х	Line power lost	Always	INO	NO
Aux Low	Х	Х	Х	Aux voltage too low	Always	No	No
Bakeout	Х		х	Heater bakeout function is active	Always	No	No
Heater Break	Х	X	Х	Heater break alarm	When included in Alarm	Function setting	No
l Limit	Х		Х	Output reduced by current limit feature	Always (for models with current limit option)	When included in Alarm Func- tion setting	No
PH Loss		X	Х	One or more phases of the line power are disconnected	Always (for models with x.1 and x.3 firm- ware)	No	Yes
SD Card Error	Х	x	х	SD card error	Always	No	No
SCR Short	Х	X	Х	Shorted SCR (output on continuously)	When included in Alarm Function setting and when set point is below 77%		No
SCR Over Temp	Х	x	х	SCR module and heat sink are over temperature	Always	Yes	Yes
Unbalance Load		Х	х	One or more legs of the load are open Always No		No	
Watchdog	Х	Х	Х	Watchdog error for the primary serial port and USB communication	When primary serial port / USB watchdog is enabled.	When included in Alarm Func- tion setting	Yes

Aux High

This alarm occurs when the auxiliary voltage is over the maximum required. Verify the auxiliary power requirement per the model number.

Aux Line Loss

This alarm is indicated when the line power is off, but the electronics are powered by another means, such as the USB port or the optional 24VDC input.

Aux Low

This alarm occurs when the auxiliary voltage is below the minimum required. Verify the auxiliary power requirement per the model number.

Bakeout

The heater bakeout feature is controlling the output. See "Heater Bakeout Function (Models with Current Limit)" on page 78.

Heater Break

This alarm occurs when the measured load resistance is higher than expected. See "Heater Break Calibration Procedure" on page 85.

l Limit

In models with the current limit option this alarm is indicated when the current loop overrides the power demand loop to prevent the load current from exceeding the current limit set point. In multi-phase units this alarm is indicated when the current exceeds the user-set current limit. Single-phase controllers reduce the output to enforce the limit; multi-phase units do not. For more information see "Current Limit" on page 68.

SD Card Error

This error occurs when the SD memory card option is present but does not work properly or when it is impossible to read or write data. Contact your supplier.

SCR Short

This alarm occurs when the SCR is stuck on and the output is on continuously.

SCR Over Temp

This alarm occurs when the temperature sensor on the heat sink indicates it is too hot. The thermal switch alarm triggers the alarm relay output. Until the temperature is reduced, power to the load is turned off. Correct the environmental conditions that caused the over temperature or reduce the load current to resume operation. Operating the unit at temperatures outside the specified range can void the warranty. For information on proper cooling see "Cooling Requirements" on page 17.

Unbalanced Load

The resistance of one or more legs of the load has gone outside the tolerance for a balanced load. The alarm indication specifies which leg of the load is outside the tolerance. This likely indicates one or more legs of the load are open.

Watchdog

This error occurs when the communication watchdog feature is enabled for the primary serial port and USB communication but no transmission has been received for longer than the user-set watchdog reset time. When this error occurs, power to the load is turned off. "Communication Watchdog" on page 93

Opening the SCR Module Covers

WARNING: To prevent injury and loss of life, shut off power and ensure it cannot be restored while performing work with the covers open or removed.

To open the front cover:

- 1. Grip the cover by the handle .
- 2. Pull the cover firmly toward you and down.

Replacement Fuses

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller contains fast-blow fuses protecting the SCR power switches. These fuses are critical to safe operation of the power controller particularly in preventing catastrophic failure in the event of a shorted load. The agency approvals are contingent upon the use of the same fuses (manufacturer and model) that were tested. The table below lists the tested and approved fuses for the various models.

Model	Qty. Fuse	Fuse Part Numbers	
iniouei		Cooper Bussman®	
DT035	1 to 3*	17 9050	FWP-50A14Fa
DT040	1 10 3	17-8050	FWP-DUA14Fd

*One fuse per switched leg.

Access the fuse by opening the cover of the corresponding SCR module.

CAUTION: These fuses protect life and property against catastrophic failure in the event of a shorted load. They do not provide and are not approved for branch circuit protection.

CAUTION: The power controller warranty is void if the tested and approved fuses are not used.

WARNING: Before opening the cover, disconnect and lock out the line power and control signals to the unit and verify that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

ATTENTION : Ces fusibles protègent la vie et la propriété contre des pannes catastrophiques en cas de charge en court-circuit. Ils n'assurent aucune protection des circuits de dérivation et ne sont pas approuvés à cette fin.

/!\ATTENTION : La garantie du régulateur de puissance est nulle si aucun fusible testé et approuvé n'est utilisé.

AVERTISSEMENT : Avant d'ouvrir le couvercle, débrancher et verrouiller les signaux d'alimentation de ligne et de commande, puis vérifier que les câbles d'alimentation et de commande sont isolés des sources de tension.

Accessing the Control Electronics

The backup battery is located on the electronics assemble located in the control module. In order to replace the battery you must remove and disassemble this electronics assembly. See the figure on the following page.

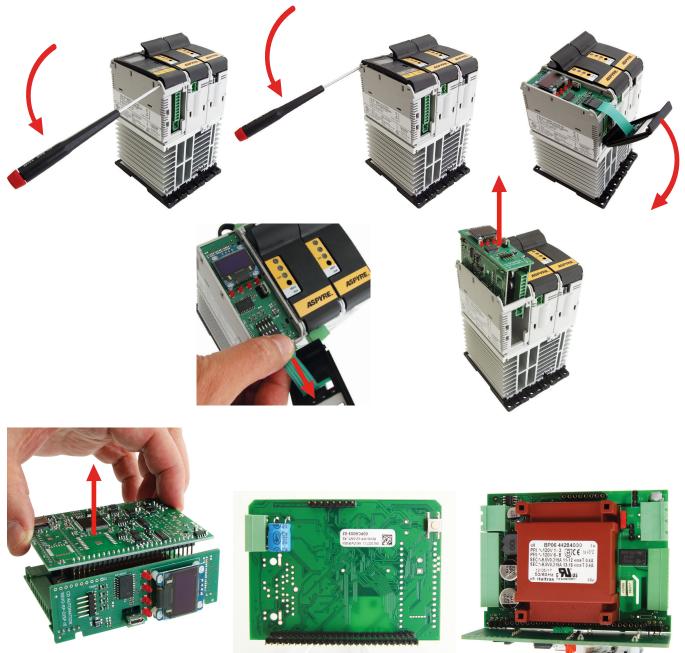
WARNING: Before opening the cover, disconnect and lock out the line power and control signals to the unit and verify that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

CAUTION: Take appropriate precautions to prevent electrostatic discharges from damaging electronic components when handling the boards.

AVERTISSEMENT : Avant d'ouvrir le couvercle, débrancher et verrouiller les signaux d'alimentation de ligne et de commande, puis vérifier que les câbles d'alimentation et de commande sont isolés des sources de tension.

ATTENTION : Prendre les précautions appropriées pour empêcher que les décharges électrostatiques n'endommagent les composants électroniques au moment de la manipulation des cartes de circuits.

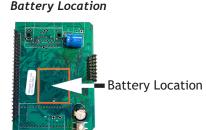
Removal and Disassembly of the Control Module Electronics



Replacing the Battery

The real time clock option includes a battery so that the time and date settings and the clock function persist when line power is shut off. The battery is expected to provide years of service, but must be replace when the clock fails to keep time when the power is off.

In order to access the battery, you must remove and disassemble the control electronics. See "Accessing the Control Electronics" on page 82. See the figure to locate the battery.



WARNING: Before opening the cover, disconnect and lock out the line power and control signals to the unit and verify that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

CAUTION: Take appropriate precautions to prevent electrostatic discharges from damaging electronic components when handling the boards.

NOTE! Dispose of the battery properly.

AVERTISSEMENT : Avant d'ouvrir le couvercle, débrancher et verrouiller les signaux d'alimentation de ligne et de commande, puis vérifier que les câbles d'alimentation et de commande sont isolés des sources de tension.

ATTENTION : Prendre les précautions appropriées pour empêcher que les décharges électrostatiques n'endommagent les composants électroniques au moment de la manipulation des cartes de circuits.

REMARQUE : Éliminer la batterie de manière appropriée.

Calibration Procedures

The procedures in this section can be used to adjust the performance of the corresponding features.

Configure the Current Limit

The current limit feature acts to prevent the RMS current from exceeding the user-set current limit. As the current approaches the limit, the power controller decreases its output. The current limit set point can be set with the I Limit parameter or by an analog input.

CAUTION: This procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.

(!) CAUTION: This procedure requires turning on full power to the load. This should only be performed once the installation is complete and when it is safe to provide full power.

ATTENTION : Cette procédure ne doit être effectuée que par le personnel qualifié.

ATTENTION : Cette procédure nécessite la mise sous tension totale de la charge. Cela ne doit être effectué qu'une fois l'installation terminée et lorsque la puissance maximale peut être fournie en toute sécurité.

For help with entering and accessing the menus see "Menu Navigation" on page 32.

To limit the current using the parameter setting:

- 1. On the Hardware menu set I Limit Local / Remote to Local.
- 2. On the Operator menu set the I Limit to 0%.
- 3. Enable the power controller and set the power demand / set point to 100%.
- 4. Gradually increase the current limit set point until the RMS current is at the maximum desired value.
- 5. Disable the power controller.

To limit the current using the signal to analog input 2:

1. On the Hardware menu set Analog In 2 for the type of signal and range:

0 to 10 VDC or 10k potentiometer	0-10 V / 10k
4 to 20 mADC	4-20mA
0 to 20 mADC	0-20mA

- 2. On the Hardware menu set the Analog In 2 Function to I Limit.
- 3. On the Hardware menu set the I Limit Local / Remote to Analog In 2.
- 4. Set the signal to the analog input to the minimum value (typically 0 V).
- 5. Enable the power controller and set the power demand / set point to 100%.
- 6. Gradually increase the signal to the analog input until the RMS current is at the maxi¬mum desired value.
- 7. Disable the power controller.

NOTE! This procedure assumes the analog input signal wiring, if used has been connected and that the signal can be set to various values as needed to perform the procedure. See "Set Point (Analog Input 1)" on page 23.

Heater Break Calibration Procedure

The heater break alarm is automatically set when you set the nominal load current and nominal line voltage. If the load resistance increases due to a partial or total load failure, the heater break alarm occurs.

You can adjust the resistance threshold at which the heater break alarm occurs with the Htr Break Sensitivity parameter on the advanced setup menu. This parameter is set as a percent of the nominal load resistance (from 1% to 100%). A lower value causes the alarm to occur with less change to the resistance.

For example, if the nominal line voltage is 300V and the nominal load current is 3A, the nominal load resistance is 100Ω . With the heater break sensitivity set to 20%, the heater break alarm occurs if the measured load resistance rises above 120Ω .

If the heater break alarm occurs due to transient conditions, you can suppress these nuisance alarms by increasing the Htr Break Delay parameter.

CAUTION: To work properly the load must be powered at least about 160msec.

/!\NOTE! The minimum current is 10% of the current transformer size. If the load current is below this value, the Heater Break Alarm does not work properly.

ATTENTION : Pour fonctionner correctement, la charge doit être alimentée à au moins 160 m/s.

REMARQUE : Le courant minimal est de 10 % de la taille du transformateur de courant. Si le courant de charge est inférieur à cette valeur, l'alarme de rupture du réchauffeur ne fonctionnera pas de manière appropriée.

Updating the Firmware

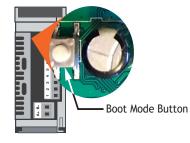
The firmware program that operates the ASPYRE DT Power Controller can be updated by connecting a Windows[®] computer via USB to the controller. Firmware updates, when available, can be found on the Watlow website.

Current Firmware	Upgrade File	
Prior to 1.14.0	Contact Factory	
1.14.0 or later	Version ending in .0	

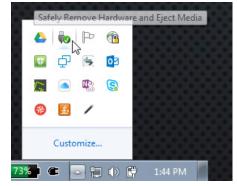
To update the firmware program:

- 1. On the Monitor menu check the current firmware Version, and select the appropriate upgrade program file. See the table.
- 2. Shut off the line power and auxiliary power to the power controller.
- 3. Place the Windows computer with the firmware update file near enough to the power controller that the USB cable can connect between them.
- 4. Locate, press and hold the boot mode button located inside the control module at the bottom, near the front opposite the M2 terminal block (see figure).
- 5. While holding the button, connect the USB cable (Watlow p/n 0219-0480-0000) between the power controller and the computer.
- 6. Release the button.
- 7. When Windows® displays options for the drive corresponding to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller's internal memory, choose Open folder to view files.
- 8. Delete the file named, "firmware.bin".
- 9. Copy the new file to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller's internal memory.
- 10. Use the Windows® command to eject the drive corresponding to the ASPYRE DT power controller.
- 11. Disconnect the USB cable.
- 12. Replace the power controller's covers.
- 13. Restore auxiliary and line power.
- 14. Wait for the update to complete before resuming normal operation.

Boot Mode Button Location







Eject LPC1XXX IFLASH		
- CRP DISABLD (D:)	20	
0000000000		С

Troubleshooting

The following table lists symptoms, probable causes and possible actions.

Symptom	Indicator States ¹	Probable Causes	Possible Actions	
		Enable signal not present	Check if one or both digital input functions are set to enable and that the corresponding signal is present. See "Configurable Digital Inputs (Digital Input 1 and Digital Input 2)" on page 24	
No load current	"ON" LED is off	No auxiliary voltage	Ensure auxiliary voltage is properly connected "Connecting the Auxiliary Power" on page 26	
		No set point signal	Ensure set point signal is supplied	
		Set point signal is connec- tions reversed	Correct analog input 1 wiring	
	"ON" LED is on	Fuse failure	Change the fuse	
		Load connection open	Check the connections	
		Communication watchdog has forced out scale to 0%	See "Communication Watchdog" on page 93	
	"ON" LED is on "HB" LED is on	Load failure	Check the load. See "Wiring the Line Power and Load" on page 26	
	"ON" LED is on "HB" LED is off	Power controller failure	Replace the power controller	
Unovposted		Auxiliary voltage out of limits	Check and correct the auxiliary voltage	
Unexpected output value		Incorrect set point signal selection	Check Local/Remote setting	
		Set point signal scaling	Check Analog Input 1 Type setting	

¹Indicators in the ASPYRE Configurator PC software's Test view.

Check the Load

For heaters switched through a transformer or heaters with elements other than nichrome measure the resistance of each leg of the heater to detemine if there has been a partial or complete failure and if it can be done safely measure the current through each leg of the heater.

WARNING: To prevent injury and loss of life, shut off power and ensure it cannot be restored while performing work with the covers open or removed.

NOTE! To ensure proper and safe operation of the equipment all investigation, adjustments and replacement procedures must be performed by qualified individuals.

AVERTISSEMENT : Pour éviter les blessures et les pertes de vie, couper l'alimentation électrique et s'assurer qu'elle ne peut être restaurée pendant l'exécution du travail avec les couvercles ouverts ou enlevés.

REMARQUE : Pour assurer un fonctionnement approprié et sécuritaire de l'équipement, toutes les recherches, les réglages et les procédures de remplacement doivent être effectués par le personnel qualifié.

measure the load resistance:

- 1. Disconnect and lock out the line power.
- 2. Open the covers if necessary to access the load connections.
- 3. Measure the load resistance:
- For a single-phase load: measure the resistance between the load connection (T1) and L2 or neutral (depending on how the load is wired.)
- For a three-phase load: measure the resistance between each load connection (T1 to T2, T2 to T3 and T3 to T1).
- 4. For each measured resistance, using Ohm's Law calculate the nominal wattage of the heater and compare to the expected wattage.
- If any leg of the load is open, the heater should be replaced.
- If the resistance of any leg differs by more than 10% from another, or from the expected value, there is likely a partial failure of the heater. Contact your supplier for further assistance.
- 5. Close covers, if opened.
- 6. Restore line power.

/!\NOTE! Watlow provides wattage calculators at:

Single-phase: <u>https://www.watlow.com/resources-and-support/engineering-tools/wattage-calculator</u> Three-phase: <u>https://www.watlow.com/resources-and-support/engineering-tools/3phase-delta-wye-calculator</u>

To measure the load current if it can be done safely using a clamp-on current meter:

• For a single-phase load measure the current near the load connection and compare with the current returned at the L2 or neutral connection. For a three-phase load: measure and compare the current through each leg of the load.

If the current measurements differ by more than 10%, contact your supplier for further assistance. If the resistance and current measurements are good, but the heater break error persists, check the nominal voltage and load current settings. See "Set Nominal Current and Voltage" on page 29

If the resistance is good but the current is not, contact your supplier. If both the resistance and current are not good replace or repair heater.

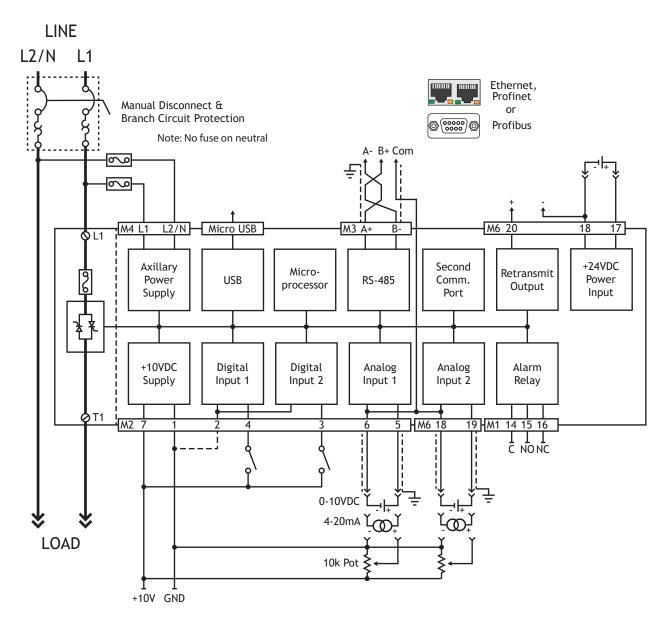
Troubleshooting Schematics

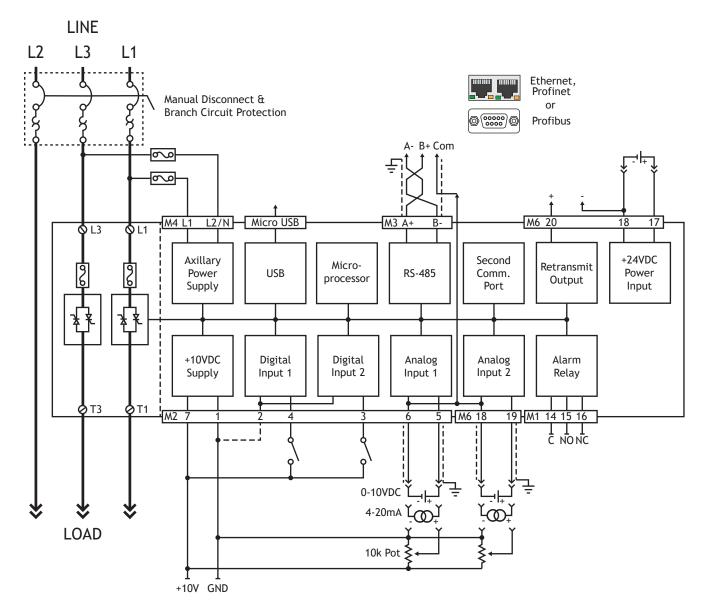
These illustrations are provided to help you understand the ASPYRE DT Power Controller when troubleshooting its use in an application.

CAUTION: Other than specifically listed in this manual, the internal components of the ASPYRE DT Power Controller are not user-serviceable. To avoid causing unsafe operation that can lead to property damage or loss of life, do not attempt to repair or alter the product.

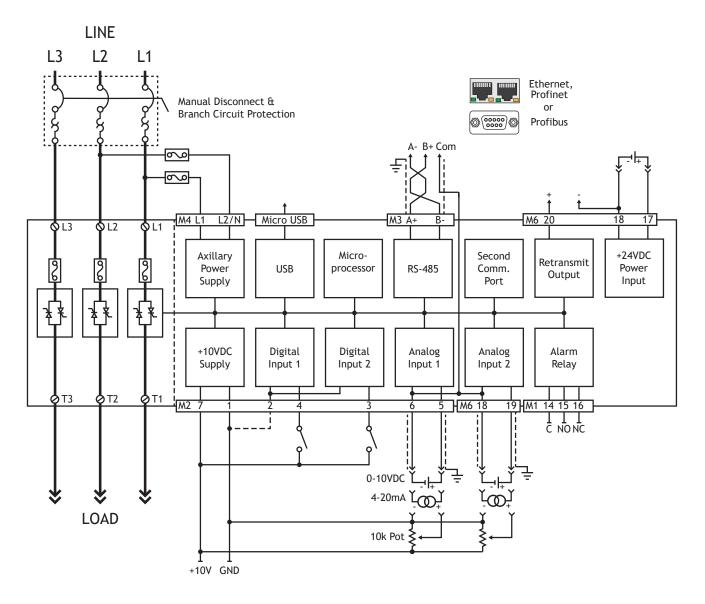
ATTENTION : Outre ce qui est spécifié dans le présent manuel, les composants internes du régulateur de puissance ASPYRE DT ne peuvent pas être réparés par l'utilisateur. Pour éviter un fonctionnement dangereux pouvant entraîner des dommages à la propriété ou la perte de vie, ne pas essayer de réparer ou de modifier le produit.

Single Phase Schematic





Three-Leg, Three-Phase Schematic



Baking the Moisture Out of a Heater

The heater bakeout function can be set up using the test view in the ASPYRE Configurator software or on the advanced setup menu, accessed through the power controller user interface. See "Using the ASPYRE Configurator Software" on page 28 for instructions on installing the software, connecting to a controller, and navigating to the test view. See "Operation" on page 31 for specific instructions on how to access the advanced setup menu through the power controller user interface. To learn more, See "Heater Bakeout Function (Models with Current Limit)" on page 78

Heater Bakeout Setup Procedure:

- 1. Ensure that power is not applied to the heater. One way to ensure that no power is applied to the heater is to adjust the set point to 0%.
- 2. Set the bakeout ramp time to the number of minutes over which the power to the heater should be ramped to avoid damage to the heater.
- 3. Set the bakeout current to the maximum current, in Amperes, that should be allowed during the bakeout process. Typically this value should be no more than the maximum current rating for the heater plus ten percent, but you can set the heater to a lower value to be safe.
- 4. Set the bakeout off time to the maximum amount of time the heater should allowed to be off before the heater bakeout occurs. If the heater is off for more than this amount of time, the heater bakeout runs automatically the next time the heater is used.
- 5. Set heater bakeout/enable heater bakeout to On.
- 6. Adjust the set point or demand signal to call for heat to start the bakeout cycle.
- 7. While the heater bakeout function is active, the display on the power controller indicates "Bakeout".
- 8. When the bakeout cycle is complete, normal control resumes.

10 Communication

Overview

This chapter describes using the various options for communicating between an ASPYRE® DT Power Controller and third-party devices and software.

Wiring

For information about wiring for the communication ports see "Communication Connections" on page 25.

Data Types

Each memory register contains an unsigned, 16-bit integer value. In a few cases the values from more than one register must be combined to read a single parameter value. For example, the kW Total parameter is stored in two 16-bit registers which must be combined in to a 32-bit long for display to users. These cases are indicated in the tables found later in this chapter. Any protocol specific types are indicated in the corresponding section.

Implied Decimals and Linear Scaling

Some values must be scaled from the units of measure in which they are displayed before being transmitted to the power controller, and conversely when read from the power controller via Communication, these values must be scaled to the units of measure for display to users.

In some cases the value read via Communication must be divided by a factor of ten because decimal precision is implied. For example, Frequency is measured and stored with two decimal place accuracy, but is transmitted via Modbus® TCP as a whole number with two implied decimal places.

In other cases the value read via communication must be scaled linearly from the range over which it is stored in the power controller to the range of values in the units of measure presented to the user. For example, the Set Point range 0% to 100% is stored in the power controller as value that ranges from 0 to 1023. When the set point is 50% the value read from the power controller is 511, not 500. In all cases the necessary scaling is indicated in the tables found later in this chapter.

Enumerated Values

Some values represent data that is indicated by a word or short phrase. These enumerated values are listed in the tables found later in this chapter. For more thorough explanations see the parameter descriptions in the "Parameter Reference" chapter starting on page 49.

Bitwise Values

The *Status Bits* parameter indicates the states of alarms, digital inputs and other features with bits that correspond to each state. The *Command Bits* parameter supports switching features such as local or remote current limit on or off. For more details see "Status Bits" on page 63 and "Command Bits" on page 51.

To set a command bit without making other changes, read the command bits register, then write the value corresponding to the current setting with the one bit of interest changed.

Communication Watchdog

When the power output is controlled via communication, use the watchdog feature to automatically turn off the power output in the event communication is lost with the controlling host device or software. Whenever the host closes the connection and when the time between messages exceeds the reset time, the watchdog feature shuts off the output.

The watchdog on the primary serial port and USB communication is disabled by default. Enable it and set the reset time on the communication menu. See "Watchdog" on page 81 and "Watchdog Reset Time" on page 65. Select the watchdog option for the alarm function to indicate a timeout with the alarm output. See "Alarm Output" on page 44 and see "Alarm Function" on page 49. The power controller resumes normal operation when communication is reestablished.

For the secondary port when configured for Modbus® TCP, Profibus DP or Profinet, the watchdog feature is enabled when the port's access is set to read and write. The reset time is fixed at 35 seconds. When the watchdog times out, the three read-write parameters in the Holding Registers are set to zero (0): Command Bits, Set Points and Out Scale. The power controller resumes normal operation when communication is reestablished and the desired values are written to these three parameters. To disable the watchdog on port 2 and control the power output locally, set the access to read-only. See "Port 2 Access" on page 59. This feature does not apply when using EtherNet/IP^M.

Enabling the Secondary Port

In order to be able to write parameter settings from the host to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller via the secondary Communication port (port 2), you must set the *Port 2 Access* parameter to *Read and Write*. Do this using AS-PYRE Configurator software or on the communication menu using the power controller's built-in user interface.

Ethernet Network Setup

In order to establish Communication, configure the Ethernet port in the ASPYRE DT Power Controller for your network. The IP address can be set only via the web page served by the ASPYRE DT Power Controller. View the current network settings for the power controller on the communication menu or using ASPYRE Configurator.

	Modbus® TCP	EtherNet/IP™
IP Address	192.168.0.221	192.168.0.220
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0

Default IP Settings in the ASPYRE DT Power Controller

To set the network address of the power controller:

- 1. With a standard Ethernet cable, connect the power controller directly to a computer.
- 2. Configure the computer's network interface with a unique IP address on the sub-network with the power controller.
- 3. Open a browser and set the URL to the actual IP address (eg. http://192.168.0.221).
- 4. Click Settings.
- 5. For Username type user.
- 6. For Password type: shImpAiR.
- 7. Click Log in.
- On the settings page enter the desired IP address and subnet mask and click Submit.

Home	Firmware l	Jpdate File Uplo	ad Rese	t Settin	gs Diag	Inostic		
								WATLOW
								Powersd by Possibility
		Authent	ication r	equired	t i			
netX De	evice	http://192. Your conn			s not priv	vate		
Welcome	to the admini	strat						
Here you	can set differe	ent Username						
Device Ir	nformation	Password						
Device N	Value Name: netIC lumber: 154410 umber: 22126	52			Lo	g in	Cancel	
Ne	twork Se	ettings						
To o	discard pre	e settings edit th viously submitt abled, the devic	ed change	es press	'discard'.			er automatically
Not	e: The nev	v settings will co	ome into e	effect afte	er a reset			
WA	RNING: C	hanging the IP	parameter	rs may ca	ause a lo	ess of conr	nection.	
Pa	rameter	Current Value	New Valu	Je				
IP /	Address	192.168.0.221	192 .	168	. 0	. 221]	
Su	bnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255 .	255	255	. 0]	
Ga	teway	0.0.0.0	0.	0.	. 0	. 0]	

submit discard clear

Modbus® TCP

This section describes communicating with an ASPYRE DT Power Controller via the Modbus[®] TCP communication option. The typical application for this protocol is using a programmable logic controller or other automation equipment to control the power controller.

Features

The Modbus® TCP option supports the following features.

Broadcast Messages

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports Modbus[®] TCP broadcast messages. Send broadcast messages using station address 0. All ASPYRE DT Power Controllers on the local area network act on the message contents without sending back any reply.

NOTE! When the Command Bits parameter is set to zero, the Set Point Source and I Limit Local / Remote parameters are each set to accept signal from the analog inputs. If the application normally uses the secondary communication port to set the Set Point and I Limit values, the Command Bits parameter must be initialized accordingly each time the master connects to the power controller.

Supported Functions

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports the Modbus® TCP functions listed below.

Function	Description
04	Read the input registers (30,001 to 39,999)
03	Read the holding registers (40,001 to 49,999)
06	Write a single holding register
16	Write multiple holding registers

EtherNet/IP[™] Setup

This section describes communicating with an ASPYRE DT Power Controller via the EtherNet/IP[™] communication option. The typical application for this protocol is using a programmable logic controller or other automation equipment to control the power controller.

Features

The ASPYRE® DT Power Controller supports two instances of the assembly class.

	Instance	Tag Letter	Description
Input	100	100 I Data produced by the power controlle	
Output	101	0	Data consumed by the power controller

Data Types

Each value is a 16-bit integer unless specified as a BOOL array.

Necessary Tools

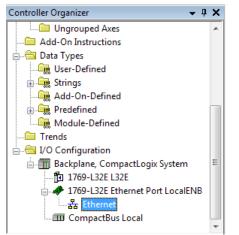
The following instructions were created using a Windows® PC with Rockwell® Automation RSLogix® 5000 version 20.04.

Importing the EDS File

The EDS file maps the ASPYRE DT Power Controller parameters in to the tag database for the PLC project.

To import the EDS file:

- 1. Download the EDS file for the ASPYRE DT Power Controller from the Watlow website. It is linked to the product page in the Related Documentation section under Software & Demos. <u>https://www.watlow.com/products/Controllers/Power-Switching-Devices/ASPYRE-Intelligent-Power-Controller</u>
- 2. Launch the EDS Hardware Installation Tool found under the Rockwell Software / RSLinx / Tools and choose Add.
- 3. Follow the prompts to import the ASPYRE DT EDS file.
- 4. Launch RSLogix 5000 and open the desired project.
- 5. In the **Controller Organizer**, right-click the PLC's **Ethernet** port and choose, **New Module**.



6. Search for "Aspyre".

Aspyre		Clear Filters		Show Filters ≯
Catalog Number	Description	Vendor	Category	
aspyre	aspyre	WATLOW	Communications	
of 451 Module Typ	pes Found			Add to Favorites

7. Select the ASPYRE module.

8. Click Create.

9. Enter a Name, Description and the power controller's IP Add	aress
--	-------

	ection Module Info Internet Protocol Port Con	figuration Network
Type: Vendor:	aspyre aspyre WATLOW	
Parent:	LocalENB	
Name:	Aspyre	Ethemet Address
Description:		 Private Network: 192.168.1. IP Address: 192 . 168 . 0 . 220 Host Name:
Module Defin	iltion	
Revision:	1.001	
Electronic Ke	eying: Compatible Module	
Connections	: <none></none>	
	Change	

10. Click Change...

11. For Connections under Name choose Exclusive Owner.

Module Definition					×
Revision: 1	-	001 ≑			
Electronic Keying: Comp	atible Mod	lule	•]	
Connections:					
Name		Remote Dat	ta	Size	
Exclusive Owner	Input:	Input_CP	101	160	INT
Exclusive Owner	Output:	Output_CP	100	50	
The disabled controls cannot	be chang	ed while onli	ne.		
		ОК	Cance	el	Help

- 12. For the Input data set Size to 160.
- 13. For the **Output** data set **Size** to 50.
- 14. For the data type choose INT.
- 15. Click OK to close the Module Definition dialog.
- 16. Click OK to close the New Module dialog.
- 17. Click Close.

Creating Aliases for Tags

With the project offline, you can browse through the imported tags and apply alias names to make the parameters easier to recognize when using them in your project. See the names suggested for input tags in the table in "Holding Registers" on page 109 and names suggested for output tags in the table in "Input Registers" on page 110

Profinet IO Setup

This section describes communicating with an ASPYRE DT Power Controller via the Profinet IO communication option. The typical application for this protocol is using a programmable logic controller or other automation equipment to control the power controller.

Necessary Tools

The following instructions were created using a Windows® PC with Siemens® TIA Portal software.

Importing the GSD file

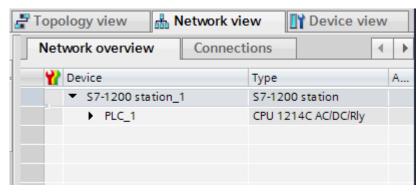
The GSD file maps the ASPYRE DT Power Controller parameters in to the tag database for the PLC project.

To import the GSD file:

- 1. Download the GSD file for the ASPYRE DT Power Controller from the Watlow website. It is linked to the product page in the Related Documentation section under Software & Demos. <u>https://www.watlow.com/products/Controllers/Power-Switching-Devices/ASPYRE-Intelligent-Power-Controller</u>
- 2. Unzip the downloaded archive file and place the items in a folder together where you can find them for the steps below.
- 3. Launch the Seimens® TIA Portal software.
- 4. Open or create a new project that includes the PLC.
- 5. From Options menu choose Manage general station description files (GSD).
- 6. Browse to the folder containing the GSD file.
- 7. Select GSDML-V2.33-WATLOW-ASPYRE-20180206.xml.
- 8. Click Install.
- 9. Click Close.

Adding ASPYRE DT to an existing TIA Portal Project:

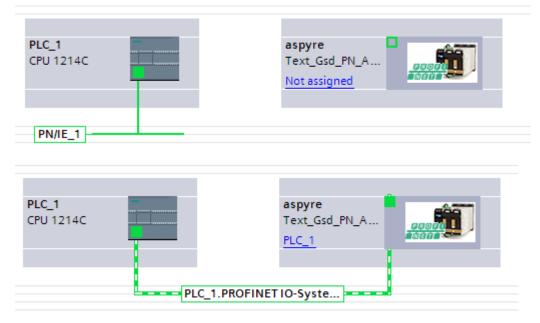
1. Select Devices & Networks in your TIA Portal project and locate the Network view in the upper right corner.



2. Drag the ASPYRE DT GSD from the Hardware catalog on the right to the Network view in the center of the application window. (See figure.)

Hardware catalog	∎ ∎ ►
Options	
✓ Catalog	
<search></search>	inil init
Filter Profile: <all></all>	- 📑
Controllers	
🕨 🫅 HMI	
PC systems	
Drives & starters	
Network components	
Detecting & Monitoring	
Distributed I/O	
Power supply and distribution	
Field devices	
🕶 🛅 Other field devices	
➡ Image: The second secon	
Drives	
Encoders	
🕨 📊 Gateway	
🛨 🛅 Watlow	
🛨 🛅 PNS	
📗 Text_Gsd_PN_Aspyre	2

3. Click and drag from the green square on the ASPYRE DT onto the Profinet network or to the green box on the PLC CPU.



4. Right-click the ASPYRE DT device and choose Assign device name.

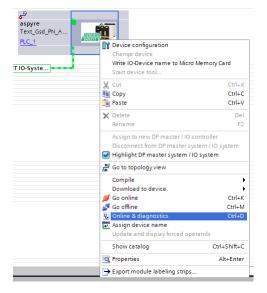
e .		
aspyre Text Gsd PN A		
PLC_1	Device configuration	
	Change device	
	Write IO-Device name to Mic	ro Memory Card
IO-Syste	Start device tool	
	X Cut	Ctrl+X
	📺 Copy	Ctrl+C
	📺 Paste	Ctrl+V
	🗙 Delete	Del
	Rename	F2
	Assign to new DP master / IC	controller
	Disconnect from DP master	
	🛃 Highlight DP master system	/ IO system
	🚽 Go to topology view	
	Compile	•
	Download to device	•
	💋 Go online	Ctrl+K
	🚀 Go offline	Ctrl+M
	Q Online & diagnostics	Ctrl+D
	Assign device name	
	Update and display forced o	perands
	Show catalog	Ctrl+Shift+C
	Roperties	Alt+Enter
	🚽 🖶 Export module labeling strip	s

- 5. In the Assign PROFINET device name dialog click Update list.
- 6. Select the ASPYRE DT device in the list and click Assign name.

Assign PROFINET device	e name.					>
-		Configured PRO	FINET devi	ice		
		PROFINET devic	e name:	aspyre	•	
		Dev		Text_Gsd_PN_Aspyre		
		Online access				
		Type of the PG/PC i	nterface:	PN/IE		•
				nnection (3) I218-V		
		Tanci	interface.	Kan Intel(k) Ethemet Col	infection (5) 12 18-V	
d,		Device filter				
~		🛃 Only show	devices of th	e same type		
				bad parameter setting	15	
			devices with		-	
			devices with	outnames		
		es in the network:				
	IP address	MAC address	Device	PROFINET device nam		
	192.168.0.110	00-02-A2-3C-EF-95	Default.D	aspyre	🕑 ок	
L 🛄						
🔲 Flash LED						
	<			1111		>
					Update list	Assign name
					opuate list	Assignmente
Online status information Search completed		a faund				
Search completed	d. 1 of 2 devices wer	re tound.				
<						>
<u> </u>						
						Close

- 7. Click Close.
- 8. Click Go online.

9. Right-click the ASPYRE DT device and choose Online & diagnostics.



10. In the properties list expand Functions and select Assign IP address.

Project1 Ungrouped device	s ▶ aspyre [DIM 17]	_ # # X
▼ Diagnostics	Andrew ID addresses	
General	Assign IP address	
Diagnostic status		
Channel diagnostics	Assign IP address to the device	
PROFINET interface		
▼ Functions	Devices connected to an enterprise network or directly to the internet must be appropriately protected against unauthorized access, e.g. by use of firewalls and network segmentation.	/
Assign IP address	For more information about industrial security, please visit	
Assign PROFINET device na	http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity	
Reset to factory settings		
	MAC address: 00 -02 -A2 -3C -EF -95 Accessible devices	
	IP address: 192 . 168 . 0 . 2	
	Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0	
	Use router	
	Router address: 192.168.0 .2	
	NOULEI BOULESS. 192.100.0.2	
	Assign IP address	
< III >		
aspyre [DIM 17]		🔍 Properties 🛛 🔛 Info 😮 🖉 Diagnostics 📰 🖃 🗸
	tem constants Texts	
▼ General	Ethernet addresses	^
Catalog information	Interface networked with	
		-
General Ethernet addresses =	Subnet: PN/IE_1	
Ethernet addresses	Add new subnet	
Interface options		
Media redundancy	IP protocol	
 Real time settings 		
Port 1 [X1 P1 R]	 Set IP address in the project 	
Port 2 [X1 P2 R]	IP address: 192.168.0.2	
Hardware identifier 🛛 💌	Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0	
< III >	Subjectitusk. 255.255.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

This uses the IP address specified in the device's General -> Profinet Interface -> Ethernet Address tab.

- 11. Click Accessible devices.
- 12. Click Start Search.
- 13. Select the ASPYRE DT Power Controller in the list.
- 14. Click Apply.
- 15. Close the **Diagnostics window**.

- 16. In the **Network view** select the ASPYRE DT device.
- 17. Click the **Device view** tab.
- 18. Click Go offline.
- 19. For each slot listed in the table below:

Click and drag the listed Input Module or Output Module from the Hardware catalog to the slot

Set the starting address as indicated by editing the I address or Q address

Slot	Module	l address	Q address
1	16 Bytes Output		100
5	64 Bytes Input	100	
6	64 Bytes Input	164	

							_∎≡×	Hardware catalog
				🚆 Topolo	gy view	h Network view	v 🛛 🕅 Device view	Options
Devi	ice ove	erview						
	F	Rack	Slot	I address	Q address	Туре	Article number	✓ Catalog
	(0	0			Text_Gsd_PN_Aspyre	1544.100	<search></search>
	(0	0 X1			aspyre		Filter Profile: <all></all>
	0	0	1		100115	16 Bytes Output		Head module
	(0	2					✓ Module
	0	0	3					✓ module
	(0	4					16 Bytes Input
	(0	5	100163		64 Bytes Input		32 Bytes Input
	0	0	6	164227		64 Bytes Input		64 Bytes Input
	(0	7					8 Bytes Input
	(0	8					Output Modules
								16 Bytes Output
								32 Bytes Output
								64 Bytes Output
								8 Bytes Output

Importing the Tag File

Once the I/O is mapped importing the tag file makes it easier to use the data by supplying human human-readable names for each parameter.

Add a tag table and watch table to the project for accessing data:

- 1. In the **Project tree** window, under your PLC, find **PLC tags** and click **Add new tag table**.
- 2. Select the new tag table.
- 3. In the tag table window click the Import button
- 4. Locate and open the ASPYRE Tag Table.xml file that was downloaded with the GSD file.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Click Go online.

7. In the tag table, click Monitor all.

Ē	₹¢	🖻 🗄 😤 🛍								
-	Tag t	table_1								
		Name	Data type	Address		Retain	Acces	Writa	Visibl	Comment
1		Frequency	Int 🛽	%IW104	-		~	\checkmark	\checkmark	
2		RMS Voltage	Int	%IW106						
3		RMS Current	Int	%IW108						
4		RMS Power	Int	%IW110			~	\checkmark		
5		Short Circuit Alarm	Bool	%I113.0			~			
6		WRITE Setpoint	Int	%QW106			~	\checkmark	~	
7		WRITE Output Scaling	Int	%QW108						
8		Heater Break Alarm	Bool	%I113.1			~	\checkmark		
9		Output Enabled	Bool	%I113.2			~		\checkmark	
10		Current Limit Alarm	Bool	%I113.4			~	\checkmark		
11	-	Thermal Alarm	Bool	%I113.5			~		\checkmark	
12	-	Communications Watchdog Al	Bool	%I113.6						
	_									

With the project online, the data from the controller is listed in the tag table window.

Watch tables and force tables can be created to use the read-write tags. These tags have names beginning with "WRITE" making them easy to find. These are the only parameters in the tags list that can be written to.

Profibus DP Setup

This section describes communicating with an ASPYRE DT Power Controller via the Profibus DP communication option. The typical application for this protocol is using a programmable logic controller or other automation equipment to control the power controller.

Features

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports cyclic data exchange via Profibus DP (DP-V0). A General Station Description (GSD) file is provided to configure the PLC.

Necessary Tools

The following instructions were created using a Windows® PC with Siemens® SIMATIC Manager software.

Importing the GSD File

The GSD file maps the ASPYRE DT Power Controller parameters in to the tag database for the PLC project.

To import the GSD file:

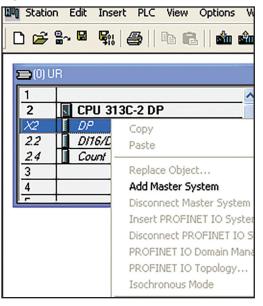
- 1. Download the GSD file for the ASPYRE DT Power Controller from the Watlow website. It is linked to the product page in the Related Documentation section under Software & Demos. <u>https://www.watlow.com/products/Controllers/Power-Switching-Devices/ASPYRE-Intelligent-Power-Controller</u>
- 2. Launch the Siemens® SIMATIC Manager software.
- 3. Create a new project.
- 4. Select the system and double-click Hardware.

SIMATIC Manager - [Aspyre C:\Program Files\Siemens\Step7\s7proj\Aspyre]									
🞒 File Edit Insert PLC View	Options Window Help								
D 🗳 🎛 🐖 X 🖻 🖪	💼 😨 💁 🏝 📜 🏥 🏢 🔁 🛛 < No Filter >	- 70							
Aspyre SIMATIC 300 Station	📴 Hardware								

5. In the toolbox, double-click the PLC you are using to add it to the project.

<u>F</u> ind:	
Profile:	Standard
Ē-188 S	SIMATIC 300
•··	C7
•	CP-300
	CPU-300
	CPU 312 IFM CPU 3120
	• 📄 CPU 312C • 📄 CPU 313
	CPU 313C-2 DP
	ES7 313-6CE00-0AB0
	6ES7 313-6CE01-0AB0
	- 🛅 6ES7 313-6CF03-0AB0
	V2.0
	E CPU 313C-2 PtP

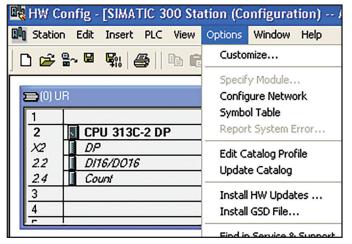
6. Right-click the PLC and choose Add Master System.



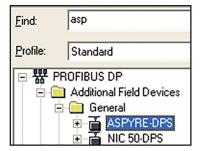
7. Click New... to create a new subnet for the master system.

Properties - PROFI	BUS interface DP	(R0/S2.1)	X
General Paramete	18		
Address:	2 💌	If a subnet is selected, the next available address is suggested.	
Subnet:			
not networked		New	
		Properties	
		Delete	1
ОК		CancelHelp	<u> </u>

- 8. Click OK to add the subnet.
- 9. Click OK to close the Properties dialog.
- 10. From the Options menu choose Install GSD File...



- 11. Browse to the location of the GSD file and select it and install it.
- 12. Search the toolbox for ASPYRE-DPS to locate the ASPYRE DT power controller.



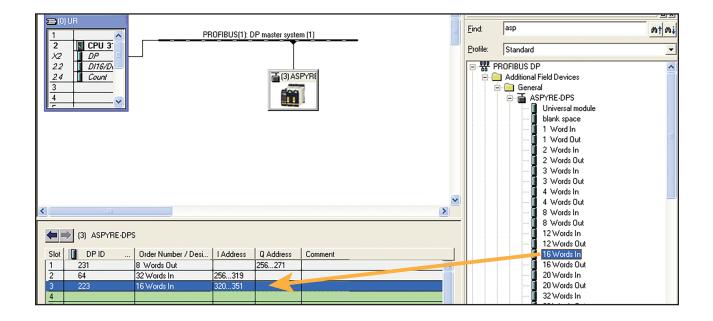
13. Drag it from the toolbox to the network.

14. In the **Properties** dialog set **Address** to the ASPYRE DT Power Controller's Port 2 Address.

Properties - PROFIBUS interface ASPYRE-DPS								
General Parameters								
Address:								
Transmission rate: 1.5 Mbps								
Subnet:								
PROFIBUS(1) 1.5 Mbps								

- 15. Click OK to close the Properties dialog.
- 16. Once the device appears in the system, select it so you can set the location of the power controller's data.
- 17. Click and drag the blocks needed for each slot.

Slot	Block	Start Address				
1	8 Words Out	0				
2	32 Words In	0				
3	16 Words In	64				
4	8 Words In	96				
5	4 Words In	112				



18. To make the power controller's parameters easier to locate when using them in your project, double click each block and set the corresponding **Start Address**. (See table in the step above.)

	Properties - DP slave
	Address / ID
	1/0 Type: Input Direct Entry
	_ Input
	Address: Length: Consistent over: Start: 64 16 Vords Total length V
(3) NIC 50-DPS	End: 351
Slot DP ID Order Number / Designation I Address Q Addres	Process image:
1 231 8 Words Out 015	Manufacturer-specific data:
2 64 32 Words In 063 3 223 16 Words In 320351	
3 223 16 Words In 320351	(Maximum 14 bytes hexadecimal, separated by comma or blank space)
5	
6	
7	OK Cancel Help

19. Download the hardware configuration and restart the PLC.

0ų	HW Co	onfig -	[SIMA]	FIC 30	0 Sta	tion (C	onfig	urati	on)	Aspyi	re]	
00	Station	e Edit	Insert	PLC	View	Options	Wind	dow H	Help			
] [) 🗃 (a∼ 🖬	\$ 10 {	3 } ₽) (5 🏜	ŵ [B) =	- 💱	\		
	🚍 (0) UI	R										
	1						^					
	2	CP	U 313C	-2 DP								
	X2	DF										PROFIBU
	2.2	DI	16/D016						_		-	
	21											

20. Save the configuration and close the HW Config window.

Monitoring the PLC

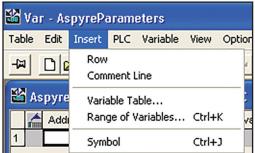
Once the tag database is imported into the PLC project, you can use the variable table to view the ASPYRE DT power controller parameters.

To monitor parameter values:

- 1. In the Siemens[®] SIMATIC Manager project browser under the project, the station, the PLC and the program,_select Blocks.
- 2. Right-click in the window and under Insert New Object choose Variable Table.

⊡- 🎒 Aspyre ⊡- 🛐 SIMATIC 300 Station	🖄 System data	🔁 OB1		
CPU 313C-2 DP G S7 Program(2) Sources Blocks	Cut Copy Paste	Ctrl+X Ctrl+C Ctrl+V		
	Delete	Del		
	Insert New Ob	Organization Block		
	PLC	Function Block		
	Rewire Compare Block Reference Dal Check Block Co	ta	Function Data Block Data Type Variable Table	

- 3. Name the table and click OK.
- 4. Double-click the new table.
- 5. For the write parameters:
- From the Insert menu choose Range of Variables...



- Set As of address to QWO.
- Set Number to 8 words.
- Click OK.

Insert Range of Var	iables	
As of address:	QWO	÷
Number:	8 · Word(s)	
Display format:	HEX	

- 6. For the read parameters:
- From the Insert menu choose Range of Variables...
- Set As of address to IWO.
- Set Number to 48 words.
- Click OK.

Insert Range of V	ariables	
As of address:	IW0	•
Number:	48 ÷ Word(s)	
Display format:	HEX DEC CHABACTER	

7. Click the monitor tool to go online and monitor communication.

👪 Var - AspyreParameters												
Table	Edit	Inse	ert	PLC V	/ariable /	View	Options	Wind	H wob	Help		
4	D	~		8	X 🖻	6.	0	×	9 8	8	?	⊙∕ 6 €° ⊨
AspyreParameters Aspyre\SIMATIC 300 Station\CPU 313C-2 DP\												
		Addre	ess	Symbol	Display	format	Status	value	Modify	y value		
1		QWV	0		DEC							
2		QWV	2		DEC							
3		NA	4		DEC							

When online, the parameter values are displayed in the Status Value column.

To alter one or more parameter values:

- 1. Type the desired value(s) in the Modifiy value column.
- 2. Click the modify variable tool.

Table	Edil	t Insert	PLC V	'ariable View	Options Wine	dow Help			
-H	D	2	8	% 🖻 🖻 🖍		° <u>.</u> 2 k	? 966 **		
👪 AspyreParameters @Aspyre\SIMATIC 300 Station\CPU 313C-2 🕽 📘									
		Address	Symbol	Display format	Status value	Modify value			
1		QWV 0		DEC	0				
2		QWV 2		DEC	0				
3		QVV 4		DEC	0	6			
4		QVV 6		DEC	0	1024			
5		QVV 8		DEC	0	255			
6		QVV 10		DEC	0				
-		ALAL 10	1	0.50	•				

Holding Registers

The table below lists the parameters that may be read and written using any of the secondary Communication options. For Modbus[®] RTU registers available via port 1 see "Modbus® RTU Holding Registers" on page 113.

For each parameter and the following information is listed:

- Parameter: the name of the parameter
- Register/Tag Number/Word Offset: the Modbus[®] TCP register or tag number for EtherNet/IP[™] or word bus offset for Profinet that holds the parameter value
- Byte Offset: the byte bus offset for Profibus DP that holds the parameter value
- Max: the maximum value of the parameter (the minimum is always zero.)
- Encoding: follow these instructions to convert values in the units of measurement before sending to the controller

Parameter	Register Tag Number Word Offset	Byte Offset	Max	Encoding	
Not used	0	0			
Not used	1	2			
Command Bits	2	4		bit 1 = local (1) / remote (0) set poin bit 2 = enable (1) / disable (0) outpu bit 4 = local (1) / remote (0) current li (all others unused)	t2
Set Point	3	6	1023	023 Multiply displayed percentage by 10.23	
Out Scale	4	8	255	Multiply displayed percentage by 2.55	%

• Units: units of measurement

¹When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write*, the local / remote option is determined only by command bit 1 regardless of whether or not a digital input is configured to set this option.

²When using a power controller with a secondary communication port, with Port 2 Access set to *Read and Write* and the power controller configured to be enabled by a digital input, the power controller is enabled only when the digital input and command bit 2 are *both* on.

Input Registers

The table below lists the parameters that may be read via using any of the secondary Communication options. For Modbus® RTU registers available via port 1 see "Modbus® RTU Holding Registers" on page 113.

For each parameter and the following information is listed:

- Parameter: the name of the parameter
- Register/Tag Number/Word Offset: the Modbus® TCP register or tag number for EtherNet/IP[™] or word bus offset for Profinet that holds the parameter value
- Byte Offset: the byte bus offset for Profibus DP that holds the parameter value
- Max: the maximum value of the parameter (the minimum is always zero.)
- Decoding: follow these instructions to display the value in the units of measurement
- Units: units of measurement

For bitwise and enumerated parameters the decoding instructions span the Max, Decoding and Units columns.

Parameter	Register Tag Number Word Offset	Byte Offset	Max Decoding		Units	
Not used	0	0				
Not used	1	2				
Frequency	2	4	65535	Divide value by 100	Hz	
V Output	3	6	9999	Divide value by 10	V	
I Output	4	8	9999	Divide value by 10	А	
Power	5	10	100	Display value as is	%	
Status Bits	6	12	bit 0 = SCR Short alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 1 = Heater break alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 2 = Output enable (1) / disabled (0) bit 4 = Current limit alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 5 = Thermal alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 6 = Communication alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 8 = Digital input 1 on (1) / off (0) bit 9 = Digital input 2 on (1) / off (0) bit 10 = Unbalanced alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 14 = Heater bakeout on (1) / off (0) bit 15 = Latched thermal alarm (1) / no alarm (0) (all others unused)			
Command Bits	7	14	bit 2 = e bit 4 = l	bit 1 = local (1) / remote (0) set point bit 2 = enable (1) / disable (0) output bit 4 = local (1) / remote (0) current limit (all others unused)		
Set Point	8	16	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%	
Out Scale	9	18	255	Divide value by 2.55	%	
l Limit1	10	20	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%	
Nominal V	11	22	1023	Display value as is	V	
Nominal I	12	24	9999 Divide value by 10 A		А	
Leg 1 I Output2	13	26	4096 Divide value by 10 A		А	
Leg 2 I Output2	14	28	4096 Divide value by 10 A		А	
Leg 3 I Output2	15	30	4096	Divide value by 10	А	
V Input	16	32	65535	Divide value by 10	V	
kVA Real Time	17	34	65535 Divide value by 100 kVA			
kW Real Time	18	36	65535	Divide value by 100	kW	

Parameter	Register Tag Number Word Offset	Byte Offset	Max	Decoding	Units	
kW Total LSW	19	38	Combine	e for 32-bit, unsigned	kWh	
kW Total MSW	20	40	integer	and divide by 10	KVVII	
Power Factor	21	42	1000	Divide value by 1000	ratio	
Not used	22	44				
Not used	23	46				
SCR Temperature	24	48		0 = Over Temp, 130	= OK	
Load Ω	25	50	65535	Divide value by 100	Ohm	
Not used	26	52				
Unit Type	27	54		7 = 1 Leg, 8 = 2 Leg, 9		
Max Voltage	28	56	1023	Display value as is	V	
Max Current	29	58	9999	Divide value by 10	A	
Aux Voltage	30	60	1023	Display value as is	V	
Firing	31	62	 1 = Zero Cross 2 = Single Cycle1 3 = Burst Fire 4 = Phase Angle1 10 = Half Cycle1 19 = Burst Fire Start Ramp1 20 = Phase Angle Soft Start1 35 = Burst Fire Delay Trigger1 74 = Half Cycle Safety Ramp (DT1 only) 99 = BF Strt Rmp Delay Trigger1 			
Feedback	32	64	0 = Voltage ² 1 = None 2 = Current ² 32 = Voltage 64 = Current 128 = Power 256 = External			
Limit Peak Current1	33	66	0 = RMS	Current, 1 = Peak Curre	nt	
Remote SP	34	68	0 = Anal	og In 1, 1 = Analog In 2		
Analog In 1 [Value]	35	70	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%	
Analog In 2 [Value]	36	72	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%	
Digital In 1 Function Digital In 2 Function	37 38	74	0 = Enable 1 = None 2 = Voltage Feedback 3 = Local / Remote 4 = Phase Angle1 5 = Set Point Analog In 1 / 2 6 = Logging 7 = Heater Bakeout1 9 = Alarm Reset 10 = SSR (Digital input 1 only)			
Alarm Function	39	78	bit 0 = Heater Break (HB) bit 1 = SCR Short (SC) bit 2 = I Limit1 (IL) bit 4 = Watchdog (WD) for primary serial port and USB			
Safety Ramp Off Time	40	80	65535 Display value as is x50ms			

Parameter	Register Tag Number Word Offset	Byte Offset	Max	Decoding	Units
Safety Ramp Duration	41	42	65535	Display value as is	x50ms
Heater Bakeout2	42	84	0 = Off, 1 = On		
Bakeout Ramp Time2	43	86	9999 Display value as is min		min
Bakeout Current2	44	88	9999 Divide value by 10 A		А
Bakeout Off Time2	45	90	9999 Display value as is min		min
Logging	46	92	0 = Off, 1 = On		

MSW = Most Significant Word, LSW = Least Significant Word

¹DT1 models with the current limit option

²DT2 and DT3 models

Modbus® RTU

This section describes communicating with an ASPYRE DT Power Controller via the Modbus RTU communication protocol available via port 1. The typical application for this protocol is using a programmable logic controller or other automation equipment to control the power controller.

Features

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports communication via Modbus RTU with the features described below.

Message Format

The transmission format is:

- 1 start bit
- 8 data bits
- 2 stop bits (no parity)

Broadcast Messages

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports Modbus[®] RTU broadcast messages. Send broadcast messages using station address 0. All ASPYRE DT Power Controllers on the local area network act on the message contents without sending back any reply.

Supported Functions

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports the Modbus[®] RTU functions listed below. Note the limits to the number of registers that can be read and written with a single message from the host for each function.

Function	Description	Maximum Registers
03	Read the holding registers (40,001 to 49,999)	121
06	Write a single holding register	1
16	Write multiple holding registers	25

Communication Errors

Messages contain CRC error checking. If a message from the host fails the CRC test, or if the received message contains a syntax error, for example, the number of bytes or words is not correct, then the power controller will ignore the message.

If the received message is correct but contains an invalid value, the power controller responds with an error code. The supported error codes are listed in the table below.

Error Code Description							
1	Function code not supported						
2	Incorrect data address						
4	Too many registers (parameters) requested						

Access Level

The ASPYRE DT Power Controller supports access to its parameters via the Modbus[®] RTU holding registers (40,001 to 49,999). The values of all the defined parameters may be read, some parameters are read-only and some parameters may be changed only after entering the correct password for the Access Level parameter.

Level zero (0) parameters do not require a password be entered. The level 1 password is "1111".

Which parameters are read-only and the access level of each parameter is indicated in table in the "Modbus® RTU Holding Registers" section below.

Modbus® RTU Holding Registers

The table below lists the parameters that may be read via Modbus® RTU via port 1.

For each parameter and the following information is listed:

- Parameter: the name of the parameter
- Register: the memory register that holds the parameter value
- Max: the maximum value of the parameter (the minimum is always zero.)
- Decoding: follow these instructions to display the value in the units of measurement
- Units: units of measurement
- RO: parameters marked with "RO" are read-only, all others allow reading and writing
- Level: Access level required to write a new value (not listed for read-only parameters)

For bitwise and enumerated parameters the decoding instructions span the Max, Decoding and Units columns.

Parameter	Register	Max	Decoding	Units	RO	Level
Access Level	1	65535	Display value as is	none		0
Port 2 Access	2	0 = Read	and Write, 1 = Read Only			1
Frequency	9	65535	Divide value by 100	Hz	RO	
V Output	10	9999	Divide value by 10	V	RO	
l Output	11	9999	Divide value by 10	А	RO	
Power	12	100	Display value as is	%	RO	
Status Bits	13	bit 0 = SCR short alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 1 = Heater break alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 2 = Output enable (1) / disabled (0) bit 4 = Current limit alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 5 = Thermal alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 6 = Communication alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 8 = Digital input 1 on (1) / off (0) bit 9 = Digital input 2 on (1) / off (0) bit 10 = Unbalanced alarm (1) / no alarm (0) bit 14 = Heater bakeout on (1) / off (0) bit 15 = Latched thermal alarm (1) / no alarm (0) (all others unused)				0

Parameter	Register	Max	Decoding	Units	RO	Level	
Command Bits	14	bit 2 = ei bit 4 = lo	bit 1 = local (1) / remote (0) set point bit 2 = enable (1) / disable (0) output bit 4 = local (1) / remote (0) current limit (all others unused)				
Set Point	15	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%		0	
Out Scale	16	255	Divide value by 2.55	%		0	
l Limit ¹	17	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%		0	
Firing	18	2 = Single 3 = Burst 4 = Phase 10 = Half 19 = Burs 20 = Phas 35 = Burs 74 = Half	 1 = Zero Cross 2 = Single Cycle¹ 3 = Burst Fire 4 = Phase Angle¹ 10 = Half Cycle¹ 19 = Burst Fire Start Ramp¹ 20 = Phase Angle Soft Start¹ 35 = Burst Fire Delay Trigger¹ 74 = Half Cycle Safety Ramp (DT1 only) 99 = BF Strt Rmp Delay Trigger¹ 				
Feedback	0 = Voltage Squared 1 = None 2 = Current Squarted 32 = Voltage 64 = Current 128 = Power 256 = External					0	
Minimum Cycles	20	255	Display value as is	cycles		0	
Half Cycle Delay	21	255	Display value as is	cycles		0	
Delay	22	90	Display value as is	degrees		0	
Soft Start	23	255	Display value as is	x50ms		0	
Cycle Time	24	255	Display value as is	x50ms		0	
Start Ramp	25	1023	Display value as is	half cycles		1	
Prop Band Power	26	255	Display value as is	%		1	
Integral Power	27	255	Display value as is	%		1	
Htr Break Delay	28	255	Display value as is	x50ms		1	
Htr Break Sensitivity	29	100	Display value as is	%		1	
Port 1 Baud	30		= 9600, 1 = 19200, 2 = 38400			1	
Port 1 Address	31	255	Display value as is	none		1	
Digital In 1 Function	32	0 = Enab 2 = Volta	le ge Feedback / Remote			1	
Digital In 2 Function	33	5 = Set P 6 = Loggi 7 = Heate		1			
Alarm Function	34	bit 0 = H bit 1 = S(bit 2 = I bit 4 = W		1			
Unit Type	36		7 = 1 Leg, 8 = 2 Leg, 9 =	= 3 Leg	RO		
Nominal V	37	1023	Display value as is	V		0	
Nominal I	38	9999	Divide value by 10	A		0	
Max Voltage	41	1023	Display value as is	V	RO		

Parameter	Register	Max	Decoding	Units	RO	Level
Aux Voltage	43	1023	Display value as is	V	RO	
Analog In 1 [Signal Type]	44	1 = 0-10	V / 10k Pot, 2 = 4-20mA, 3 =		1	
Load Ω	46	65535	Divide value by 100	Ohm		0
V Input	47	65535	Divide value by 10	V	RO	
Version	48	65535	Display value as is	none	RO	
Release	49	65535	Display value as is	none	RO	
Limit Peak Current ¹	52	0 = RMS	Current, 1 = Peak Current			0
Leg 1 I Output ²	54	9999	Divide value by 10	А	RO	
Leg 2 I Output ²	55	9999	Divide value by 10	А	RO	
Leg 3 I Output ²	56	9999	Divide value by 10	А	RO	
Startup Display	60	0 = Curr	ent, 1 = Voltage, 2 = Power			1
Remote SP	61	0 = Anal	og In 1, 1 = Analog In 2			1
Max Current	62	9999	Divide value by 10	А		1
Prop Band Current ¹	63	255	Display value as is	%		1
Integral Current ¹	64	255	Display value as is	none		1
Safety Ramp Off Time	65	65535	Display value as is	x50ms		0
Safety Ramp Duration	66	65535	Display value as is	x50ms		0
Retransmit	68	0 = V Ou 15 = Set	itput, 11 = l Output, 12 = Pc Point	wer,		1
Retransmit Type	69	0 = 4-20	mA , 1 = 0-10V, 2 = 0-20mA	1	1	
Logging Interval ³	70	255	Display value as is	seconds	1	1
Ethernet Address ³	71 to 74	255		1		
Ethernet Subnet ³	75 to 78	255	Each register contains one of the IP address or mask	RO		
Ethernet Gateway ³	79 to 82	225	delimited by dots.			
Model	83 to 90	Two (one	e-byte) characters per regis		1	
DD/MM/YY ³	91	MSB = da	ay; LSB = month		1	0
	92	MSB = ye	ear; LSB = hour		1	0
HH:MM:SS ³	93		inute; LSB = second		1	0
Power Factor	102	1000	Divide value by 1000	ratio	RO	
Analog In 2 [Signal Type]	105	1 = 0-10	V / 10k Pot, 2 = 4-20mA, 3 =	i = 0-20mA		1
Analog In 2 Function	116		nit*, 1 = Feedback, 2 = Set P			1
Port 2	119		bled, 1 = Ethernet		RO	
Port 2 Address [Profibus] ³	122	255	Display value as is	none		1
kVA Real Time	123	65535	Divide value by 100	kVA	1	0
Retransmit Scale	124	9999	Display value as is	varies	1	1
kW Total Least Significant Word	125		e for 32-bit, unsigned inte-			0
kW Total Most Significant Word	126		divide by 10	kWh		0
SCR Temperature	127	0 = Over	⁻ Temp, 130 = OK		RO	1
kW Real Time	131	65535	Divide value by 100	kW		0
Analog In 2 [Value]	137	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%	RO	1
Analog In 1 [Value]	138	1023	Divide value by 10.23	%	RO	1
Logging ³	139	0 = Off,		1		0
Heater Bakeout ¹	140	0 = Off,				0
Watchdog ⁴	142	0 = 0 ff,		1		

Parameter	Parameter Register Max Decoding		Units	RO	Level	
Watchdog Reset Time⁴	143	255	Display value as is	seconds		1
Bakeout Ramp Time ¹ 144 99999 Display value as i		Display value as is	min		1	
Bakeout Current ¹	145	9999	Divide value by 10	А		1
Bakeout Off Time ¹	146	9999	Display value as is	min		1
Serial Number	149 to 152	Display t	he contents of each registe	r	RO	
Thermal Alarm Counter	rmal Alarm Counter 154 65535 Disp		Display value as is	none	RO	
Neutral Connected	156	0 = No N		0		

MSB = Most Significant Byte, LSB = Least Significant Byte

¹Models with the current limit option

²DT2 and DT3 models

³Applicable only for models with corresponding ordering options

⁴Primary serial port and USB communication

11 Specifications

Power Bases

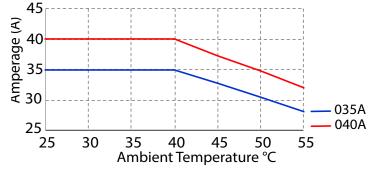
- Single-phase, 1 controlled leg (2 SCR's)
- Three-phase, 2 controlled legs (4 SCR's)
- Three-phase, 3 controlled legs (6 SCR's)

Load Amp Range

- 35A to 40A @ 40°C ambient. For higher ambient temperatures see derating table below.
- Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage
- 480V models: 1200V
- 600V models: 1600V

Current Derating

Model	Maximum Switched Current (A) by Ambient Temperature					
	40°C	47.5°C	55°C			
DT035	35	31.5	28			
DT040	40	36	32			



Altitude Derating

Over 3280 feet (1000 meters)	Reduce nominal current by 2% for each 328 feet (100 meters)

SCR Rating

- Latching current: 1A minimum
- Power dissipation: approximate 1.25 to 1.5 watts per amp per controlled leg
- Leakage Current: 15mA
- SCCR rating 100,000A up to 600VAC

Line and Load Voltage Range

- 24 to 480V ±10% min./max.
- 24 to 600V ±10% min./max.
- Integrated dv/dt protection networks inlcuding metal oxide varistors
- Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR): 100,000A up to 600VAC

Voltage Frequency

• 50 to 60Hz

Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge for SCRs (10ms)

	SCR I ² T (A ² s)		
Current (A)	Single Phase	2-Leg 3-Phase	3-Leg 3-Phase
35 to 40		2,310	

Feedback and Load Types

- Voltage, voltage squared, current, current squared, power, open loop and external
- All feedback types available with any firing type
- Normal resistive loads nichrome, infrared lamps; medium and long waveform
- Others Moly (Kanthal® Super), transformers, silicon carbide, UV lamps, tungsten

Output Control Firing

- Zero crossing
- Single cycle
- Burst firing with delayed triggering, safety ramp and peak current limit options
- Burst firing with start ramp option (phase angle at the beginning of each burst)
- Phase angle with soft start option
- Half cycle with start ramp and peak current limit options

Available Firing Type Combinations

Firing Type Combinations	Single Phase	3-Phase, 2-Leg	3-Phase, 3-Leg
Zero Crossing	Х	Х	Х
Zero Crossing + Start Ramp	Х		
Zero Crossing + Start Ramp + Soft Start	Х		
Zero Crossing + Soft Start	Х	Х	Х
Burst Firing	Х	Х	Х
Burst Firing + Soft Start	Х	Х	Х
Burst Firing + Start Ramp	Х		
Burst Firing + Start Ramp + Soft Start	Х		
Single Cycle	Х		
Single Cycle + Soft Start	Х		
Phase Angle	Х		
Phase Angle + Soft Start	Х		
Half Cycle	Х		
Half Cycle + Soft Start	Х		
Burst Firing + Delayed Triggering + Soft Start	Х		
Burst Firing + Delayed Triggering	Х		
Burst Firing + Delayed Triggering + Safety Ramp	Х		
Burst Firing + Delayed Triggering + Safety Ramp + Soft Start	X		
Half Cycle + Safety Ramp	Х		
Half Cycle + Safety Ramp + Peak Current Limit	Х		

Current Limiting and Heater Bakeout

• Available on DT1 models and DT3 models 60A to 500A.

Auxiliary Power Input

- Powers controller electronics
- 8VA maximum
- Must be synchrionized with the L1 phase of switched power

Power for Controller Electronics

Auxiliary Power Option VAC RMS	Maximum Operating Range (VAC)
100/120	90 to 135
200/208/220/230/240	180 to 265
277	249 to 305
380/400/415/440/480	342 to 528
600	540 to 660

Analog Inputs 1 and 2

- Voltage: 0 to 10VDC, 15KΩ impedance
- Current: 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA, 100 Ω impedance
- Potentiometer: 10KΩ min.
- Analog Input 1 Function: Set point reference
- Analog Input 2 Functions: current limit, feedback or set point reference

Digital Inputs 1 and 2

- On \geq 4VDC, Off \leq 1VDC
- 4 to 30VDC @ 5mA max.
- Optically isolated
- Digital Input functions: enable, SSR, alarm reset, change to voltage feedback, local/remote set point enable, change to phase angle firing, select analog input 1 or 2 for set point, enable data logging, enable heater bakeout
- A switched VDC control output can be connected to the digital input as an open loop control mode command signal

Analog Output

- 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA into 500 Ω maximum load with 50 μ A nominal resolution
- 0 to 10VDC into a 500 Ω min. load with 50mV nominal resolution

Analog Output Function

- Retransmit: Load voltage, current, power or set point
- If using analog retransmit and any Ethernet protocol or Profibus, an external power supply is required.

Alarm Relay

- Form C, electromechanical relay, 30VDC max. at 1A resistive load or 0.5A at 125VAC, 6000 cycles at 30VDC, 100,000 cycles at 120VAC
- Relay Functions: alarm output options for heater open/break, SCR short, current limit and/or Communication watchdog and SCR over-temperature

DC Power Supply for Digital Inputs and Potentiometer (for analog inputs)

• 10VDC @ 10mA maximum

Diagnostic Messages

• Heater break (open), SCR shorted (closed), current limit, thermal switch, SD card error, communication watchdog error, bakeout in process, auxiliary voltage too low or high, voltage line loss

Configuration

• ASPYRE Configurator PC software via EIA-485 or USB, and on-board operator interface

Operator Interface

- 0.96 in. white OLED display with 128 x 64 pixel resolution
- Four buttons: local/remote (L/R), function (F) up arrow and down arrow
- Four indicators: local/remote mode, enable, communication and alarm

Control Terminals

• Terminals are touch safe, removable, 12 to 22 AWG

Line and Load Terminals

• Compatible with crimp lug terminals or busbar

Mounting

- Panel mounting with screws or DIN-rail
- Must be mounted with heat sink fins in vertical orientation

Model	Current (A)	Switched Legs	Heat Loss (W)
DT1035	35	1	44
DT1040	40	1	50
DT2035	35	2	88
DT2040	40	2	100
DT3035	35	3	135
DT3040	40	3	150

Total Heat Generated by ASPYRE® DT Power Controller

Environment

- Ambient operating temperature: see "Current Derating" on page 117
- Up to 6560 feet (2000m) above sea level maximum
- Over 1000 meters of altitude reduce the nominal current by 2% for each 100 meters
- 5 to 90% RH (relative humidity), non-condensing
- Storage temperature -25 to 70°C max.
- Pollution degree: Installation Category III, Pollution degree 2
- Install away from direct sun light, conductive dust, corrosive gas, vibration, water and corrosive salts.

Agency Approvals

- cULus 508 Listed File E73741
- cUL® Listed to C22.2 No. 14
- Max Load Current: see "Current Derating" on page 117
- CE EMC Directive 2014-30-EU, EN 60947-4-3 Class A Emissions
- CE Safety Directive 2014-35-EU, EN 60947-4-1, -4-3
- IP 20 with all covers in place
- RoHS 2011-65-EU
- W.E.E.E 2012-19-EU
- Utilization Category: AC-51, AC-55b, AC-56a
- See "Current Derating" on page 117 for ambient operating temperatures

Connectivity

- Port 1: Modbus® RTU
- Port 2: Modbus® RTU, Modbus® TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFIBUS DP or PROFINET
- USB 2.0 device
- If using analog retransmit and any Ethernet protocol or Profibus, an external power supply is required.

Integrated Data Logging

- Storage: 16GB SD memory card
- File type: comma separated value (*.csv)
- User programmable logging intervals: 1 to 255 seconds
- Up to 10 parameters selectable by user: line frequency, output voltage (RMS), output current (RMS), output power (average), status, commands, set point, current limit set point (RMS), load resistance, input voltage (RMS)

Fusing

- Integrated semiconductor fuse
- Refer to replacement fuse table

Real time clock and battery back-up

- Typical battery life: 5 years at 77°F (25°C)
- CR2032 field replaceable battery

Accessories

ASPYRE Configurator Software Download for free at: https://www.watlow.com/en/resources-and-support/Technical-Library/Software-and-Demos

USB Cable

• 6ft USB 2.0 type A to micro device cable (p/n 0219-0480-0000)

External 24VDC Power Supply

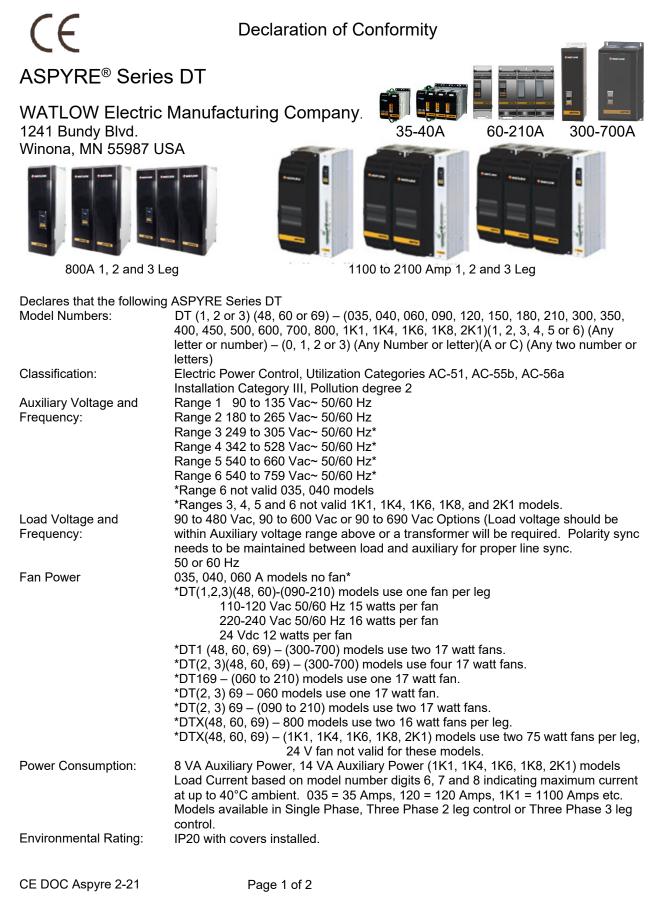
- Watlow power supply (p/n 0847-0299-0000) UL® Class 2, 90-263 VAC input, 24VDC output, 1.30A, 31W
- Phoenix Contact (p/n 2904371) UL_® Class 2, 264 to 575 Vac input, 24 Vdc output 3.75A, 90W

Replacement Fuses

Madal		Fuse Part Numbers	
Model	Qty.	Watlow	Cooper Bussman®
DT035	1 to 31	17-8050	FWP-50A14Fa
DT040	1 10 51		

¹One fuse per switched leg.

Declaration of Conformity



Declaration of Conformity

Meet the essential requirements of the following European Union Directives by using the relevant standards show below to indicate compliance.

2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive		
EN 60947-1 2007:A1	Low Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear: Part 1 General Rules.	
2011, A2 2014		
EN 60947-4-3 2014	Part 4-3: Contactors and motor-starters - AC semiconductor controllers and contactors for non-motor loads	
EN 55011 2016:A1 2017	Industrial, scientific and medical equipment - Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	
	Class B Radiated Emissions, Class A Conducted Emissions. Group 1 Equipment. <i>CAUTION: This equipment not intended for use in residential environments and</i> <i>may not provide adequate protection to radio reception in such environments.</i> <i>For use in Class B environments, additional filtering on power lines required.</i> <i>For use with Phase Angle control, additional filtering required to pass Class A</i> <i>conducted Emissions. A Schaffner FN2080-16-06 was using in testing. A model</i> <i>with similar attenuation appropriate for currents involved will need to be selected in</i> <i>the cond application or relevant limite for 20 lo(A long power)</i>	
EN 61000-4-2:2009	the end application or relaxed limits for > 20 kVA loads could be followed. Electrostatic discharge immunity	
EN 61000-4-3:2006	Radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field immunity, 10 V/m 80 MHz to 1 GHz	
+A1/2008, A2/2010	3 V/m 1.4 to 2 GHz, 1 V/m from 2 to 2.7 GHz.	
EN 61000-4-4:2012	Electrical fast-transient / burst immunity	
EN 61000-4-5:2014 +A1/2017	Surge immunity	
EN 61000-4-6:2014 + Corrigendum 2015	Immunity to conducted disturbances induced by radio-frequency fields 10 Vrms.	
IEC 61000-4-11:2020	Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity	
2014/35/EU Low-Voltage Directive		
EN 60947-1 2007:A1 2011, A2 2014	Low Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear: Part 1 General Rules.	

Part 4-3: Contactors and motor-starters - AC semiconductor controllers and contactors for non-motor loads

Compliant with 2011/65/EU RoHS Directive

Per 2012/19/EU W.E.E.E Directive Recycle Properly

Models DTXXX-XXXX-AXX(C or D)XX contain a type CR2032 lithium coin cell battery which shall be recycled at end of life per 2006/66/EC Battery Directive as amended by 2013/56/EU Directive.

Doug Kuchta Name of Authorized Representative

EN 60947-4-3 2014

Director of Operations Title of Authorized Representative

Signature of Authorized Representative

CE DOC Aspyre 2-21

Winona, Minnesota, USA Place of Issue

February 2021 Date of Issue

Page 2 of 2

How to Reach Us

Corporate Headquarters

Watiow Electric Manufacturing Company 12001 Lackland Road St. Louis, MO 63146 Sales: 1-800-WATLOW2 Manufacturing Support: 1-800-4WATLOW Email: info@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.com From outside the USA and Canada: Tel: +1 (314) 878-4600 Fax: +1 (314) 878-6814

Latin America

Watłow de México S.A. de C.V. Av. Fundición No. 5 Col. Parques Industriales Querétaro, Qro. CP-76130 Mexico Tel: +52 442 217-6235 Fax: +52 442 217-6403

Europe

Watlow Plasmatech GmbH Brennhoflehan — Kellau 156 431 Kuchl Austria Tel: +43 6244 20129 0 Email: austria@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.com Watlow France Tour d'Asnières. 4 Avenue Laurent Cély 92600 Asnières sur Seine France Tél: + 33 (0)1 41 32 79 70 Télécopie: + 33(0)1 47 33 36 57 Email: info@watlow.fr Website: www.watlow.com

Watlow GmbH Postfach 11 65, Lauchwasenstr. 1 D-76709 Kronau Germany Tel: +49 (0) 7253 9400-0 Fax: +49 (0) 7253 9400-900 Email: germany@watlow.de Website: www.watlow.com Watlow Italy S.r.I. Viale Italia 52/54 20094 Corsico Milano Italy Tel: +39 024588841 Fax: +39 0245869954 Email: italyinfo@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.com

Watlow Ibérica, S.L.U. C/Marte 12, Posterior, Local 9 E-28850 Torrejón de Ardoz Madrid - Spain T. +34 91 675 12 92 F. +34 91 648 73 80 Email: info@watlow.es Website: www.watlow.com

Watlow Ltd. Roby Close, Linby Ind. Estate Linby NG15 8AA Nottingham United Kingdom Email: info@watlow.co.uk Website: www.watlow.com From outside The United Kingdom: Tel: +44 (0) 115 964 0777 Fax: +44 (0) 115 964 0071

Asia and Pacific

Watlow Singapore Pte Ltd. 20 Kian Teck Lane, 4th Floor Singapore 627854 Tel: +65 6773 9488 Fax: +65 6778 0323 Email: info@watlow.com.sg Website: www.watlow.com.sg

瓦特隆电子科技(上海)有限公司 中国上海市 上海市杨浦区国定东路275-8号 绿地汇创1306室 200433 中国 本地: 4006 Watlow (4006 928569) 国际: +86-21-3532 8532 传真: +86-21-3532 8568 电子邮件: info-cn@watlow.com 网站: www.watlow.com

Watlow Electric Manufacturing Company (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. Greenland International Plaza Room 1306 275-8 East Guoding Road, Yangpu District Shanghai 200433 China Local Phone: 4006 Watlow (4006 928569) International: +86 21 3381 0188 Fax: +86 21 6106 1423 Email: info-cn@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.cn

Watlow Thermal Solutions India Pvt., Ltd. 401 Aarohan Plaza, 4th Floor No. 6-3-678/1 Panjagutta Hyderabad 500082 Telangana India Tel: +91-40-666 12700 Email: infoindia@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.com ワトロー・ジャパン株式会社
 〒101-0047 東京都千代田区内神田1-14-4
 四国ビル別館9階
 Tel: 03-3518-6630
 Fax: 03-3518-6632
 Email: infoj@watlow.com
 Website: www.watlow.co.jp

Watlow Japan Ltd. Shikoku Building Annex 9th Floor 1-14-4 Uchikanda, Chiyoda-Ku Tokyo 101-0047 Japan Tel: +81-3-3518-6630 Fax: +81-3-3518-6632 Email: infoj@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.co.jp

Watlow Korea Co., Ltd. #2208, Hyundia KIC Building B, 70 Doosan-ro Geumcheon-gu, Seoul Republic of Korea Tel: +82 (2) 2169-2600 Fax: +82 (2) 2169-2601 Website: www.watlow.co.kr

瓦特龍電機股份有限公司 80143 高雄市前金區七賢二路189號 10樓之一 電話: 07-2885168 傳真: 07-2885568 电子邮件: ryeh@watlow.com 网站: www.watlow.com

Watlow Electric Taiwan Corporation 10F-1 No.189 Chi-Shen 2nd Road Kaohsiung 80143 Taiwan Tel: +886-7-2885168 Fax: +886-7-2885568 Email: ryeh@watlow.com Website: www.watlow.com

