



For Configurations: PM(3,6)(L,M)___-A__G__





1241 Bundy Boulevard., Winona, Minnesota USA 55987 Phone: +1 (507) 454-5300, Fax: +1 (507) 452-4507 http://www.watlow.com

10-42072 Rev. -, July 2020, Made in the U.S.A.

Warranty Information

The PM LEGACY[™] Limit Controller is manufactured by ISO 9001-registered processes and is backed by a three-year warranty to the first purchaser for use, providing that the units have not been misapplied. Since Watlow has no control over their use, and sometimes misuse, we cannot guarantee against failure. Watlow's obligations hereunder, at Watlow's option, are limited to replacement, repair or refund of purchase price, and parts which upon examination prove to be defective within the warranty period specified. This warranty does not apply to damage resulting from transportation, alteration, misuse or abuse. The purchaser must use Watlow parts to maintain all listed ratings.

Technical Assistance

If you encounter a problem with your Watlow controller, review your configuration information to verify that your selections are consistent with your application: inputs, outputs, alarms, limits, etc. If the problem persists, you can get technical assistance from your local Watlow representative (see back cover), by e-mailing your questions to <u>wintechsupport@watlow.com</u> or by dialing +1 (507) 494-5656 between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m., Central Standard Time (CST). Ask for an Applications Engineer. Please have the following information available when calling:

Complete model number All configuration information User's Guide Factory Page

Return Material Authorization (RMA)

- 1. If you are an End User, and this PM is installed in an OEM System, please contact the OEM to get the PM repaired. If you are an OEM or Watlow Distributor, please go to www.watlow.com/rma to start the RMA process. Watlow Customer Service will then respond back with the RMA number via an email.
- 2. A Return Merchandise Authorization number from the Customer Service Department is required when returning any product for credit, repair or evaluation. Make sure the Return Merchandise Authorization number is on the outside of the carton and on all paperwork returned. Ship on a Freight Prepaid basis.
- 3. After we receive your return, we will examine it and try to verify the reason for returning it.
- 4. In cases of manufacturing defect, we will enter a repair order, replacement order or issue credit for material returned. In cases of customer misuse, we will provide repair costs and request a purchase order to proceed with the repair work.
- 5. To return products that are not defective, goods must be in new condition, in the original boxes and they must be returned within 120 days of receipt. A 20 percent restocking charge is applied for all returned stock controls and accessories.
- 6. If the unit cannot be repaired, you will receive a letter of explanation and be given the option to have the unit returned to you at your expense or to have us scrap the unit.
- 7. Watlow reserves the right to charge for no trouble found (NTF) returns.

Copyrights - Patents Pending

This PM LEGACY[™] Limit User's Guide is copyrighted by Watlow Electric, Inc., © July 2020 with all rights reserved.

TC Table of Contents

Table of Contents	3
Chapter 1: Overview	6
Available PM LEGACY™ Limit Literature and Resources	6
Introduction	6
Feature Benefits	6
A Conceptual View of the PM	7
Overview	7
Inputs	7
Internal Functions	8
Outputs	8
Input Events and Output Events	. 10
Chapter 2: Install & Wiring	. 12
Installation.	. 12
Dimensions	. 14
1/32 DIN (PM3)	. 14
1/32 DIN (PM3) Recommended Panel Spacing	. 14
1/16 DIN (PM6)	. 15
	. 15
	. 10
Chapter 3: Keys and Displays	. 34
Responding to a Displayed Message	. 35
Chapter 4: Home Page	. 36
Changing the Set Point	. 38
Modifying the Home Page	. 38
Modifying the Display Pairs	. 38
Conventions Used in the Menu Pages	. 40
	. 40
Communication Protocols.	. 41
	. 41 10
	. 42
	. 43
	. 44
	. 45
	. 45
Chanter & Setur Dage	. 40
	. 48
Digital Input //Output Monu	. 51 54
	. 54 56
Output Menu	60
Alarm Menu.	. 60
Function Key.	. 64
Global Menu	. 65
Communications Menu	. 66

TC Table of Contents (cont.)

Chapter 7: Factory Page	74
Custom	75
Lock Menu	76
Unlock Menu	78
Diagnostics Menu	79
Calibration Menu	81
Chapter 8: Features	83
Changing PM Integrated Model Number to PM Express	83
Saving and Restoring Settings	84
Programming the Home Page	85
Inputs	85
Calibration Offset	85
Calibration	86
Filter Time Constant	88
Sensor Selection	88
Scale High and Scale Low	88
Range High and Range Low	89
Outputs	89
Retransmitting a Process Value or Set Point	
	90
Process Alarnis	
	۵۵ ۵۱
Silencing	
Blocking	
Using Lockout and Password Security	91
Using Lockout Method 1 (Read and Set Lock)	91
Using Lockout Method 2 (Password Enable)	93
Modbus - Using Programmable Memory Blocks	95
CIP - Communications Capabilities	96
CIP Implicit Assemblies	97
Profibus DP - (Decentralized Peripherals)	96
Software Configuration	97
Using PM LEGACY™ Limit Configurator Software	98
Chapter 9: Appendix	102
Troubleshooting Alarms, Errors and Control Issues	102
Modbus - Programmable Memory Blocks	107
CIP Implicit Assembly Structures	110
PM Specifications.	112
Ordering Information for Limit Controller Models	118
Declaration of Conformity	120
Bluetooth Enabled Product Statement.	121

Safety Information

We use note, caution and warning symbols throughout this book to draw your attention to important operational and safety information.

A "**NOTE**" marks a short message to alert you to an important detail.

- A "**CAUTION**" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting your equipment and performance. Be especially careful to read and follow all cautions that apply to your application.
- A "**WARNING**" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting you, others and equipment from damage. Pay very close attention to all warnings that apply to your application.

The electrical hazard symbol, exclamation point in a triangle) precedes an electric shock hazard **CAUTION** or **WARNING** safety statement.

Symbol	Explanation
	CAUTION – Warning or Hazard that needs further explanation than label on unit can provide. Consult User's Guide for further information.
	ESD Sensitive product, use proper grounding and handling techniques when installing or servicing product.
	Unit protected by double/reinforced insulation for shock hazard prevention.
X	Do not throw in trash, use proper recycling techniques or consult manufacturer for proper disposal.
ည္ရွိ	Enclosure made of Polycarbonate material. Use proper recycling techniques or consult manufacturer for proper disposal.
\geq	Unit can be powered with either alternating current (ac) voltage or direct current (dc) voltage.
CUL US LISTED PROCESS CONTROL EUMMENT E105511	Unit is a Listed device per Underwriters Laboratories [®] . It has been evaluated to United States and Canadian requirements for Process Control Equipment. UL 61010 and CSA C22.2 No. 61010. File E185611 QUYX, QUYX7. See: www. ul.com
CE	Unit is compliant with European Union directives. See Declaration of Conformity for further details on Directives and Standards used for Compliance.
APPROVED	Unit has been reviewed and approved by Factory Mutual as a Temperature Limit Device per FM Class 3545 standard. See: www.fmglobal.com
	Unit has been reviewed and approved by CSA International for use as Temperature Indicating-Regulating Equipment per CSA C22.2 No. 24. See: www. csa-international.org
DeviceNet.	Unit has been reviewed and approved by ODVA for compliance with DeviceNet communications protocol. See: www.odva.org

1 Chapter 1: Overview

Introduction

The Watlow® LEGACY[™] SERIES panel mount controller is an industry leading PID controller that allows optimal performance utilizing simple control and menu functionality without complex features. It is ideally suited for basic applications and usage levels.

The LEGACY[™] includes one universal input and an option for up to two outputs and is available in 1/32, and 1/16 DIN panel mount packages. It can be ordered as a PID process controller or as a dedicated over and under-temperature limit controller. A single PM controller can carry out several functions at the same time, for instance (but not limited to), PID control, checking for a limit condition, monitoring for several different alarm situations, etc... To ensure that the application requirements are being met, it is important to first give thought to each external process and then configuring the controller's internal functions to properly accommodate the application requirements.

Document Title and Part Number	Description
Contact Watlow Directly:	For technical assistance contact Watlow at: www.watlow.com Or call at: 1-800-WATLOW2 Or (1-800-928-5692) Or email at: wintechsupport@watlow.com
PM6 LEGACY™ Express Limit Con- troller Quick Start Guide Document No. 10-41692, Part No. 2126-4403	A Quick Start Guide to help you get your controller set up is available for download at https://www.watlow.com/resourc- es-and-support/Technical-Library/. Many other documents are available in Watlow's Technical library.
PM LEGACY™ Series Panel Mount Controller Specification Sheet	This Specifications Sheet describes the PM LEGACY [™] Series hardware options, features, benefit ts and technical specifications. Available at: https://www.watlow.com/resources-and-support/Technical-Library/. Many other helpful documents are available in Watlow's Technical library.

Available PM LEGACY™ Limit Literature and Resources

Overview

A Conceptual View of the PM

The flexibility of the PM software and hardware allows for a large range of configurations. Acquiring a better understanding of the controller's overall functionality and capabilities while at the same time planning out how the controller can be used will deliver maximum effectiveness in your application.

It is useful to think of the controller in terms of functions: there are internal and external functions. An input and an output would be considered external functions where the limit, PID or alarm function would be an internal function. Information flows from an input function to an internal function to an output function when the controller is properly configured. A single PM controller can carry out several functions at the same time, for instance (but not limited to), checking for a limit condition, monitoring for several different alarm situations, etc... To ensure that the application requirements are being met, it is important to first give thought to each external process and then configuring the controller's internal functions to properly accommodate the application requirements.

Inputs

The inputs terminal connections are located on the back side of the controller. See Figure 2. The controller, properly wired and configured will provide the information that any given programmed procedure can act upon. In a simple form, this information may come from an operator pushing a button or from a sensor monitoring the temperature of a part being heated or cooled.

Each analog input typically uses a thermocouple or RTD to read the process temperature. It can also read volts, current or resistance, allowing it to use various devices to read a wide array of values. The settings in the Analog Input Menu (Setup Page) for each analog input must be configured to match the device connected to that input.



Figure 1: PM6 Controller Shown Here

A PM with digital input/output (DIO) hardware includes two sets of terminals where each of which can be used as either an input or an output. Each pair of terminals must be configured to function as either an input or output with the direction parameter in the Digital Input/Output Menu (Setup Page). Each digital input reads whether a device is active or inactive.

The Reset Key on the front panel of the PM also operates as a digital input by toggling the function assigned to it in the Digital Input Function parameter in the Reset Key Menu (Set-up Page).



Figure 2: Input Terminal Connections Shown Here

(Overview Continued)

Internal Functions

The controller will use input signals to calculate a value and then perform an operation. A sample of some functions may be as simple as:

• Detect a failure of the primary sensing device and trip a contactor to remove power from the heating element.

• Reading a digital input to set a state to true or false.

• Evaluate an incoming temperature to determine an alarm state (on or off).

• Compare an input value to the set point and calculate the optimal power for a heater.

To set up a function, it's important to define the source, or instance, to use. For example, if the control is equipped with DIO they can be configured to respond to an alarm. If configured as such, the digital output must be tied to the desired alarm instance (1 to 4). Using this as an example, the Function for the digital output would be defined as an Alarm where the Instance would be selected as 1, 2, 3, or 4 corresponding to the alarm instance that will drive the output. Keep in mind that a function is a user-programmed internal process that does not execute any action outside of the controller. To have any effect outside of the controller, an output must be configured to respon

Outputs

The Output Wire Terminals are located on the back side of the controller. See Figure 3. The Outputs properly wired and configured can perform various functions or actions in response to information provided by a function such as, removal of the control voltage to a contactor; operating a heater, turning a light on or off, unlocking a door, etc.

Assign a Function to any available output on the Setup Page within the Output Menu or Digital Input/Output Menu. Then select which instance of that function will drive the selected output. For example, you might assign an output to respond to alarm 4 (instance 4). You can assign more than one output to respond to a single instance of a function. For example, alarm 2 could be used to trigger a light connected to output 1 and a siren connected to digital output 5.



Figure 3: Output Wiring Example

Features and Benefits

Simplified Menu

• Fits basic applications with a user-friendly interface supported by two menus and a stream-lined list of parameters.

• Eliminates user complexity often experienced with more advanced controllers and unnecessary features.

• Reduces user training costs and user programming errors

PID Auto-Tune

• Provides auto-tune for fast, efficient start-up

Standard Bus Communications

- Allows easy product configuration via PC communications protocol and free software.
- Saves time, simplifies programming process and improves reliability of controller setup

Factory Mutual (FM) Approved Over and Under Limit with Auxiliary Outputs.

• Increases user and equipment safety for over and under-temperature conditions.

Function Key

• Enables simple, one-touch operation of user-defined, repetitive activities

Touch-Safe Package

- Increases installer and operator safety
- Complies with IP2X requirements

EZ-LINK[™] Mobile Application for iPhone® and Android[™]

• Expedites controller setup with intuitive navigation

• Simplifies setting parameters with plain text names and descriptions

• Connects quickly and easily via Bluetooth® wireless communications

SMOOTH TOUCH™ Keypad

• Eliminates contamination points on the front of the controller.

• Prevents premature failure of mechanical components

- Creates a better seal on front panel.
- Ensures an easy to clean surface.

Agency approvals: UL® listed, CSA, CE, RoHS, W.E.E.E., FM, SEMI F47-0200, Class 1, Div. 2 rating on selected models

- Assures prompt product acceptance
- Reduces end product documentation costs

P3T Armor Sealing System

- Compiles to NEMA 4X, IP66 and IP67 specifications
- Allows controller to be cleaned and washed
- Certified UL® 50 Type X4X indoor applications.

Consistent Termination Labeling (CTL) Connection System

- Simplifies switching between products
- Speeds up user's system documentation

Three-Year Warranty

• Demonstrates Watlow's reliability and product support

High-Amperage Power Control Output (1/16 DIN only)

- Drives 15 ampere resistive loads direct
- Reduces component count
- Saves panel space and simplifies wiring
- Reduces cost of ownership

Input Events and Output Events

Input events are internal state input event 2. The setting of Digital Input Function (Setup Page, Digital Input/Output Menu) does not change the relationship between the input and the event. An input will still control the input event state, even if Digital Input Function is set to None.

PM LEGACY[™] Limit PM Models - System Diagram (with communications options 2, 3, 5 or 6) Universal Sensor Input, Configuration Communications,



PM LEGACY™ Limit PM Models - Input/Output

(no communications options 2, 3, 5 or 6)





PM LEGACY™ Limit All Models System Diagram

(No communications options 2, 3, 5 or 6)

Universal Sensor Input, Configuration Communications, Red/Green 7-Segment Display



2 Chapter 2: Install & Wiring

INSTALLTION

- 1. For a PM3 Controller, make the panel cutout using the measurements shown on page 6.
- 2. For a PM6 Controller, make the panel cutout using the measurements shown on page 7.
- 3. Remove the green terminal connectors and the mounting collar assembly.
- 4. Insert the controller into the panel cutout from the front. See Figure 2. The controller shown is a PM6 Controller.
- 5. Orient the collar base so the flat side faces front and the screw openings are on the sides (see Figure 2), then slide the base over the back of the controller.
- Slide the mounting bracket over the controller with the screws aligned to the collar base. See Figure 2. Push the bracket gently but firmly until the hooks snap into the slots in the case.
- 7. Tighten the two #6-19 x 1.5 in. screws with a phillips screwdriver until the device is flush to the panel (3 to 4 in-lbs torque). See Figure 3.
- 8. Reinstall the terminal connectors to their original locations.



Figure 1: PM6 Installation



Figure 2: Slide Mounting Bracket over Controller



Figure 3: Tighten the Mounting Screws

Dimensions







1/16 DIN (PM6)



1/16 DIN (PM6) Recommended Panel Spacing



Wiring

Slo	t A	Slo	t B		Terminal Function	Configuration
Inputs			Universal, RTD and Thermistor Inputs			
T S R	1 1 1				S2 (RTD) or current + S3 (RTD), thermocouple -, current -, volts - or potentiometer wiper, thermistor S1 (RTD), thermocouple + or volts +, thermistor potentiometer	
	C	Outputs Switched dc/open collector			pen collector	
1	2	3	4			
X1 W1 Y1		X3 W3 Y3			Common (Any switched dc output can use this common.) dc- (open collector) dc+	Output 1: PM6[L,M] _[C] J-AAG Output 3: PM6[L,M]J-AA[C] _ G
					Switch	ed dc
			W4 Y4		dc- dc+	Output 4: PM6[L,M]J-AA_ [C] G
					Universal	Process
		F3 G3 H3			voltage or current - voltage + current +	Output 3: PM6[L,M]J-AA[F]_G
					Mechanical Rela	ay 5 A, Form C
L1 K1 J1		L3 K3 J3			normally open common normally closed	Output 1: PM6[L,M] _ [E] J-AAG Output 3: PM6[L,M]J-AA[E] _G
				Mechanical Relay 5 A, Form A		
	L2 K2		L4 K4		normally open common	Output 2: PM6[L,M][J] -AAG Output 4: PM6[L,M]J-AA_[J] G
					Solid-State Rela	y 0.5 A, Form A
		L3 K3	L4 K4		normally open common	Output 3: PM6[L,M]J-AA[K] _G Output 4: PM6[L,M]J-AA _ [K] G
С	omr	nunio	catio	ns	Modbus RTU 232/485 Communications	
CB CB CA CA CC CC CB CB CA CA C5 C5 C3 C3 C2 C2		CB CA CC CB CA C5 C3 C2	Modbus RTU EIA-485 T+/R+ Modbus RTU EIA-485 T-/R- Modbus RTU EIA-485 common Modbus RTU EIA-485 T+/R+ Modbus RTU EIA-485 T-/R- Modbus RTU EIA-232 common Modbus RTU EIA-232 to DB9 pin 2 Modbus RTU EIA-232 to DB9 pin 3	Slot B: PM6[L,M] J-[F,2] AAAG		
					DeviceNet [™] Co	ommunications

wiring (cont.)			
	V+	V+	DeviceNet™ power	DeviceNet [™] Communications
	СН	CH	Positive side of DeviceNet [™] bus	Slot B:
	SH	SH	Shield interconnect	PM6[L,M] J-[H,5] AAAG
	CL	CL	Negative side of DeviceNet™ bus	
	V-	V-	DeviceNet™ power return	
Slot A	Slot B		Terminal Function	Configuration
Comr	nunicatio	ns	EtherNet/IP™ and	d Modbus [®] TCP
	(cont.)			
	E8	E8	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP unused	Slot B:
	E7	E7	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP unused	PM6[L,M] J-[G,3] AAAG
	E6	E6	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP receive -	
	E5	E5	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP unused	
	E4	E4	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP unused	
	E3	E3	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP receive +	
	E2	E2	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP transmit -	
	E1	E1	EtherNet/IP™ and Modbus TCP transmit +	
			Profibus DP Co	ommunications
	VP	VP	Voltage Potential	Slot B:
	В	В	EIA-485 T+/R+	PM6[L,M] J-[J,6] AAAG
	А	A	EIA-485 T-/R-	
	DG	DG	Digital ground (common)	
	trB	trB	Termination resistor B	
	В	В	EIA-485 T+/R+	
	А	A	EIA-485 T-/R-	
	trA	trA	Termination resistor A	

Terminal Definitions for Slot C

Slot C	Terminal Function	Configuration		
	Power			
98	Power input: ac or dc+	all		
99	Power input: ac or dc-			
	Standard Bus or Modbus	EIA-485		
CC	Standard Bus or Modbus RTU EIA-485 Common	Standard Bus or Modbus		
CA	Standard Bus or Modbus RTU EIA-485 T-/R-	PM6[L,M] J-[E,1] A G		
CB Standard Bus or Modbus RTU EIA-485 T+/R+				
	Standard Bus EIA-232/485			
CF	Standard Bus EIA-485 common	PM[A, 2 or 3] AAA		
CD	Standard Bus EIA-485 T-/R-			
CE	Standard Bus EIA-485 T+/R+			
	2 - Digital I/O Points			
B5	Digital input-output common	PM6[L,M] [2,4] _ J-[F,2] AG		
D6	Digital input or output 6			
D5	Digital input or output 5			

Slot Orientation - Back View

1/32 DIN Horizontal PM3

Power 485 Comms Dig I/O 5 & 6 485 Comms Dig I/O 5 & 6 C C C Output 1 Output 2 Input 1 1/16 DIN Vertical PM6



Note: Slot B above can also be configured with a communications card.

PM Isolation Block



Safety Isolation: 2300V (ac)

Warning: 🕂

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number.

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Low	Power



High Power



- Minimum/Maximum Ratings
 12 to 40V ---- (dc)
- 20 to 28V \sim (ac) Semi Sig F47
- 47 to 63 Hz
- 10VA maximum power consumption (PM6)

PM6[L,M] [1,2} _ J-_ A_ _G_ _

PM6[L,M] [2,4] _ J-_ A_ _G_ _

- Minimum/Maximum Ratings
- 85 to 264V $\,\sim$ ac)
- 100 to 240V \sim (ac) Semi Sig F47
- 47 to 63 Hz
- 10VA maximum power consumption (PM6)

Digital Input 5 - 6



Digital Input

- Update rate 10 Hz
- Dry contact or dc voltage

DC Voltage

- Input not to exceed 36V - dc) at 3mA
- Input active when > 3V == (dc) @ 0.25mA
- Input inactive when < 2V

Dry Contact

- Input inactive when > 500Ω
- Input active when < 100Ω
- Maximum short circuit 13mA

Voltage Input

Dry Contact



PM6[L,M] [3,4} _ J-_ A_ _G_ _

Warning: 🛝

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number.

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Input 1 Thermocouple

PM6[L] _ _ J-_ _ _G_ _

- $2k\Omega$ maximum source resistance
- >20MΩ input impedance
- 3µA open-sensor detection
- Thermocouples are polarity sensitive. The negative lead (usually red) must be connected to S1
- To reduce errors, the extension wire for thermocouples must be of the same alloy as the thermocouple

PM6[L] _ _ J-_ _ _G_ _

- Platinum, 100 and 1kΩ @ 0°C
- Calibration to DIN curve (0.00385 Ω/Ω/°C)
- 20Ω total lead resistance
- RTD excitation current of 0.09mA typical. Each ohm of lead resistance may affect the reading by 0.03°C.
- For 3-wire RTDs, the S1 lead (usually white) must be connected to R1 and/ or R2
- For best accuracy use a 3-wire RTD to compensate for lead-length resistance. All three lead wires must have the same resistance

PM6[L] _ _ J-_ _ _G_ _

- 0 to 20mA @ 100 Ω input impedance
- 0 to 10V == (dc) @ 20kΩ input impedance
- 0 to 50mV == (dc) @ 20kΩ input impedance
- Scalable



Slot A

Amperes

Slot A Slot A L1 | 1 K1 K1 J1 K2 K2 Τ1 Τ1 S1 S1 R1 R1 3-wire 2-wire

Input 1 Process

Slot A

Volts

11

K1

J1



Input 1 RTD

Warning: /!

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Quencharc Note:

Switching pilot duty inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, solid state relay or open collector output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Input 1 Potentiometer

Slot A

Use a 1kΩ potentiometer.

Input 1 Thermistor

Slot A

PM6[M] J- G

- >20MΩ input impedance
- 3µA open-sensor detection
- R

Digital Output 5 - 6

common

D6 switched dc

D5 switched dc

Slot C

<u>I</u> 98

M 99

B5

Digital Output

- SSR drive signal
- Update rate 10 Hz
- Maximum open circuit voltage is 22 to 25V ---(dc)
- PNP transistor source
- Typical drive; 21mA @ 4.5V == (dc) for DO5, and 11mA @ 4.5V for DO6
- VDC Internal Circuitry

See output curves below.

- Current limit 24mA for Output 5 and 12mA Output 6
- Output 5 capable of driving one 3-pole **DIN-A-MITE**
- Output 6 capable of driving one 1-pole **DIN-A-MITE**

• 21 •



Note:



PM6[L] __ J-___G___

Warning: /

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number-

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Quencharc Note:

Switching pilot duty inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, solid state relay or open collector output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Output 1, 3 Mechanical Relay, Form C

Slot A, B

κ

K2

S1

R1

П

normally open

normally closed

common

- 5A at 240V ~ (ac) or 30V
 (dc) maximum resistive load
- 20mA at 24V minimum load
- 125VA pilot duty at 120/240V $\sim\,$ (ac), 25VA at 24V $\sim\,$ (ac)
- 100,000 cycles at rated load
- Output does not supply power.
- For use with ac or dc

See Quencharc note Output 1 PM[3,6][L,M] _ [E] J - _ A_ _G_ _

Output 3 PM6[L,M] _ _ J - _ A [E] _G_ _



Warning: <u>/</u>

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number.

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Quencharc Note:

Switching pilot duty inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, solid state relay or open collector output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.



Slot B

normally open

common

- 5A at 240VÅ (ac) or 30VÎ (dc) maximum resistive load
- 20mA at 24V minimum load
- 125VA pilot duty @ 120/240V \sim (ac), 25VA at 24V \sim (ac)
- 100,000 cycles at rated load
- Output does not supply power
- For use with ac or dc

See Quencharc note

Outputs 2 and 4:

Output 2 PM[3,6] {L,M] _ _ [J]

-_A_G__

Output 4 PM[6] {L,M] _ _ J - _ _ J - _ _ A _ [J] G_ _

Output 3, 4 Solid-State Relay, Form A

Slot B

normally open

common

- 0.5A at 20 to 264V \sim (ac) maximum resistive load
- 20VA 120/240V \sim (ac) pilot duty
- Opto-isolated, without contact suppression
- Maximum off state leakage of 105µA
- Minimum holding current of 10mA
- Output does not supply power
- Do not use on dc loads.

See Quencharc note

Output 3 PM6[L,M] _ _J - _ A [K] _ G_ _





• 23 •

Warning: /

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number-

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Quencharc Note:

Switching pilot duty inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, solid state relay or open collector output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Output 3 Universal Process



- 0 to 20mA into 800 Ω maximum load
- 0 to 10V == (dc) into 1
 kΩ minimum load
- Scalable
- Output supplies power
- Cannot use voltage and current outputs at same time
- Output may be used as retransmit or control.

Output 3:

PM6[L,M] _ _J - _A [F] _



Warning: <u></u>

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number.

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Quencharc Note:

Switching pilot duty inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, solid state relay or open collector output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Output 4 Switched DC



- Maximum open circuit voltage is 22 to 25V ----(dc)
- 30mA max. per single output / 40mA max. total per paired outputs (1 & 2, 3 & 4)
- Short circuit limited to <50mA
- NPN transistor sink
- Use dc- and dc+ to drive external solid-state relay
- 1-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 4 in parallel or 4 in series
- 2-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 2 in parallel or 2 in series
- 3-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 2 in series

Output 4:

PM6[L,M] _ _J - _ A _ [C] G_ _



Warning: /

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

Note:

Maximum wire size termination and torque rating:

- 0.0507 to 3.30 mm² (30 to 12 AWG) single-wire termination or two 1.31 mm² (16 AWG)
- 0.56 Nm (5.0 in-lb.) torque

Note:

Adjacent terminals may be labeled differently, depending on the model number-

Note:

To prevent damage to the controller, do not connect wires to unused terminals.

Note:

Maintain electrical isolation between analog input 1, digital input-outputs, switched dc/open collector outputs and process outputs to prevent ground loops.

Quencharc Note:

Switching pilot duty inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, solid state relay or open collector output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Output 1, 3 Switched DC/Open Collector

common

dc +

dc - (open collector)

 \square

 \square

П

Д

П

П

Switched DC

- Maximum open circuit voltage is 22 to 25V == (dc)
- 30mA max. per single output
- Typical drive; 4.5V == (dc) @ 30mA
- Short circuit limited to <50mA
- NPN transistor sink
- Use dc- and dc+ to drive external solid-state relay
- 1-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 4 in parallel or 4 in series
- 2-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 2 in parallel or 2 in series
- 3-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 2 in series
- Open Collector
- 100mA maximum output current sink
- 30V ----(dc) max. supply voltage
- Any switched dc output can use the common terminal.
- Use an external power supply to control a dc load, with the load positive to the positive of the power supply, the load negative to the open collector and common to the power supply negative.

See Quencharc note.

Switched DC



Open Collector



Output 1: (X1,-W1,+Y1) PM[3,6] _ _ _ [C] J - _ A _ _ G_ _ Output 3: (X3,-W3,+Y3) PM6 _ _ _J - _ A [C] _ G_

• 26 •

DC I open circuit

Quencharc Wiring Example

In this example the Quencharc circuit (Watlow part# 0804-0147-0000) is used to protect PM internal circuitry from the counter electromagnetic force from the inductive user load when de-energized. It is recommended that this or an equivalent Quencharc be used when connecting inductive loads to PM outputs.



Standard Bus EIA-485 Communications

- Wire T-/R- to the A terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire T+/R+ to the B terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire common to the common terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Do not route network wires with power wires. Connect network wires in daisy-chain fashion when connecting multiple devices in a network.
- Do not connect more than 16 PM LEGACY™ Limit controllers on a network.
- Maximum network length: 1,200 meters (4,000 feet)
- 1/8th unit load on EIA-485 bus

PM[3,6][L,M] _ _J - [A,B] _ _ _ G_ _

* All models include Standard Bus communications (instance 1)

Note:

Slot C

1 99

CE

D6

B5

D5

T-/R-

T+/R+

Do not leave a USB to EIA-485 converter connected to Standard Bus without power (i.e., disconnecting the USB end from the computer while leaving the converter connected on Standard Bus). Disturbance on the Standard Bus may occur.

Modbus RTU or Standard Bus EIA-485 Communications

- Wire T-/R- to the A terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire T+/R+ to the B terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire common to the common terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Do not route network wires with power wires. Connect network wires in daisy-chain fashion when connecting multiple devices in a network.
- A termination resistor may be required. Place a 120 Ω resistor across T+/R+ and T-/R- of last controller on network.
- Only one protocol per port is available at a time: either Modbus RTU or Standard Bus.
- Do not connect more than 16 PM LEGACY™ Limit controllers on a Standard Bus network.
- Maximum number of PM LEGACY[™] Limit controllers on a Modbus network is 247.
- Maximum network length: 1,200 meters (4,000 feet)
- 1/8th unit load on EIA-485 bus.
- Communications instance 1

PM[3,6][L,M] _ _J - [E,1] _ _ _ G_ _



Note:

Do not leave a USB to EIA-485 converter connected to Standard Bus without power (i.e., disconnecting the USB end from the computer while leaving the converter connected on Standard Bus). Disturbance on the Standard Bus may occur.

EIA-232/485 Modbus RTU Communications



- Wire T-/R- to the A terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire T+/R+ to the B terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire common to the common terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Do not route network wires with power wires. Connect network wires in daisy-chain fashion when connecting multiple devices in a network.
- A termination resistor may be required. Place a 120 Ω resistor across T+/R+ and T-/R- of last controller on network.
- Do not wire to both the EIA-485 and the EIA-232 pins at the same time.
- Two EIA-485 terminals of T/R are provided to assist in daisy-chain wiring.
- Do not connect more than one PM LEGACY™ Limit controller on an EIA-232 network.
- Maximum number of PM LEGACY[™] Limit controllers on a Modbus network is 247.
- Maximum EIA-232 network length: 15 meters (50 feet)
- Maximum EIA-485 network length: 1,200 meters (4,000 feet)
- 1/8th unit load on EIA-485 bus.
- Communications instance 2

Slot B

PM6[L,M] _ _J - [F,2] _ _ _ G_ _

Modbus-IDA Terminal	EIA/TIA-485 Name	Watlow Termi- nal Label	Function
DO	A	CA or CD	T-/R-
D1	В	CB or CE	T+/R+
common	common	CC or CF	common

EtherNet/IP™, PCCC and Modbus[®] TCP Communications



RJ-45 pin	T568B wire col- or	Signal	Slot B, E
8	brown	unused	E8
7	brown & white	unused	E7
6	green	receive -	E6
5	white & blue	unused	E5
4	blue	unused	E4
3	white & green	receive +	E3
2	orange	transmit -	E2
1	white & orange	transmit +	E1

- Do not route network wires with power wires.
- Connect one Ethernet cable per controller to a 10/100 Mbps Ethernet switch. Both Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP[™] are available on the network.
- Communications instance 2

Slot B

PM6[L,M] _ _J - [G,3] _ _ _ G_ _

Note:

When changing the fixed IP address cycle module power for new address to take effect.

Ethernet LED Indicators

Viewing the control from the front and then looking on top four LEDs can be seen aligned vertically front to back. The LEDs are identified accordingly: closest to the front reflects the Network (Net) Status, Module (Mod) Status is next, Activity status follows and lastly, the LED closest to the rear of the control reflects the Link status.

Note:

When using Modbus TCP, the Network Status and Module Status LEDs are not used.



Network Status		
Indicator State	Summary	Requirement
Steady Off	Not powered, no IP address	If the device does not have an IP address (or is powered off), the network status indicator shall be steady off.
Flashing Green	No connec- tions	If the device has no established connections, but has ob- tained an IP address, the network status indicator shall be flashing green.
Steady Green	Connected	If the device has at least one established connection (even to the Message Router), the network status indicator shall be steady green.
Flashing Red	Connection timeout	If one or more of the connections in which this device is the target has timed out, the network status indicator shall be flashing red. This shall be left only if all timed out connections are reestablished or if the device is reset.
Steady Red	Duplicate IP	If the device has detected that its IP address is already in use, the network status indicator shall be steady red.
Flashing Green / Red	Self-test	While the device is performing its power up testing, the net- work status indicator shall be flashing green / red.

Module Status

Indicator State	Summary	Requirement
Steady Off	No power	If no power is supplied to the device, the module status indicator shall be steady off.
Steady Green	Device operational	If the device is operating correctly, the module status indicator shall be steady green.
Flashing Green	Standby	If the device has not been configured, the module status indicator shall be flashing green.
Flashing Red	Minor fault	If the device has detected a recoverable minor fault, the module status indicator shall be flashing red. NOTE: An incorrect or inconsistent configuration would be consid- ered a minor fault.
Steady Red	Major fault	If the device has detected a non-recoverable major fault, the mod- ule status indicator shall be steady red.
Flashing Green / Red	Self-test	While the device is performing its power up testing, the module status indicator shall be flashing green / red.

Activity Status

Indicator State	Summary	Requirement	
Flashing Green	Detects activity	If the MAC detects activity, the LED will be flashing green.	
Red		If the MAC detects a collision, the LED will be red.	

Link Status

Indicator State	Summary	Requirement
Steady Off	Not powered, unknown link speed	If the device cannot determine link speed or power is off, the network status indicator shall be steady off.
Green		If cable is wired and connected correctly, the LED will be Green.

DeviceNet™ Communications



Terminal	Signal	Function	
V+	V+	DeviceNet [™] power	
СН	CAN_H	positive side of DeviceNet™ bus	
SH	shield	shield interconnect	
CL	CAN_L	negative side of DeviceNet™ bus	
V-	V-	DeviceNet [™] power return	
Communications instance 2			

PM6[L,M] _ _J - [H,5] _ _ _ G_ _

DeviceNet LED Indicators

Viewing the control from the front and then looking on top two LEDs can be seen aligned vertically front to back. The LED closest to the front is identified as the network (Net) LED where the one next to it would be identified as the module (Mod) LED.

Network Status

Indicator LED	Description	
Off	The device is not online and has not completed the duplicate MAC ID test yet. The device may not be powered.	
Green	The device is online and has connections in the es- tablished state (allocated to a Master).	
Red	Failed communication device. The device has de- tected an error that has rendered it incapable of communicating on the network (duplicate MAC ID or Bus-off).	Network Statu
Flashing	The device is online, but no connection has been	AXA
Green	allocated or an explicit connection has timed out.	
Flashing Red	A poll connection has timed out.	

Profibus DP Communications

	Slo	tB&E
+5Vdc Voltage Potential	VP	Ш
485 T+/R+	в	$\overline{\Box}$
485 T-/R-	A	
Digital ground	DG	
Termination resistor B	trB	
485 T+/R+		
485 T-/B-	в	
Termination register A	A	Щ
Termination resistor A	trA	Ш

- Wire T-/R- to the A terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire T+/R+ to the B terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Wire Digital Ground to the common terminal of the EIA-485 port.
- Do not route network wires with power wires. Connect network wires in daisy-chain fashion when connecting multiple devices in a network.
- A termination resistor should be used if this control is the last one on the network.
- If using a 150 Ω cable Watlow provides internal termination. Place a jumper across pins trB and B and trA and A.
- If external termination is to be used with a 150 Ω cable place a 390 Ω resistor across pins VP and B, a 220 Ω resistor across pins B and A, and lastly, place a 390 Ω resistor across pins DG and A.
- Do not connect more than 32 PM LEGACY™ Limit controllers on any given segment.
- Maximum EIA-485 network length: 1,200 meters (4,000 feet)
- 1/8th unit load on EIA-485 bus
- When termination jumpers are in place, there is 392 ohm pull up resistor to 5V and 392 ohm pull down resistor to DP. There is also a 221 ohm resistor between A and B.
- Communications instance 2

PM6[L,M] _ _J - [J,6] _ _ _ G_ _

Profibus Terminal	EIA/TIA-485 Name	Watlow Terminal Label	Function
VP (Voltage Poten- tial)		VP	+5Vdc
B-Line	В	В	T+/R+
A-Line	А	А	T-/R-
DP-GND	common	DG	common

Profibus DP LED Indicators

Viewing the unit from the front and then looking on top of the controller two bi-color LEDs can be seen where only the front one is used. Definition follows:

Closest to the Front

Indicator LED	Description	
Red	Profibus network not detected	
Red	Indicates that the Profibus card is waiting for data exchange.	
Flashing		
Green	Data exchange mode	

Connecting a Computer to PM Controls Using B&B 485 to USB Converter



Note:

Do not leave a USB to EIA-485 converter connected to Standard Bus without power (i.e., disconnecting the USB end from the computer while leaving the converter connected on Standard Bus). Disturbance on the Standard Bus may occur.

Note:

When connecting the USB converter to the PC it is suggested that the Latency Timer be changed from the default of 16 msec to 1 msec. Failure to make this change may cause communication loss between the PC running PM LEGACY[™] Limit Configurator software and the control.

To modify Latency Timer settings follow the steps below:

- 1. Navigate to Device Manager.
- 2. Double click on Ports.
- 3. Right click on the USB serial port in use and select Properties.
- 4. Click the tab labeled Port settings and then click the Advance button.

Advanced Setting	for COM5	? 🗙
COM Port Number: COM5 USB Transfer Sizes Select lower settings to correct pe Select higher settings for faster pe Receive (Bytes): Transmit (Bytes):	formance problems at low baud rates. formance.	OK Cancel Defaults
BM Options Select lower settings to correct re-	ponse problems.	
Latency Timer (msec):		
Miscellaneous Options Minimum Read Timeout (msec): Minimum Write Timeout (msec):	0 ▼ Serial Enumerator ▼ 0 ▼ Serial Printer □ Cancel if Power Off □ □ 0 ▼ Event On Surprise Removal □ Set RTS On Close □	

3

Chapter 3: Keys & Displays

Keys & Displays 16th DIN LIMIT Controller





• 34 •

Responding to a Displayed Message

An active message will cause the display to toggle between the normal settings and the active message in the

upper display and REEn in the green display.

Your response will depend on the message and the controller settings. Some messages, such as Ramping and Tuning, indicate that a process is underway. If the message was generated by a latched alarm and the condition no longer exists or if an alarm has silencing enabled it can be silenced simply by pushing the Reset key. Alternatively, use the method below to view all and then clear.

Push the Advance Key to display $\frac{1}{2}nr$ in the red display and the message source (such as RLh) in the lower display. Use the Up or Down keys $rac{1}{2}nr$ to scroll through possible responses, such as Clear $\frac{1}{2}rr$ or Silence 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, then push the Advance or Reset key to execute the action. See the Home Page for further information on the Attention Codes.

Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Appears If
<i>Attn</i>	 Attention An active message will cause the display to toggle between the normal settings and the active message in the upper display and <i>RLEn</i> in the green display. Your re- sponse will depend on the message and the controller settings. Some messages, such as Ramping and Tuning, indicate that a process is underway. If the message was generated by a latched alarm, the mes- sage can be cleared when the condition no longer exists. If an alarm has silencing enabled, it can be silenced. Push the Advance Key to display '9- nr' in the red display and the message source (such as <i>RLh t</i>) in the lower dis- play. Use the Up or Down keys Source 5 . L. Press the Advance Key or Reset but- ton to execute the action. Alternatively, rather than scrolling through all messages simply push the Reset but- ton to generate a clear. 	ALL IALL IALL IAlarm Low 1 to 4ALh IALh IALh IALh IAlarm High 1 to 4ALE IALE IALE IALE IAlarm Error 1 to 4Er. IError Input 1LLLLimit Low 1LLLLimit Error 1JRLh Value to high to be display>9999JRLL Value to low to be displayed in 4 digit LED display<-1999	An alarm or error message is active.

4

Chapter 4: Home Page

Default Home Page Parameters

Watlow's patented user-defined menu system improves operational efficiency. The user-defined Home Page provides you with a shortcut to monitor or change the parameter values that you use most often. The default Home Page is shown on the following page. When a parameter normally located in the Setup Page or Operations Page is placed in the Home Page, it is accessible through both. If you change a parameter in the Home Page, it is automatically changed in its original page. If you change a parameter in its original page it is automatically changed in the Home Page.

Use the Advance Key to step through the other parameters. When not in pairs, the parameter prompt will appear in the green display, and the parameter value will appear in the upper display. You can use the Up or Down keys To change the value of writable parameters, just as you would in any other menu.

Note:

If a writable value is placed on the red display and is paired with another read only parameter on the green display, the arrow keys affect the setting of the red display. If two writable parameters are paired, the arrow keys affect the green display.

- The Attention REED parameter appears only if there is an active message. An example of an active message could be a Input Error Error I.
- If a sensor failure has occurred, dashes ---- will be displayed in the red display.


Home Page from anywhere: Press the Reset we key for two seconds to return to the Home Page.



Operations Page from Home Page: Press both the Up and Down key for three seconds.



Setup Page from Home Page: Press both the Up and Down key for six seconds. **Note:** Keys must be held continuously until <u>SEL</u> is displayed in green. If keys are released when <u>DP-</u> <u>Er</u> is displayed, press the Reset key or reset key to exit and repeat until <u>SEL</u> is displayed.



Factory Page from Home Page: Press both the Advance and Reset (Reset) keys for six seconds.

Changing the Set Point

From the default Home Page the Limit Set Points, high and low, can be changed. If high and low limits have been configured push the Advance key one time and the Low Limit Set Point LL5 / prompt will appear in the green display. Pushing the Up or Down arrow keys will change the set point. Once done, simply push the Advance key to display the High Limit Set Point Lh5 /. To change simply push the Up or Down arrow keys will change the set point.

Modifying the Home Page

Follow the steps below to modify the Home Page:

- 1. Push and hold the Advance key and the Reset key for approximately six seconds. Upon entering the Factory Page the first menu will be the Custom Menu [u5].
- 2. Push the Advance key where the green display will show *LuSt* and the red display will show *L*.
- 3. Push the Advance button where the prompt for the Custom [u5] will be displayed in red and Parameter PRr in the green display.

There are twenty positions available that can be customized.

4. Pushing the Up or Down arrow keys **V** will allow for a customized selection to be made (see list of available parameters below).

This list shows what would be displayed at the home page for the parameter when selected as a choice in the custom page. The custom page list of choices and instances are to be selected in two steps. First the choice, press advance and then the instance show.

Custom Menu Parameter Options							
Description	Prompt *						
All Models							
None	Blank						
Analog Input Value	R in L						
Cal In Offset	ι Ε Π Ι						
Display Units	E_F I						
Load Parameter Set	USr.I USr.2						
Low Set Point	RLo I RLo2 RLo3 RLo4						
High Set Point	Rhil Rhiz Rhið Rhi4						
Hysteresis	<i>А</i> ЬУТ АЬУ2 АЬУ3 АЬУ4						
Low Limit Set Point	LL.5 I						
High Limit Set Point	L ዚ 5 1						
Hysteresis	LHY I						
Limit Status	LSE I						

* The numerical digit shown in the prompts above (last digit), represents the parameter instance and can be greater than one.

Modifying the Display Pairs

The Home Page, being a customized list of as many as 20 parameters, can be configured in pairs of up to 10 via the Display Pairs <u>d.P.r.5</u> prompt found in the Global Menu <u>9LbL</u> (Setup Page). The listing in the table that follows represents the Limit default Home page. It is important to note that some of the prompts shown may not appear simply because the feature is not being used or is turned off. As an example, the prompt shown in position 3 (Limit Low Set Point, <u>LL5</u>) will not appear unless the Limit Sides is set for low or both found on the Setup page under the Limit Menu.

Home Page Default Parameters									
Custom Menu Number	Home Page Display (Defaults)	Parameter Name	Custom Menu Display (Defaults)						
1 (Upper or left display)	Numerical value	Active Process Value	Pro						
2 (Lower or right display)	SRFE or FR .L	Limit Status	L.5E						
3	Numerical value	Low Limit Set Point	LL.5 I						
4	Numerical value	High Limit Set Point	Lh5 I						
5 to 20	(skipped)		nonE						

Note:

When the Limit is in a default state (as shipped from factory), the display will flash where the red display will show the Process Value and the green display will flash *REED* and *FREED*.

As stated above, the user can define ten pairs of prompts to appear on the display every time the Advance key is pushed. In a default state, the Display Pairs dP_{r} 5 prompt (Setup Page under the Global Menu) is equal to one with the first pair displayed as is defined in the Home Page table above. If the Display Pairs prompt were to be changed to two, pushing the Advance key one time would cause the display to show the Low Limit Set Point on the top and the High Limit Set Point on the bottom reflecting position 3 and 4 respectively.

Note:

Both of these parameters are writable and being paired in this manner only the High Limit Set Point can be changed. Pairing two writable prompts will only allow for the bottom one to be changed. On the other hand, if a writable value is placed on the red display and is paired with another read only parameter on the green display, the arrow keys affect the setting of the red display.

The display can be configured to scroll through the Display Pairs by going to the Setup Page under the Global Menu and changing the Display Time dE_{i} prompt to something greater than 0. If set to 2, the display will scroll through the pairs every 2 seconds starting with Custom Menu Pair 1 and 2, 3 and 4, etc..

Conventions Used in the Menu Pages

To better understand the menu pages that follow review the naming conventions used. When encountered throughout this document, the word "default" implies as shipped from the factory.

Each page (Operations, Setup, Profile and Factory) and their associated menus have identical headers defined below:

Header Name	Definition
Display	Visually displayed information from the control.
Parameter Name	Describes the function of the given parameter.
Range	Defines options available for this prompt, i.e., min/max values (numerical), yes/no, etc (further explanation below).
Default	Values as delivered from the factory.
Modbus Relative Address	Identifies unique parameters using either the Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP proto- cols (further explanation below).
CIP (Common Industrial Protocol)	Identifies unique parameters using either the DeviceNet or EtherNet/IP protocol (fur- ther explanation below).
Profibus Index	Identifies unique parameters using Profibus DP protocol (further explanation below).
Parameter ID	Identifies unique parameters used with other software such as, LabVIEW.
Data Type R/W	uint = Unsigned 16 bit integer dint = Signed 32-bit, long string = ASCII (8 bits per character) float = IEEE 754 32-bit RWES = Readable Writable EEPROM (saved) User Set (saved)

Display

Visual information from the control is displayed to the observer using a fairly standard 7 segment display. Due to the use of this technology, several characters displayed need some interpretation, see the list below:

/ = 1	7 = 7	_c , <u>c</u> = c	i = i	<u>o</u> = 0	<u>и</u> , <u>U</u> = U
2 = 2	<mark>8</mark> = 8	<u>d</u> = d	ا = J	<i>P</i> = P	<u>и</u> , <u>U</u> = V
3 = 3	9 = 9	<u></u> <i>E</i> = E	H = K	9 = q	<u>''</u> = W
4 = 4	0 = 0	<i>F</i> = F	L = L	r = r	У = у
<mark>5</mark> = 5	R = A	<mark>9</mark> = g	$\overline{n} = M$	<mark>5</mark> = S	2 = Z
<mark>6</mark> = 6	<u>ь</u> = р	<u>н</u> = h	<u>n</u> = n	<i>E</i> = t	

Range

Within this column notice that on occasion there will be numbers found within parenthesis. This num-

ber represents the enumerated value for that particular selection. Range selections can be made simply by writing the enumerated value of choice using any of the available communications protocols. As an example, turn to the Setup Page and look at the Analog Input R_{-} menu and then the Sensor Type 5E prompt. To turn the sensor off using Modbus simply write the value of 62 (off) to register.

Communication Protocols

When using a communications protocol in conjunction with the PM LEGACY[™] Limit there are two possible ports (instances) used. Port 1 or instance 1 is always dedicated to Standard Bus communications. This same instance can also be used for Modbus RTU if ordered. Depending on the controller part number, port 2 (instance 2) can be used with Modbus, CIP and Profibus. For further information read through the remainder of this section.

Modbus Introduction to the Modbus Protocol

Gould Modicon, now called AEG Schneider, first created the protocol referred to as "Modbus RTU" used in process control systems. Modbus provides the advantage of being extremely reliable in exchanging information, a highly desirable feature for industrial data communications. This protocol works on the principle of packet exchanges. The packet contains the address of the controller to receive the information, a command field that says what is to be done with the information, and several fields of data. Each PM parameter has a unique Modbus address and they can be found in the following Operations, Setup and Factory Pages.

All Modbus registers are 16-bits and as displayed in this User's Guide are relative addresses (actual). For parameters listed as float, notice that only one (low order) of the two registers is listed; this is true throughout this document. By default, the low order word contains the two low bytes of the 32-bit parameter. As an example, look in the Operations Page under the Analog Input Menu for the Analog Input Value. Find the column identified in the header as Modbus and notice that it lists register. Because this parameter is a float it is actually represented by registers (low order bytes) and (high order bytes). The Modbus specification does not dictate which register should be high or low order therefore, Watlow provides the user the ability to swap this order (Setup Page, [ang] Menu) from the default low/high Lab_{\pm} to high/low $h_{\pm}La$.

Note:

Notice in the column identified as Modbus the reference to Map 1 and Map 2 registers for each of the various parameters. For all new applications, select Modbus Map 2 and use Map 2 listed values. For backwards comparability with older PMs, use Modbus Map 1 if needed. If the new functions of this product line are not to be used, Map 1 (LEGACYTM PM controls) Modbus registers will be sufficient. The Modbus register mapping πRP can be changed in the Setup Page under the μn . This setting will apply across the control. We recommend using Map 2 for all new applications. Use Map 1 only if it is desired to maintain backwards compatibility.

It should also be noted that some of the cells in the Modbus column contain wording pertaining to an offset. Several parameters in the control contain more than one instance, such as, alarms (4). The Modbus register shown always represents instance one. Take for an example the Silence Alarm parameter found in the Setup Page under the Alarm Menu. Instance one of Map 1 is shown as address 1490 and +50 is identified as the offset to the next instance. If there was a desire to read or write to instance 3, simply add 100 to 1490 to find its address, in this case, the instance 3 address for Silence Alarm is 1590.

The Modbus communications instance can be either 1 or 2 depending on the part number. Instance 1:

PM _____ - [1] A _____ Instance 2:

PM _____ - [2] A _____

To learn more about the Modbus protocol point your browser to http://www.modbus.org.

Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) Introduction to CIP

Both DeviceNet and EtherNet/IP use open object based programming tools and use the same addressing scheme. In the following menu pages notice the column header identified as CIP. There you will find the Class, Instance and Attribute in hexadecimal, (decimal in parenthesis) which makes up the addressing for both protocols.

The CIP communications instance will always be instance 2.

Data Types Used with CIP

int	= Signed 16-bit integer
uint	= Signed 16-bit integer
dint	= Signed 32-bits, long
real	= Float, IEEE 754 32-bit
string	= ASCII, 8 bits per character
sint	= Signed 8 bits , byte

To learn more about the DeviceNet and EtherNet/IP protocol point your browser to http://www.odva. org.

Profibus DP

To accommodate for Profibus DP addressing the following menus contain a column identified as Profibus Index. Data types used in conjunction with Profibus DP can be found in the table below.

The Profibus communications instance will always be instance 2.

real	= Float, IEEE 754 32-bit
int	= Signed 16-bit integer
byte	= 8-bits

To learn more about the Profibus DP protocol point your browser to http://www.profibus.org

5

Chapter 5: Operations

PM Operation Page Parameters

To navigate to the Operations Page, follow the steps below:

- 1. From the Home Page, press both the Up and Down keys \square for three seconds. \square , will appear in the red display and \square PE_{r} will appear in the green display.
- 2. Press the Up or Down key **I** to view available menus.
- 3. Press the Advance Key to enter the menu of choice.
- 4. If a sub-menu exists (more than one instance), press the Up or Down key **D** to select and then press the Advance Key to enter.
- 5. Press the Up or Down key **I** to move through available menu prompts.
- 6. Press the Reset Key to move backwards through the levels: parameter to sub-menu, sub-menu to menu, menu to Home Page.
- 7. Press and hold the Reset Key for two seconds to return to the Home Page.

On the following pages, top level menus are identified with a yellow background color.

Note:

Some of these menus and parameters may not appear, depending on the controller's options. See model number information in the Appendix for more information. If there is only one instance of a menu, no sub-menus will appear.

Note:

Some of the listed parameters may not be visible. Parameter visibility is dependent upon controller part number.

R,	ריתי ב
PEr Analog Input Menu	oPEr Limit Menu
1	1
R Analog Input (1 to 2)	נתיח Limit
R Analog Input Value	LL.5 Low Limit Set Point
Er Input Error	Lh5 High Limit Set Point
Calibration Offset	LEr Clear Limit
d 10	L5E Limit Status
BEC Digital Input/Output Menu	ALPY
1	PEr Alarm Menu
d . Digital Input/Output (5 to 6)	1
da.5 Output State	RL רח Alarm (1 to 4)
d .5 Input State	RLo Low Set Point
E .5 Event Status	Rh , High Set Point
	RELF Clear Alarm
	R5 Silence Alarm
	R5E Alarm State

Operations Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP Class Instance Attribute hex (dec)	Pro- fib- us In- dex	Pa- ram- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
R , oPEr Analog	Input Menu							
Ain	Analog Input Analog Input Value View the process value. Note: Ensure that the In- put Error (below) in- dicates no error (61) when reading this value using a field bus protocol. If an error exists, the last known value prior to the error occurring will be returned.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 360 360	0x68 (104) 1 1	0	4001	float R
ιΕr i.Er	Analog Input Input Error View the cause of the most recent error. If the REEn message is Er. 1, this parameter will display the cause of the input error. Er. 1 = input 1 Er. 2 = input 2	nenE None (61) DPEn Open (65) ShrE Shorted (127) E.T Measurement Error (140) E.E.RL Bad Calibra- tion Data (139) E.r.RL Ambient Er- ror (9) E.r.E.d RTD Error (141) F.R., L Fail (32) N5r.c Not Sourced (246)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 362 362	0x68 (104) 1 2	1	4002	uint R
<i>د ۹</i> i.CA ** B [.] Be	Analog Input Calibration Offset Offset the input reading to compen- sate for lead wire resistance or other factors that cause the input reading to vary from the actual process value.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,110.555 to 5,555.000°C	0.0	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 382 382	0x68 (104) 1 0xC (12)	2	4012	float RWES
1.110		1010, 0. 03er 0et						

Operations Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP Class Instance Attribute hex (dec)	Pro- fib- us In- dex	Pa- ram- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
d io oPEr Digital	Input/Output Mer	iu						
da.5 do.S	Digital Output (5 to 6) Output State View the state of this output.	 □FF Off (62) □n On (63) 		Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1012 1132 Offset to next instance equals +30	0x6A (106) 5 to 6 7	46	6007	uint R
d .5 di.S	Digital Input (5 to 6) Input State View this event in- put state.	<i>₀FF</i> Off (62) <i>₀n</i> On (63)		Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1020 1140 Offset to next instance equals +30	0x6A (106) 5 to 6 0x0B (11)		6011	uint R
ε .5 Ei.S	Digital Input (5 to 6) Event Status View this event input state.	, R _c E Inactive (41) R _c E Active (5)		Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1408 1648 Offset to next instance equals +20	0x6E (110) 5 to 6 5	140	10005	uint R
No Dis- play	EZ-Key/s (1 to 2) Event Status View this event input state.	, R _c E Inactive (41) R _c E Active (5)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 1328 1568 Instance 2 Map 1 Map 2 1348 1588	0x6E (110) 3 to 4 5	140	10005	uint R
L ,P7 oPEr Limit N	lenu							
LL.5 LL.S	Limit Low Limit Set Point Set the low process value that will trig- ger the limit.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	0.0°F or units -18.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 684 724	0x70 (112) 1 3	38	12003	float RWES
Lh.5 Lh.S	Limit High Limit Set Point Set the high pro- cess value that will trigger the limit.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	0.0°F or units -18.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 686 726	0x70 (112) 1 4	39	12004	float RWES
п. пе	ad, W. Wille, E. EEP							

Operations Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP Class Instance Attribute hex (dec)	Pro- fib- us In- dex	Pa- ram- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
LEr LCr	Limit (1) Clear Limit Clear limit once limit condition is cleared.	Clear (0) No Change (255)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 680 720	0x70 (112) 1 1		12014	uint W
L.5E L.St	Limit (1) Limit Status Reflects whether or not the limit is in a safe or failed mode	FR L Fail (32) SRFE Safe (1667)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 744	0x70 (112) 1 0x0D (13)		12013	uint R
No Dis- play	Limit Limit State Clear limit once limit condition is cleared.	Off (62) None (61) Limit High (51) Limit Low (52) Error (225)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 690 730	0x70 (112) 1 6		12006	uint R
RL רח PEr Alarm ו	Menu							
RL o A.Lo	Alarm (1 to 4) Low Set Point If Type (Setup Page, Alarm Menu) is set to: Process - set the process value that will trigger a low alarm.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	32.0°F or units 0.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1482 1882 Offset to next instance (Map 1) equals +50 Offset to next instance (Map 2) equals +60	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 2	18	9002	float RWES
Rh i A.hi	Alarm (1 to 4) High Set Point If Type (Setup Page, Alarm Menu) is set to: Process - set the process value that will trigger a high alarm.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	300.0 °F or units 150.0 °C	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1480 1880 Offset to next instance (Map 1) equals +50 Offset to next instance (Map 2) equals +60	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 1	19	9001	float RWES

Operations Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP Class Instance Attribute hex (dec)	Pro- fib- us In- dex	Pa- ram- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
RELF A.CLr	Alarm (1 to 4) Clear Alarm Write to this reg- ister to clear an alarm	ELr Clear (1003)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1504 1904 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x0D (13)		9026	uint W	
R5 ir A.Sir	Alarm (1 to 4) Silence Alarm Write to this reg- ister to silence an alarm	5 ,L Silence (1010)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1506 1906 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x0E (14)		9027	uint W	
R5E A.St	Alarm (1 to 4) State Current state of alarm	Startup (88) None (61) Blocked (12) Alarm low (8) Alarm high (7) Error (28)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1496 1896 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 9		9009	uint R	
No Dis- play	Alarm (1 to 4) Alarm Clearable Indicates if alarm can be cleared.	No (59) Yes (106)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1502 1902 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0xC (12)		9012	uint R	
No Dis- play	Alarm (1 to 4) Alarm Silenced Indicates if alarm is silenced. ad, W: Write, E: EEP	No (59) Yes (106) ROM, S: User Set		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1500 1900 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x0B (11)		9011	uint R	

Operations Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP Class Instance Attribute hex (dec)	Pro- fib- us In- dex	Pa- ram- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
No Dis- play	Alarm (1 to 4) Alarm Latched Indicates if alarm is latched.	No (59) Yes (106)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1498 1898 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x0A (10)		9010	uint R	
** R: Re	ad, W: Write, E: EEP	ROM, S: User Set							

Chapter 6: Setup Page

Navigating the Setup Page

To navigate to the Setup Page follow the steps below:

- 1. From the Home Page, press and hold both the Up or Down keys ▲ ▼ for six seconds. *R*, will appear in the red display and *SEE* will appear in the green display. If the up and down arrow keys are released where *PEr* appears in the green display, simply press and hold those same keys for an additional 3 seconds.
- 2. Press the Up or Down key **V** to view available menus.
- 3. Press the Advance Key to enter the menu of choice.
- 4. If a sub-menu exists (more than one instance), press the Up or Down key ▲ ▼ to select and then press the Advance Key to enter.
- 5. Press the Up or Down key **T** to move through available menu prompts.
- 6. Press the Reset Key to move backwards through the levels: parameter to sub-menu, sub-menu to menu, menu to Home Page.
- 7. Press and hold the Reset Key for two seconds to return to the Home Page.

On the following pages, top level menus are identified with a yellow background color.

Note:

Some of these menus and parameters may not appear, depending on the controller's options. See model number information in the Appendix for more information. If there is only one instance of a menu, no sub-menus will appear.

Note:

Some of the listed parameters may not be visible. Parameter visibility is dependent upon controller part number.

R i							
SEL Analog Input Menu							
1		P.E.E	Process Error Enable				
R i	Analog Input (1 to 2)	P.E.L	Process Error Low Value				
SEn	Sensor Type	E.E	Thermistor Curve				
Lin	TC Linearization	<i>с.с</i>	Resistance Range				
r E.L	RTD Leads	FiL	Filter				
Unit	Units	ıЕл	Input Error Latching				
5.L o	Scale Low	dEC	Display Precision				
5.h i	Scale High	.Е Я	Calibration Offset *				
r.Lo	Range Low	R in	Analog Input Value *				
r.h i	Range High	Input Error *					
* These parameters/prompts are available with firmware revisions 11.0 and above.							

9L6L							
SEE G	SEE Global Menu						
9L 6 L	Global						
E_F	Display Units						
RE.LF	AC Line Frequency						
E.L.E.d	Communications LED Action						
ZonE	Zone						
d.PrS	Display Pairs						
d.E i	Display Time						
USr.S	Save Settings As						
USr.r	Restore Settings From						

d 10						
5EE Digital Input/Output Menu						
5						
dio	Digital Input/Output (5 to 6)					
d ir	Direction					
Fn	Function					
F i	Output Function Instance					
LEu	Active Level					
Fn	Action Function					
F i	Function Instance					

اين ا					
SEE	Limit Menu				
L.sd	Sides				
L.h.IJ	Hysteresis				
SP.Lh	Maximum Set Point				
SP.LL	Minimum Set Point				
L.h.5	High Limit Set Point *				
L L.5	Low Limit Set Point *				
SFnR	Source Function A*				
5 .A	Source Instance A*				
L.E.r	Clear Limit *				
L.SE	Limit Status *				
* These parameters/prompts are available with firmware revisions 11.0 and above.					

otPt							
SEE	Output Menu						
1							
oEPE	Output (1 to 4)						
Fn	Fn Function						
Εı	Output Function Instance						
oEPE	Output Process 3						
o.E Y	Туре						
Fn	Function						
F i	Output Function Instance						
5.L o	Scale Low						
5.h i	Scale High						
r.Lo	Range Low						
r.h i	Range High						
o.C A	Calibration Offset						
* These with firm	parameters/prompts are available ware revisions 11.0 and above.						
FUn							
SEE	Variable Menu						
1							
FUn	Function Key (1 to 2)						
LEu	Active Level						

Action Function

Function Instance

Fn

F ,

RLLL					
SEE	Alarm Menu				
1					
RLP7	Alarm (1 to 4)				
R.E. Y	Туре				
Sr.A	Alarm Source				
<i>i</i> 5.R	Alarm Source Instance				
Rhy	Hysteresis				
R.L. 9	Logic				
R.S.d	Sides				
R.L.o	Low Set Point *				
R.h. i	High Set Point *				
R.L.R	Latching				
R.B.L	Blocking				
R.S. i	Silencing				
RdSP	Display				
a.dL	Delay Time				
RELr	Clear Alarm *				
R.S. in	Silence Alarm *				
RSE	Alarm State *				
* These parameters/prompts are available with firmware revisions 11.0 and above.					

כסריז								
5EE Communications Menu								
1		iP.F.B	IP Fixed Address Part 3	Π	E iP.E	EtherNet/IP Enable		
נסרח	Communications (1to 2)	т <u>Р.</u> Е.Ч	IP Fixed Address Part 4		Ao.nb	CIP Implicit Assembly Output Member Quantity		
PEoL	Protoco	1P5 1	IP Fixed Subnet Part 1		Я .06	CIP Implicit Assembly Input Member Quantity		
RdS	Standard Bus Address	iP52	IP Fixed Subnet Part 2	Π	R d.d	DeviceNet [™] Node Address		
RdPh	Modbus Address	iPS3	IP Fixed Subnet Part 3	Π	BAUA	Baud Rate DeviceNet™		
ьяиа	Baud Rate	,Р54	IP Fixed Subnet Part 4	Π	F E.E	DeviceNet™ Quick Connect		
						Enable		
PAr	Parity	iP9 1	Fixed IP Gateway Part 1	Π	P.Rdd	Profibus Address		
	Modbus Word Order	iP92	Fixed IP Gateway Part 2	Π	RLoC	Profibus Address Lock		
ריז,פו	IP Address Mode	,P93	Fixed IP Gateway Part 3	Π	SERE	Profibus Status		
iP.F. I	IP Fixed Address Part 1	,Р <u>9</u> 4	Fixed IP Gateway Part 4	Π	E_F	Display Units		
iP.F.2	IP Fixed Address Part 2	ппь.Е	Modbus TCP Enable	\prod		Data Map		
					n U.S	Non-Vlatile Save		
* These	parameters/prompts are available	with firm	ware revisions 11.0 and above.					

Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
R , SEE Analog	Input Menu									
SEn	Analog Input Sensor Type Set the analog sensor type to match the de- vice wired to this input. Note: There is no open sensor protection for process inputs.	• FF Off (62) ٤ [Thermocouple (95) 𝖓 ໆ 𝑘 Millivolts (56) 𝔅 ⴰ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ	Thermo- couple or Thermis- tor	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 368 368	0x68 (104) 1 5	3	4005	uint RWES		
Lin	Analog Input TC Linearization Set the linearization to match the thermocou- ple wired to this input.	b B (11) H K (48) [C (15) n N (58) d D (23) r R (80) E E (26) 5 S (84) F F (30) E T (93) J J (46) Image: Constraint of the second sec	J	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 370 370	0x68 (104) 1 6	4	4006	uint RWES		
r E.L rt.L	Analog Input RTD Leads Set to match the number of leads on the RTD wired to this input.	2 2 (1) 3 3 (2)	2	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 372 372	0x68 (104) 1 7		4007	uint RWES		
Unit	Analog Input Units Set the type of units the sensor will mea- sure. ad, W: Write, E: EEPRO	REP Absolute Temperature (1540) rh Relative Hu- midity (1538) Pro Process (75) Pudr Power (73)	Process	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 442	0x68 (104) 1 0x2A (42)	5	4042	uint RWES		

		Se	etup Page)				
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
5.L o S.Lo	Analog Input Scale Low Set the low scale for process inputs. This value, in millivolts, volts or milliamps, will correspond to the Range Low output of this function block.	-100.00 to 100.00	0.0	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 388 388	0x68 (104) 1 0xF (15)	6	4015	float RWES
5.h i S.hi	Analog Input Scale High Set the high scale for process inputs. This value, in millivolts, volts or milliamperes, will correspond to the Range High output of this function block.	-100.00 to 100.00	20.0	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 390 390	0x68 (104) 1 0x10 (16)	7	4016	float RWES
r.Lo r.Lo	Analog Input Range Low Set the low range for this function block's output.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	0.0	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 392 392	0x68 (104) 1 0x11 (17)	8	4017	float RWES
r.h i r.hi	Analog Input Range High Set the high range for this function block's output.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	9,999	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 394 394	0x68 (104) 1 0x12 (18)	9	4018	float RWES
<i>P.E.E</i> P.EE	Analog Input Process Error Enable Turn the Process Error Low feature on or off.	۵FF Off (62) لامانا Low (53)	Off	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 418 418	0x68 (104) 1 0x1E (30)	10	4030	uint RWES
P.EL P.EL	Analog Input Process Error Low Value If the process value drops below this value, it will trigger an input error.	-100.00 to 100.00	0.0	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 420 420	0x68 (104) 1 0x1F (31)	11	4031	float RWES

	Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **			
E.E t.C	Analog Input Thermistor Curve Select a curve to apply to the thermistor input.	R Curve A (1451) Curve B (1452) Curve C (1453) CUSE Custom (180)	Curve A	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 434 434	0x68 (104) 1 0x26 (38)		4038	uint RWES			
nn r.r	Analog Input Resistance Range Set the maximum re- sistance of the therm- istor input.	5 5K (1448) 10 10K (1360) 20 20K (1361) 40 40K (1449)	40K	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 432 432	0x68 (104) 1 0x25 (37)		4037	uint RWES			
F iL FiL	Analog Input Filter Filtering smooths out the process signal to both the display and the input. Increase the time to increase filter- ing.	0.0 to 60.0 sec- onds Note: Filter does not apply to the Limit sensor but does apply to all other functions.	0.5	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 386 386	0x68 (104) 1 0xE (14)	12	4014	float RWES			
ιEr i.Er	Analog Input Input Error Latching Turn input error latch- ing on or off. If latching is on, errors must be manually cleared.	oFF Off (62) on On (63)	Off	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 414 414	0x68 (104) 1 0x1C (28)		4028	uint RWES			
dEC dEC	Analog Input Display Precision Set the precision of the displayed value.	Whole (105) Tenths (94) Undredths (40) DDD Thou- sandths (96)	Whole	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 398 398	0x68 (104) 1 0x14 (20)		4020	uint RWES			
. <i>С</i> .Я i.CA	Analog Input Calibration Offset Off- set the input reading to compensate for lead wire resistance or oth- er factors that cause the input reading to vary from the actual process value.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,110.555 to 5,555.000°C	0.0	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 382 382	0x68 (104) 1 0xC (12)	2	4012	float RWES			

Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
Ain	Analog Input Analog Input Value View the process val- ue. Note: Ensure that the Error Status (below) indi- cates no error (61) when reading this value using a field bus protocol. If an error exists, the last known value prior to the error occurring will be re- turned.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 360 360	0x68 (104) 1	0	4001	float R	
د i.Er	Analog Input Input Error View the cause of the most recent error.	PER None (61) PER Open (65) Shrt Shorted (127) EPT Measurement Error (140) ECRL Bad Calibra- tion Data (139) Er.Rb Ambient Er- ror (9) Erct RTD Error (141) FR L Fail (32)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 362 442	0x68 (104) 1 2	1	4002	uint R	
d io SEE Digital Input/Output Menu									
d ır dir	Digital Input/Output (5 to 6) Direction Set this function to operate as an input or output.	Left Output (68) In Input Voltage (193) Con Input Dry Contact (44)	Output	Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1000 1120 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +30	0x6A (106) 5 to 6 1	82	6001	uint RWES	
** R: Read	d, W: Write, E: EEPROM	, S: User Set							

		Se	etup Page	9				
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
Fn Fn	Digital Output (5 to 6) Function Select what function will drive this output.	םFF Off (62) אריק Alarm (6)	Off	Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1008 1128 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +30	0x 6A (106) 5 to 6 5	83	6005	uint RWES
F, Fi	Digital Output (5 to 6) Output Function In- stance Set the instance of the function selected above.	1 to 4 Note: Modbus Map 1 has instances 5 through 8 only	1	Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1010 1130 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +30	0x6A (106) 5 to 6 6	84	6006	uint RWES
LEU LEV	Digital Input (5 to 6) Active Level Select which action will be interpreted as a true state.	<mark>ь дь</mark> High (37) Loud Low (53)	High	Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1320 1560 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +20	0x6E (110) 5 to 6 1	137	10001	uint RW
Fn	Digital Input (5 to 6) Action Function Select the function that will be triggered by a true state for Dig- ital Inputs 5 to 6.	Pane None (61)F.RL Force Alarmto occur, leveltriggered (218)Ro F ControlLoops Off andAlarms to Non-alarm State, leveltriggered (220)5 IL SilenceAlarms, edgetriggered (108)RL PT Alarm Reset, edge trig-gered (6)PL of KeypadLockout, leveltriggered (217)u Sr.r. User SetRestore, edgetriggered (227)	None	Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1324 1564 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +20	0x6E (110) 5 to 6 3	138	10003	uint RWES

		Se	etup Page)						
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
F, Fi	Digital Input (5 to 6) Function Instance Select which Digital Input will be triggered by a true state.	0 to 40	0	Instance 5 Map 1 Map 2 1326 1566 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +20	0x6E (110) 5 to 6 4	139	10004	uint RWES		
רית, L SEE Limit M	ניתיק 5 <i>E</i> נ Limit Menu									
L.5d L.Sd	Limit Sides Select which side or sides of the process value will be moni- tored.	<u>Եսեհ</u> Both (13) հ․ցհ High (37) Լսևվ Low (53)	Both	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 688 728	0x70 (112) 1 5	40	12005	uint RWES		
L.h ፵ L.hy	Limit Hysteresis Set the hysteresis for the limit function. This determines how far into the safe range the process value must move before the limit can be cleared.	0.001 to 9,999.000°F or units 0.001 to 5,555.000°C	3.0°F or units 2.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 682 722	0x70 (112) 1 2	41	12002	float RWES		
5 <i>P.L h</i> SP.Lh	Limit Maximum Set Point Set the high end of the limit set point range.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	9,999.000	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 696 736	0x70 (112) 1 9	42	12009	float RWES		
5 <i>P.L L</i> SP.LL	Limit Minimum Set Point Set the low end of the limit set point range.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	-1,999.000	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 698 738	0x70 (112) 1 0xA (10)	43	12010	float RWES		
և հ.5 Lh.S	Limit High Limit Set Point Set the high process value that will trigger the limit.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	0.0°F or units -18.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 686 726	0x70 (112) 1 4	39	12004	float RWES		
R. Rea	u, w. write, E. EEPROM	, S. User Set								

Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
LL.5 LL.S	Limit Low Limit Set Point Set the low process value that will trigger the limit.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	0.0°F or units -18.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 684 724	0x70 (112) 1 3	38	12003	float RWES		
5F n.R SFn.A	Limit Source Function A Set the source for the limit reset function.	DenE None (61) d re Digital I/O (1142) FUn Function Key (1001)	None	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 748	0x70 (112) 1 0x0F (15)		12015	uint RWES		
5 . <i>R</i> Si.A	Limit Source Instance A Set the instance of the function selected above.	1 to 12	1		0x70 (112) 1 0x10 (16)		12016	uint RWES		
LEr LCr	Limit Clear Limit Clear limit once limit condition is safe.	ELr Clear (129)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 680 720	0x70 (112) 1 1		12014	uint W		
L.5E L.St	Limit Limit Status Reflects whether or not the limit is in a safe or failed mode.	FR IL Fail (32) 5RFE Safe (1667)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 744	0x70 (112) 1 0x0D (13)		12013	uint R		
No Dis- play	Limit Limit State Clear limit once limit condition is cleared.	Off (62) None (61) Limit High (51) Limit Low (52) Error (28)		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 690 730	0x70 (112) 1 6		12006	uint R		

		Se	etup Page	9						
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
oEPE SEE Output	բեթե ՏՇԵ Output Menu									
Fn Fn	Output Digital (1 to 4) Function Select what function will drive this output. Note: Output 2 is always a limit. Use as primary limit connection. On- ly Output 1. May also be specified as limit.	FF Off (62) גרח, Limit (126) ארח Alarm (6)	Output 1 - Alarm Output 2 - Limit Output 3 - Off Output 4 - Off	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 888 1008 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +30	0x6A (106) 1 to 4 5	83	6005	uint RWES		
F, Fi	Output Digital (1 to 4) Output Function In- stance Set the instance of the function selected above.	1 to 4	1	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 890 1010 Offset to next instance (Map 1 & Map 2) equals +30	0x6A (106) 1 to 4 6	84	6006	uint RWES		
o.ty	Output Process (3) Type Select whether the process output will operate in volts or milliamps.	ueLE Volts (104) РЛЯ Milliamps (112)	Volts	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 800 920	0x76 (118) 3 1	95	18001	uint RWES		
Fn Fn	Output Process (3) Function Set the type of func- tion that will drive this output.	FF Off (62) רְרְחָL Retransmit (213) אנרין Alarm (6)	Off	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 802 922	0x76 (118) 3 2	96	18002	uint RWES		
r.5r r.Sr	Output Process (3) Retransmit Source Select the value that will be retransmitted.	R , Analog Input (142)	Analog Input	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 804 924	0x76 (118) 3 3	97	18003	uint RWES		
** R: Rea	d, W: Write, E: EEPROM	l, S: User Set								

	Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **			
F, Fi	Output Process (3) Function Instance Set the instance of the function selected above.	1 to 4	1	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 806 926	0x76 (118) 3 4	98	18004	uint RWES			
5.L o S.Lo	Output Process (3) Scale Low Set the scale low for process output in electrical units. This value; in volts or milliamps, will corre- spond to range low retransmit output.	-100.0 to 100.0	0.00	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 816 936	0x76 (118) 3 9	99	18009	float RWES			
5.h i S.hi	Output Process (3) Scale High Set the scale high for process output in electrical units. This value; in volts or milliamps, will corre- spond to range high retransmit output.	-100.0 to 100.0	10.00	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 818 938	0x76 (118) 3 0x0A (10)	100	18010	float RWES			
r.Lo r.Lo	Output Process (3) Range Low Set the minimum value of the retransmit value range in process units. When the retransmit source is at this value, the retransmit output will be at its Scale Low value.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	0.0°F or units -18°C	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 820 940	0x76 (118) 3 0x0B (11)	101	18011	float RWES			

		Se	etup Page	9				
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
r.h i r.hi	Output Process (3) Range High Set the maximum val- ue of the retransmit value range in process units. When the re- transmit source is at this value, the retrans- mit output will be at its Scale High value.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	100.0°F or units 38.0°C	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 822 942	0x76 (118) 3 0x0C (12)	102	18012	float RWES
o.CA	Output Process (3) Calibration Offset Set an offset value for a process output.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,110.555 to 5,555.000°C	0.0°F or units 0.0°C	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 812 932	0x76 (118) 3 7	105	18007	float RWES
RL ריז SEE Alarm I	Vienu							
RE 9 A.ty	Alarm (1 to 4) Type Select whether the alarm trigger is a fixed value or will track the set point.	<i>₀FF</i> Off (62) <i>P_Γ.RL</i> Process Alarm (76)	Off	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1508 1908 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0xF (15)	20	9015	uint RWES
5r.R Sr.A	Alarm (1 to 4) Alarm Source Select what will trigger this alarm.	R , Analog Input (142)	Analog Input	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1512 1912 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x11 (17)	21	9017	uint RWES
** R: Rea	d, W: Write, E: EEPROM	, S: User Set						

		Se	etup Page)				
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
ጸь	Alarm (1 to 4) Hysteresis Set the hysteresis for an alarm. This deter- mines how far into the safe region the pro- cess value needs to move before the alarm can be cleared.	0.001 to 9,999.000°F or units 0.001 to 5,555.000°C	1.0°F or units 1.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1484 1884 Offset to next instance (Map 1 equals +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 3	24	9003	float RWES
RL 9 A.Lg	Alarm (1 to 4) Logic Select what the out- put condition will be during the alarm state.	<i>RL.E</i> Energize on alarm (17) <i>RL.o</i> De-energize on alarm (66)	Close On Alarm	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1488 1888 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 5	25	9005	uint RWES
R5∂ A.Sd	Alarm (1 to 4) Sides Select which side or sides will trigger this alarm.	<u>Եսեհ</u> Both (13) հ յցհ High (37) Լսևվ Low (53)	Both	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1486 1886 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 4	26	9004	uint RWES
RL o A.Lo	Alarm (1 to 4) Low Set Point Set the process value that will trigger a low alarm.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	32.0°F or units 0.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1482 1882 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 2	18	9002	float RWES
Rh i A.hi	Alarm (1 to 4) High Set Point Set the process value that will trigger a high alarm.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000°F or units -1,128.000 to 5,537.000°C	300.0°F or units 150.0°C	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1480 1880 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 1	19	9001	float RWES

		Se	etup Page	9				
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
RL A A.LA	Alarm (1 to 4) Latching Turn latching on or off. A latched alarm has to be turned off by the user.	nLAL Non-Latch- ing (60) LAL Latching (49)	Non- Latch- ing	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1492 1892 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 7	27	9007	uint RWES
RьL A.bL	Alarm (1 to 4) Blocking Select when an alarm will be blocked. After startup and/or after the set point chang- es, the alarm will be blocked until the pro- cess value enters the normal range.	 FF Off (62) 5Lr Startup (88) 5LPL Set Point (85) both Both (13) 	Off	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1494 1894 Offset to next instance (Map 1 +50, Map 2 +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 8	28	9008	uint RWES
R5 , A.Si	Alarm (1 to 4) Silencing Turn silencing on to al- low the user to disable this alarm.	^o FF Off (62) on On (63)	Off	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1490 1890 Offset to next instance (Map 1 equals +50, for Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 6	29	9006	uint RWES
RdSP A.dSP	Alarm (1 to 4) Display Display an alarm mes- sage when an alarm is active.	^o FF Off (62) on On (63)	On	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1510 1910 Offset to next instance (Map 1 equals +50, for Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x10 (16)	30	9016	uint RWES
** R: Rea	d, W: Write, E: EEPRON	l, S: User Set						

		Se	Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **					
RdL A.dL	Alarm (1 to 4) Delay Time Set the span of time that the alarm will be delayed after the pro- cess value exceeds the alarm set point.	0 to 9,999 sec- onds	0	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1520 1920 Offset to next instance (Map 1 equals +50, for Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0x15 (21)	31	9021	uint RWES					
RELF A.Clr	Alarm (1 to 4) Clear Alarm Write to this register to clear an alarm Note: If an alarm is setup to latch when active <i>RELr</i> will appear on the display.	ELr Clear (0)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1504 1904 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0xD (13)		9013	uint W					
R5 rr A.Sir	Alarm (1 to 4) Silence Alarm Write to this register to silence an alarm Note: If an alarm is setup to silence alarm when active <u>R5 rr</u> will appear on the display.	5 (L Silence (1010)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1506 1906 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 0xE (14)		9014	uint W					
R5E A.St	Alarm (1 to 4) Alarm State Current state of alarm	5Er Startup (88) DEF None (61) ELD Blocked (12) RLL Alarm low (8) RLL Alarm high (7) RLE Error (28)		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1496 1896 Offset to next instance (Map1 1 equals +50, Map 2 equals +60)	0x6D (109) 1 to 4 9		9009	uint R					
** R: Rea	ad, W: Write, E: EEPRON	/, S: User Set											

	Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
FUn SEE Functio	EL Function Key									
LEV	Function Key Active Level The Function Key will always power up in the low state. Pressing the Function Key will toggle the se- lected action.	հ, ցհ High (37) Լօսվ Low (53)	High	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 1360 1600 Instance 4 Map 1 Map 2 1380 1620	0x6E (110) 3 to 4 1	137	10001	uint RWES		
Fn Fn	Function Key Action Function Program the Function Key to trigger an ac- tion. Functions respond to a level state change or an edge level change.	nonENone (61)u5r.rUser SetRestore, edgetriggered (227)P.LoEKeypadLockout, leveltriggered (217)RLPTAlarm Reset, edge trig-gered (6)5 .LSilenceAlarms, edgetriggered (108)F.RLForce Alarmto occur, leveltriggered (218)LPTLimit Reset,edge triggered(82)	None	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 1364 1604 Instance 4 Map 1 Map 2 1384 1624	0x6E (110) 3 to 4 3	138	10003	uint RWES		
F , Fi	Function Key Function Instance Select which instance the Function Key will affect. If only one in- stance is available, any selection will af- fect it.	0 to 40	0	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 1366 1606 Instance 4 Map 1 Map 2 1386 1626	0x96 (110) 3 to 4 4	139	10004			

Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
9L6L SEE Global	9LbL 5EL Global Menu								
[_ F C_F	Global Display Units Select which scale to use for temperature.	F °F (30) [°C (15)	°F	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1838 2308	0x67 (103) 1 5	110	3005	uint RWES	
<i>RELF</i> AC.LF	Global AC Line Frequency Set the frequency to the applied ac line power source.	50 50 Hz (3) 50 60 Hz (4)	60 Hz	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 886 1006	0x6A (106) 1 4	89	1034	uint RWES	
C.LEd C.LEd	Global Communications LED Action Turns comms LED on or off for selected comms ports.	<i>Con I</i> Comm port 1 (1189) <i>Con2</i> Comm port 2 (1190) <i>bobh</i> Comm port 1 and 2 (13) <i>oFF</i> Off (62)	both	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 1856 2326	0x6A (103) 1 0x0E (14)		3014	uint RWES	
ZonE Zone	Global Zone Turns Zone LED on or off based on selection.	^o FF Off (62) on On (63)	On	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2350	0x6A (103) 1 0x1A (26)		3026	uint RWES	
[հൈր Chan	Global Channel Turns Channel LED on or off based on selec- tion.	^a FF Off (62) an On (63)	On	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2352	0x6A (103) 1 0x1B (27)		3027	uint RWES	
d.Pr5 d.PrS	Global Display Pairs Defines the number of Display Pairs.	1 to 10	2	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2354	0x6A (103) 1 0x1C (28)		3028	uint RWES	
d.t i	Global Display Time Time delay in toggling between Display Pairs.	0 to 60	0	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2356	0x6A (103) 1 0x1D (29)		3029	uint RWES	
** R: Rea	ad, W: Write, E: EEPRON	/l, S: User Set							

	Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
U5r.5 USr.S	Global Save Settings As Save all of this con- troller's settings to the selected set.	5EE / User Set 1 (101) 5EE2 User Set 2 (102)	None	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 26 26	0x(101) 1 0xE (14)	118	1014	uint RWE		
USr.r USr.r	Global Restore Settings From Replace all of this controller's settings with another set.	<i>FEEY</i> Factory (31) <i>BEE</i> None (61) <i>SEE</i> User Set 1 (101) <i>SEE2</i> User Set 2 (102)	None	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 24 24	0x65 (101) 1 0xD (13)	117	1013	uint RWE		
בסרח SEL Communications Menu										
PE d PCoL	Communications 1 Protocol Set the protocol of this controller to the proto- col that this network is using.	5Ed Standard Bus (1286) กาอd Modbus RTU (1057)	Modbus	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2492 2972	0x96 (150) 1 7		17009	uint RWE		
Standa	rd Bus									
Rd5 Ad.S	Communications 1 Standard Bus Ad- dress Set the network ad- dress of this controller. Each device on the network must have a unique address. The Zone Display on the front panel will dis- play this number.	1 to 16	1	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2480 2960	0x96 (150) 1 1		17001	uint RWE		
Modbu	s RTU									
Ad.M	Communications (1 or 2) Modbus Address Set the network ad- dress of this controller. Each device on the network must have a unique address.	1 to 247	1	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2482 2962 Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2500 2980	0x96 (150) 1 to 2 2		17007	uint RWE		
** R: Rea	ad, W: Write, E: EEPRON	I, S: User Set								

	Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **			
ЬЯIJd bAUd	Communications (1 or 2) Baud Rate Set the speed of this controller's communi- cations to match the speed of the Modbus serial network.	9600 9,600 (188) 192 19,200 (189) 384 38,400 (190)	9,600	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2484 2964 Instance 2 Map 1 Map 2 2504 2984	0x96 (150) 1 to 2 3		17002	uint RWE			
PAr PAr	Communications (1 or 2) Parity Set the parity of this controller to match the parity of the Modbus serial network.	Done (61) EuEn Even (191) odd Odd (192)	None	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2486 2966 Instance 2 Map 1 Map 2 2506 2986	0x96 (150) 1 to 2 4		17003	uint RWE			
C_F C_F	Communications (1 or 2) Display Units Select whether this communications chan- nel will display in Cel- sius or Fahrenheit.	 F Fahrenheit (30) Celsius (15) Note: Applies to Modbus and Ethernet. 	F	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2490 2970	0x96 (150) 1 6		17050	uint RWE			
<i>ԻՂեԼ</i> M.hL	Communications (1 or 2) Modbus Word Order Select the word or- der of the two 16-bit words in the float- ing-point values.	Loh , Low-High (1331) h ,Lo High-Low (1330)	Low-High	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2488 2968 Instance 2 Map 1 Map 2 2508 2988	0x96 (150) 1 to 2 5		17043	uint RWE			
рляр Мар ** В: Вез	Communications (1 or 2) Data Map If set to 1 the control will use PM legacy mapping. If set to 2 the control will use new mapping to ac- commodate new func- tions.	1 to 2	1 if 9th digit of part number is a D or 1 other- wise, 2.				17059	uint RWE			

Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
nUS nV.S	Communications (1 or 2) Non-Volatile Save If set to Yes all values written to the control will be saved in EE- PROM. The EEPROM allows for approx- imately one million writes.	<u>975</u> Yes (106) no No (59)	Yes	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2494 2974	0x96 (150) 1 8	198	17051	uint RWE	
no dis- play	Communications (1 or 2) Tick Value increases at 1mS rate.	0 to 4,294,967,295		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 5020 8950			16006	un- signed 32-bit RWE	
Device	Net								
Rdd Ad.d	Communications (2) DeviceNet [™] Node Address Set the DeviceNet [™] address for this gate- way.	0 to 63	63				17052		
ЬЯIJЯ bAUd	Communications (2) DeviceNet™ Baud Rate Set the DeviceNet speed for this gate- way's communications to match the speed of the serial network.	<pre>/25 125 kb (1351) 250 250 kb (1352) 500 500 kb (1353)</pre>	125				17053		
FE.E FC.E	Communications (2) DeviceNet™ Quick Connect Enable Allows for immediate communication with the scanner upon power up.	No (59) 95 Yes (106)	No				17054		
Яаль Ao.nb	Communications (2) CIP Implicit Assem- bly Output Member Quantity	1 to 20	20				24009		
Я юь Ai.nb	Communications (2) CIP Implicit Assembly Input Member Quan- tity	1 to 20	20				24010		
** R: Read, W: Write, E: EEPROM, S: User Set									

Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
C_F C_F	Communications (2) Display Units Select which scale to use for temperature passed over commu- nications port 2.	F °F (30) [°C (15)	°F	Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2990	0x96 (150) 2 6	199	17050	uint RWE	
nU.S	Communications (2) Non-volatile Save If set to Yes all values written to the control will be saved in EE- PROM. The EEPROM allows for approx- imately one million writes.	<u>975</u> Yes (106) no No (59)	No	Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2514 2994	96 (150) 2 8	198	17051	uint RWE	
Profibu	s DP		1		1				
P.Add P.Add	Communications (2) Profibus Node Ad- dress Set the Profibus ad- dress for this control.	0 to 126	126				17060		
RLoc A.Loc	Communications (2) Profibus Address Lock When set to yes will not allow address to be changed using software. Can be changed from front panel.	ng No (59) 9E5 Yes (106)	No				17061		
5 <i>E RE</i> Stat	Communications Profibus DP Status Current Profibus sta- tus.	rEdy Ready (1662) rgBRunning (149)					17062	uint R	
C_F C_F	Communications (2) Display Units Select which scale to use for temperature passed over commu- nications port 2.	F °F (30) [°C (15)	°F	Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2990	0x96 (150) 2 6	199	17050	uint RWE	
** R: Read, W: Write, E: EEPROM, S: User Set									

Setup Page										
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
nU.S	Communications (2) Non-volatile Save If set to Yes all values written to the control will be saved in EE- PROM. The EEPROM allows for approx- imately one million writes.	⊻E5 Yes (106) n	No	Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2514 2994	96 (150) 2 8	198	17051	uint RWE		
Modbu	s TCP or EtherNet/	IP		1				1		
ՐՂհԼ M.hL	Communications (2) Modbus Word Order Select the word or- der of the two 16-bit words in the float- ing-point values.	Loh, Low-High (1331) h, Lo High-Low (1330)	Low-High	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2488 2968 Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2508 2988	0x96 (150) 1 to 2 5		17043	uint RWE		
، ቦ. ቦ ባ iP.M	Communications (2) IP Address Mode Select DHCP to let a DHCP server assign an address to this module.	dhEP DHCP (1281) F.Rdd Fixed Ad- dress (1284)	DHCP				17012			
Note: When c	hanging IP address, the	control power must	be cycled	for the new add	ress to tak	e effect.				
iPF I ip.F1	Communications (2) IP Fixed Address Part 1 Set the IP address of this module. Each device on the network must have a unique address.	0 to 255	169				17014			
<i>P.F.2</i> ip.F2	Communications (2) IP Fixed Address Part 2 Set the IP address of this module. Each device on the network must have a unique address. ad, W: Write, E: EEPRON	0 to 255 // S: User Set	254				17015			

Setup Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
<i>.Р.Ғ Э</i> ір.Ғ3	Communications (2) IP Fixed Address Part 3 Set the IP address of this module. Each device on the network must have a unique address.	0 to 255	1				17016		
<i>.Р.Ғ.Ч</i> ip.F4	Communications (2) IP Fixed Address Part 4 Set the IP address of this module. Each device on the network must have a unique address.	0 to 255	1				17017		
iP.5 i ip.S1	Communications (2) IP Fixed Subnet Part 1 Set the IP subnet mask for this module.	0 to 255	255				17020		
<i>.Р.52</i> ip.S2	Communications (2) IP Fixed Subnet Part 2 Set the IP subnet mask for this module.	0 to 255	255				17021		
<i>.Р.</i> 53 ip.S3	Communications (2) IP Fixed Subnet Part 3 Set the IP subnet mask for this module.	0 to 255	0				17022		
ip.S4	Communications (2) IP Fixed Subnet Part 4 Set the IP subnet mask for this module. ad, W: Write, E: EEPRON	0 to 255 // S: User Set	0				17023		

		Se	etup Page)					
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
<i>.Р.9 I</i> ip.g1	Communications (2) Fixed IP Gateway Part 1 Used for the purpose of sending and receiv- ing messages from another network.	0 to 255	0				17026		
<i>.Р.92</i> ip.g2	Communications (2) Fixed IP Gateway Part 2 Used for the purpose of sending and receiv- ing messages from another network.	0 to 255	0				17027		
<i>.Р.9Э</i> ip.g3	Communications (2) Fixed IP Gateway Part 3 Used for the purpose of sending and receiv- ing messages from another network.	0 to 255	0				17028		
<i>.</i> Р.94 ip.g4	Communications (2) Fixed IP Gateway Part 4 Used for the purpose of sending and receiv- ing messages from another network.	0 to 255	0				17029		
РЛЬЕ Mb.E	Communications (2) Modbus TCP Enable Activate Modbus TCP.	<mark>965</mark> Yes (106) n∎ No (59)	Yes				17041		
E <i>iP.E</i> EiP.E	Communications (2) EtherNet/IP™ Enable Activate Ethernet/IP™.	965 Yes (106) No (59)	Yes				17042		
Ranb Ao.nb	Communications (2) EtherNet/IP™ Output Assembly When using EtherNet/ IP set the CIP Implic- it Assembly Output Member Quantity ead, W: Write, E: EEPP	1 to 40 OM, S: User Set	40				24009		
Setup Page									
-------------------	---	------------------------------	---------	---------------------------------------	---	------------------------	---------------------------	--	--
Display	, Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Address	CIP - Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus Index	Pa- rame- ter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
Я .nb Ai.nb	Communications (2) EtherNet/IP™ Input Assembly When using EtherNet/ IP set the CIP Implicit Assembly Input Mem- ber Quantity	1 to 40	40				24010		
<i>L_F</i> C_F	Communications (2) Display Units Select which scale to use for temperature passed over commu- nications port 2.	F °F (30) [°C (15)	°F	Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2990	0x96 (150) 2 6	199	17050	uint RWE	
nUS nV.S	Communications (2) Non-volatile Save If set to Yes all values written to the control will be saved in EE- PROM. The EEPROM allows for approx- imately one million writes.	9765 Yes (106) no No (59)	No	Instance 2 Map 1Map 2 2514 2994	96 (150) 2 8	198	17051	uint RWE	
** R: Rea	ad, W: Write, E: EEPRON	/I, S: User Set							

7 Chapter 7: Factory Page

Navigating the Factory Page

To navigate to the Factory Page follow the steps below:

- 1. From the Home Page, press and hold both the Advance and Reset keys for six seconds.
- 2. Press the Up or Down key **D** to view available menus.
- 3. Press the Advance Key to enter the menu of choice.
- 4. If a sub-menu exists (more than one instance), press the Up or Down key **L T** to select and then press the Advance Key to enter.
- 5. Press the Up or Down key **I** to move through available menu prompts.
- 6. Press the Reset Key to move backwards through the levels: parameter to sub-menu, sub-menu to menu, menu to Home Page.
- 7. Press and hold the Reset Key for two seconds to return to the Home Page.

On the following pages, top level menus are identified with a yellow background color.

Note:

Some of these menus and parameters may not appear, depending on the controller's options. See model number information in the Appendix for more information. If there is only one instance of a menu, no sub-menus will appear.

Note:

Some of the listed parameters may not be visible. Parameter visibility is dependent upon controller part number.

CUSE	
FEEY Custom Setup Menu	FELY Diagnostics Menu
1	Po Part Number
EUSE Custom Setup (1 to 20)	r Eu Software Revision
PRr Parameter	5.6.L.d Software Build Number
Instance ID	Sn Serial Number
LoE	dRLE Date of Manufacture
FEEY Security Setting Menu	IP Actual Address Mode
LoLo Operations Page	IP Actual Address Part 1
PRSE Password Enabled	IP Actual Address Part 2
FLOE Read Lock	IP Actual Address Part 3
SLOC Write Security	IP Actual Address Part 4
LoEL Locked Access Level	CAL
Rolling Password	FELY Calibration Menu
PR5. User Password	
PRSR Administrator Password	ERL Calibration (3)
ULoC	רח Electrical Measurement
FEEY Security Setting Menu	EL Electrical Input Offset
LodE Public Key	EL 15 Electrical Input Slope
PR55 Password	EL a.o Electrical Output Offset
89, b	ELa5 Electrical Output Slope

	Factory Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
EuSt Fety Custom					-			-	
PAr Par	Custom Parameter 1 to 20 Select the param- eters that will ap- pear in the Home Page. The Parameter 1 value will appear in the upper dis- play of the Home Page. It cannot be changed with the Up and Down Keys in the Home Page. The Parameter 2 value will appear in the lower dis- play in the Home Page. It can be changed with the Up and Down Keys, if the pa- rameter is a writ- able one. Scroll through the other Home Page parameters with the Advance Key. Note: Display Pairs af- fect the pairing of custom pa- rameters on the Home page. For more information on Display Pairs see the section in this guide entitled "Modifying the Display Pairs".	nanE None LL5 Low Limit Set Point Lh5 High Limit Set Point Lh9 Limit Hysteresis L5E Limit Status Pro Process dER Calibration Off- set L-F Display Units U5r.r Replace Settings From RLo Low Set Point Rh- High Set Point Rh- High Set Point Rh9 Hysteresis EU5E Custom Menu	See: Home Page				14005	uint RWES	
^^ R: Rea	a, w: write, E: EEPR	UM, S: User Set							

		Factor	y Page					
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
iid	Custom (1 to 20) Instance ID Select which instance of the parameter will be selected.	1 to 4					14003	uint RWES
LoC								
FEEY	enu							
LoC.o LoC.o	Security Setting Operations Page Change the se- curity level of the Operations Page.	1 to 3	2	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 1832 2302	0x67 (103) 1 2		3002	uint RWE
PASE LoC.P	Security Setting Password En- able Set to On to re- quire a password for menu chang- es.	oFF Off on On	Off				3009	uint RWE
rLoC	Security Setting Read Lock Set the read se- curity clearance level. The user can access the select- ed level and all lower levels. If the Set Lock- out Security level is higher than the Read Lock- out Security, the Read Lockout Security level takes priority.	1 to 5	5	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 1848 2318	0x67 (103) 1 0x0A (10)		3010	uint RWE
** R: Rea	d, W: Write, E: EEPRO	OM, S: User Set						

	Factory Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
5L o [SLoC	Security Setting Write Security Set the write se- curity clearance level. The user can access the selected level and all lower levels. If the Set Lockout Security level is higher than the Read Lockout Security, the Read Lockout Security level takes priority.	0 to 5	5	Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 1844 2314	0x67 (103) 1 0x0B (11)		3011	uint RWE	
LoC.L	Security Setting Locked Access Level Determines user level menu visi- bility when Pass- word Enable is set to on. See Features section under Password Security.	1 to 5	5				3016	uint RWE	
roLL	Security Setting Rolling Pass- word When power is cycled a new Public Key will be displayed and User Password changes.	oFF Off on On	Off				3019	uint RWE	
РЯ5.u PAS.u	Security Setting User Password Used to acquire access to menus made available through the Locked Access Level setting. d, W: Write, E: EEPRO	10 to 999 OM, S: User Set	63				3017	uint RWE	

Factory Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
PR5.R PAS.A	Security Setting Administrator Password Used to acquire full access to all menus includ- ing disabling or changing pass- words.	10 to 999	156				3018	uint RWE
ULo[F[Ey Unlock	Menu	·				1		
CodE	Security Setting Public Key If Rolling Pass- word turned on, generates a random number when power is cycled. If Rolling Password is off fixed number will be displayed. The key can be used to gain access when password is not known.	Customer Specific	0				3020	uint R
PASS PASS	Security Setting Password Enter the User or Administrator password to gain access. After valid password is supplied exit this menu and re-en- ter the Security Menu via the Factory Page. d W: Write E: EEDP(-1999 to 9999	0				3022	int RW

Factory Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **
d ,89 FEEY Diagnos	stics Menu							
Pn Pn	Diagnostics Part Number Display this controller's part number.	15 characters			0x65 (101) 1 9	115	1009	string R
rEu rEu	Diagnostics Software Revi- sion Display this con- troller's firmware revision number.	1 to 10		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 4 4	0x65 (101) 1 3	116	1003	string R
5.6L d S.6Ld	Diagnostics Software Build Number Display the firm- ware build num- ber.	0 to 2,147,483,647		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 8 8	0x65 (101) 1 5		1005	dint R
5n Sn	Diagnostics Serial Number Display the serial number.	0 to 2,147,483,647		Instance 1 Map 1 Map 2 12 12	0x65 (101) 1 0x20 (32)		1032	string R
dREE dAtE	Diagnostics Date of Manu- facture Display the date code (YYWW). Where YY = year and WW= week.	0 to 2,147,483,647		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 14 14	0x65 (101) 1 8		1008	dint R
No Dis- play	Diagnostics Hardware ID Display the Hardware ID.	0 to 2,147,483,647		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 0 0	0x65 (101) 1 1		1001	dint R
No Dis- play	Diagnostics Firmware ID Display the Firm- ware ID.	0 to 2,147,483,647		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 2 2	0x65 (101) 1 2		1002	dint R
iP.AC	Diagnostics IP Address Mode Actual address mode (DHCP or Fixed). d W: Write F: FEPR	dhEP DHCP (1281) F.Rdd Fixed Address (1284)	DHCP				17013	

		Factor	y Page	Factory Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **				
<i>.Р.</i> я т ip.A1	Diagnostics IP Actual Ad- dress Part 1 Actual IP address of this module. Note: Although it ap- pears as if this can be changed here this is a read only parameter. Go to Setup Page and then the Com	0 to 255					17014	R				
<i>.Р.Я2</i> ip.A2	Menu to change. Diagnostics IP Actual Ad- dress Part 2 Actual IP address of this module. Note: Although it ap- pears as if this can be changed here this is a read only parameter. Go to Setup Page and then the Com Menu to change.	0 to 255					17015	R				
<i>.Р.Я.Э</i> ip.A3	Diagnostics IP Actual Ad- dress Part 3 Actual IP address of this module. Note: Although it ap- pears as if this can be changed here this is a read only parameter. Go to Setup Page and then the Com Menu to change. d W: Write E: EEDPO	0 to 255					17016	R				

	Factory Page								
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **	
<i>.Р.ЯЧ</i> ip.A4	Diagnostics IP Actual Ad- dress Part 4 Actual IP address of this module. Note: Although it ap- pears as if this can be changed here, this is a read only parameter. Go to Setup Page	0 to 255					17017	R	
ERL	and then the Com Menu to change.								
FEEY Calibra	tion Menu								
ቦባם Mv	Calibration Electrical Mea- surement Read the raw electrical value for this input in the units cor- responding to the Sensor Type (Setup Page, An- alog Input Menu) setting.	-3.4e38 to 3.4e38		Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 400 400	0x68 (104) 1 0x15 (21)		4021	float R	
EL .o ELi.o	Calibration Electrical Input Offset Change this val- ue to calibrate the low end of the input range.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	0.0	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 378 378	0x68 (104) 1 0x0A (10)		4010	float RWES	
EL .5 ELi.S	Calibration Electrical Input Slope Adjust this value to calibrate the slope of the in- put value.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000 OM. S: User Set	1.0	Instance 1 Map 1Map 2 380 380	0x68 (104) 1 0xB (11)		4011	float RWES	

	Factory Page									
Display	Parameter Name Description	Range	Default	Modbus Relative Ad- dress	CIP Class In- stance Attri- bute hex (dec)	Pro- fibus In- dex	Param- eter ID	Data Type and Ac- cess **		
ELao ELo.o	Calibration (3) Electrical Output Offset Change this val- ue to calibrate the low end of the output range.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	0.0	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 808 928	0x76 (118) 3 5		18005	float RWES		
ELa5 ELo.S	Calibration (3) Electrical Output Slope Adjust this value to calibrate the slope of the out- put value.	-1,999.000 to 9,999.000	1.0	Instance 3 Map 1Map 2 810 930	0x76 (118) 3 6		18006	float RWES		
Pn Pn	Calibration (1 to 2) Part Number Displays current setting for con- trol model num- ber.	FEEY Factory USEr User						uint R		
CodE	Calibration (1 to 3) Public Key Changes the control to User or back to origi- nal model num- ber as shown on the side of the control.	250 / User Settings 606 Factory model number	4999					uint RWES		



Changing PM Model Number to PM Express

PM firmware allows the user to switch between a PM control to a PM Express. Switching to a PM Express eliminates the complexity of the PM control by allowing the user to operate with a simplified menu structure.

Note:

When switching from a Full menu control to an Express version, optional PM hardware (even though installed) and firmware features not available in a PM Express will no longer work. To see exactly what is impacted by this change, compare the chart below to the ordering information page in this document.

PM LEGACY Limit Model	Configurati	ion Info	ormatio	on			
12 3 4 5	67	8	9	00	12	13 14	
Powe Package Primary Supply	, 2 Hardware	Comm.	Future	4 Hardware	Model	Custom	
Size Functions Digital	/0 Options	Options	Option	Options	Selection	Options	
PM			A				
3 Pack	age Size			1011	Outpu	t 3 and 4	Hardware Options
$3 = \frac{1}{32}$ DIN (coming soon)					Output 3		Output 4
$6 = \frac{1}{16} \text{DIN}$				AA = None			None
4 Primary	Functions			AJ = None			Mechanical relay 5A, Form A
L = Limit controller with universal	input			AK = None	1.1.7		SSK Form A, 0.5 A
M = Limit controller with thermiste	or input			CA = Switched	d dc/open d	ollector	None
5 Power Supply Digit	al Inputs/Outpu	ts (I/O)		CC = Switched	u ac/open a	ollector	Switched dc
1 = 100 to 240 VAC	a inputs/outpu			CK = Switched	u uc/open c d dc/open c	ollector	SSR Form A 0.5 A
2 = 100 to 240VAC plus 2 digital L	O points (Not ava	ailable on		EA = Mechani	ical relay 54	Form	None
Express version)				EC = Mechani	ical relay 54	Form C	Switched dc
3 = 20 to 28VAC or 12 to 40VDC				EL = Mechani	ical relay 57	Form C	Mechanical relay 5A Form A
4 = 20 to 28VAC or 12 to 40VDC, r	olus 2 digital I/O p	oints (No	:	EK = Mechani	ical relay 5/	. Form C	SSR Form A. 0.5A
available on Express version)				FA = Universa	al process	,	None
				FC = Universa	l process		Switched dc
	hardware Optio	ns ut 2		FJ = Universa	al process		Mechanical relay 5A, Form A
	Mechanical relay	utz /54 Form	Δ	FK = Universa	al process		SSR Form A, 0.5A
CI = Switched dc/open collector	Mechanical relay	5A Form	A	KK = SSR Form	n A, 0.5A		SSR Form A, 0.5A
EJ = Mechanical relay 5A, Form C	Mechanical relay	5A, Form	A	Note: Only ava	ilable on 1/1	6 DIN mod	els if communication Options
	tion Ontions			G, H, J or 2 thru	u 6 is ordere	d in previo	ous digit, then Option AA must
Standard bus always included	ation options				e.		
A = None					CULL :	Model	Selection
B = Bluetooth [®]				G = PM LEGA	CY Version		and 2 always isolated)
E = EIA-485 Modbus® RTU and Blu Express version)	etooth® (Not ava i	ilable on		H = PM LEGA (Output	1 and 2 alw	ays isolate	Available in PM3 or PM6) ed)
F = Modbus® RTU 232/485 and BI	uetooth® (Not ava	ailable on		13 14 <u> </u>	_	Custor	n Options
PM3 or Express version)				WP = Watlow	logo face p	ate	
G = EtherNet/IP [™] /Modbus [®] TCP and on PM3 or Express version)	nd Bluetooth® (No	ot availabl	e	WN = No logo/ AG = Conform	/no name fa nal coating	ice plate	
H = DeviceNet [™] and Bluetooth [®] (I Express version)	lot available on I	PM3 or					
J = PROFIBUS DP and Bluetooth® Express version)	(Not available or	n PM3 or					
1 = EIA-485 Modbus® RTU (Not av	ailable on Expres	ss version)				
2 = EIA-232/485 Modbus® RTU (N version)	ot available on Pl	M3 or Exp	ress				
3 = EtherNet/IP™/Modbus® TCP (M Express version)	lot available on F	PM3 or					
5 = DeviceNet [™] (Not available or	PM3 or Express	version)					
6 = PROFIBUS DP (Not available of	n PM3 or Expres	s version)					
		C .					

UL® and cUL® are registered trademarks of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. i-Phone® is a registered trademark of Apple Corporation. Android™ is a trademark of Google LLC.

Powered by Possibility **� WATLOW**. To be automatically connected to the nearest International Technical Sales Offices: Austria +43 6244 20129 0 China +86 21 3532 8532 France +33 1 41 32 79 70 +91 40 6661 2700 +39 02 458 8841 Mexico +52 442 256 2200 Singapore +65 6773 9488 North American Technical Sales Office: India Italy Japan Korea +81 3 3518 6630 Spain +34 91 675 1292 1-800-WATLOW2 • www.watlow.com Germany +49 7253 9400 0 +82 2 2169 2600 Taiwan +886 7 288 5168 UK +44 115 964 0777 WIN-I EG-0720

©2020 Watlow Electric Manufacturing Company all rights reserved.

How to Change the Controller Model Number

- 1. Enter Factory Page *FEL*^y, Calibration Menu *CRL* via front panel by pressing the Reset Key and the Advance Key together or using PM LEGACY[™] Limit Configurator software.
- 2. Once there, use the Advance Key to navigate to the Part Number Pn prompt. The top display will show factory FELY indicating the factory model number as shown on the decal located on the side of the control is currently in effect.
- 3. Push the Advance Key, Public Key [odE prompt will be displayed and the number 4999 in the top display.
- 4. Using the up or down Arrow Keys enter 2501 and push the Advance Key to execute the change. The controller will reboot and the new controller model number is in effect. All previous settings are lost and the controller must be reprogrammed for the application. Be sure to label the controller with the new model number for future reference.

Note:

As noted above, when switching from a PM Standard to a PM Express version, optional hardware (even though installed) may no longer work. Also, all settings will be defaulted to the selected model when switched.

Note:

After switching the model number to a PM Express this document will no longer apply to the control. Click on the link that follows to acquire the latest version of the PM LEGACY[™] Limit User's Guide. http://www.watlow.com/en/Resources-And-Support/Technical-Library/User-Manuals

Once there, simply enter express in the "Keyword" field to find the appropriate document.

How to Restore Original PM Factory Settings and Model Number

- 1. Enter Factory Page *FEL* ^y, Calibration Menu *ERL* via front panel by pressing the Reset Key and the Advance Key together or using PM LEGACY[™] Limit Configurator software.
- 2. Once there, use the Advance Key to navigate to the Part Number Pn prompt. The upper display will show user <u>USEr</u> indicating the user's selected model number is currently in effect.
- 3. Push the Advance Key where the Public Key *LodE* prompt will appear in the lower display and the number 4999 in the upper display.
- 4. Using the up or down arrow keys and enter 506 and push the Advance Key to execute the change. The controller will reboot and the new controller model number is in effect. All previous settings are lost and the controller must be reprogrammed for the application. Be sure to label the controller with the new model number for future reference.

Note:

When switching from a PM Express back to the original model number all original optional hardware will again be enabled for use. Also, when executing this step the control will be factory defaulted back to the original model number (as shown on the side of the control) at zone address 1. This User's Guide would once again apply to this control.

Saving and Restoring Settings

Recording setup and operations parameter settings for future reference is very important. If you unintentionally change these, you will need to program the correct settings back into the controller to return the equipment to operational condition.

After you program the controller and verify proper operation, select Save Settings As <u>U5r.5</u> (Setup Page, Global Menu) to save the settings into either of two files (<u>5EL</u> or <u>5EL2</u>) in the control memory.

Note:

Saving the settings overwrites any previously saved collection of settings. Be sure to document all the controller settings.

If the settings in the controller are altered a user can return the controller to one of three settings. If previously saved, <u>SEL</u> or <u>SEL</u> can be restored as well as the factory <u>FEL</u> settings. Navigate to the Setup Page, Global Menu to find the Restore <u>USCC</u> prompt. A digital input or the Function Key can also be configured to restore parameters.

Note:

When restoring factory defaults, I/O assemblies for Modbus, DeviceNet, Profibus and Ethernet along with the zone address will be overwritten when restoring factory defaults.

Programming the Home Page

Watlow's patented user-defined menu system improves operational efficiency. The user-defined Home Page provides you with a shortcut to monitor or change the parameter values that you use most often.

You can create your own Home Page with as many as 20 of the active parameters. When a parameter normally located in the Setup Page or Operations Page is placed in the Home Page, it is accessible through both. If you change a parameter in the Home Page, it is automatically changed in its original page. If you change a parameter in its original page it is automatically changed in the Home Page.

The default parameters will automatically appear in the Home Page.

Change the list of parameters in the Home Page from the Custom Menu [U5L (Factory Page)

Inputs

Calibration Offset

Calibration offset allows a device to compensate for an inaccurate sensor, lead resistance or other factors that affect the input value. A positive offset increases the input value, and a negative offset decreases the input value. The input offset value can be viewed or changed with Calibration Offset *LCR* (Operations Page, Analog Input Menu).

Calibration

Before performing any calibration procedure, verify that the displayed readings are not within published specifications by inputting a known value from a precision source to the analog input. Next,

subtract the displayed value with the known value and compare this difference to the published accuracy range specification for that type of input.

Use of the Calibration Offset LER parameter found in the Operations Page __PE_r, Analog Input Menu R shifts the readings across the entire displayed range by the offset value. Use this parameter to compensate for sensor error or sensor placement error. Typically this value is set to zero.



Equipment required while performing calibration:

Obtain a precision source for millivolts, volts, milliamperes or resistance depending on the sensor type to be calibrated. Use copper wire only to connect the precision source to the controller's input. Keep leads between the precision source and controller as short as possible to minimize error. In addition, a precision volt/ohm meter capable of reading values to 4 decimal places or better is recommended. Prior to calibration, connect this volt/ohm meter to the precision source to verify accuracy. Actual input values do NOT have to be exactly the recommended values, but it IS critical that the actual value of the signal connected to the controller be accurately known to at least four digits.

Calibration of Analog Inputs:

To calibrate an analog input, you will need to provide a source of two electrical signals or resistance values near the extremes of the range that the application is likely to utilize. See recommended values below:

Sensor Type	Precision Source Low	Precision Source High
thermocouple	0.000 mV	50.000 mV
millivolts	0.000 mV	50.000 mV
volts	0.000V	10.000V
milliamps	0.000 mA	20.000 mA
100 Ω RTD	50.00 Ω	350.0 Ω
1,000 Ω RTD	500.0 Ω	3,500 Ω
thermistor 5 k Ω	50.00	5,000
thermistor 10 k Ω	150.0	10,000
thermistor 20 kΩ	1,800	20,000
thermistor 40 kΩ	1,700	40,000
potentiometer	0.000	1,200

Note: The user may only calibrate one sensor type. If the calibrator interferes with open thermocouple detection, set Sensor Type $5E_n$ in Setup Page $5E_L$, Analog Input Menu R_i to millivolt P_{R_i} instead of Thermocouple E_i to avoid interference between the calibrator and open thermocouple detect circuit for the duration of the calibration process. Be sure to set sensor type back to the thermocouple type utilized.

Note: The Electrical Measurement value will be in the units that are selected. i.e. - Millivolts, volts, milliamps, or ohms.

- 1. Disconnect the sensor from the controller.
- 2. Record the Calibration Offset LER parameter value in the Operations Page PEr, Analog Input Menu R, then set value to zero.
- 3. Wire the precision source to the appropriate controller input terminals to be calibrated. Do not have any other wires connected to the input terminals. Please refer to the Install and Wiring section of this manual for the appropriate connections.
- 4. Ensure the controller sensor type is programmed to the appropriate Sensor Type 5En to be utilized in the Setup Page 5EE, Analog Input Menu R.
- 5. Enter Factory Page FEEB, Calibration Menu [RL via front panel or PM LEGACY™ Limit Configurator Software.
- 6. Select the Calibration [RL input instance to be calibrated. This corresponds to the analog input to be calibrated.
- 7. Set Electrical Input Slope EL 15 to 1.000 and Electrical Input Offset EL 10 to 0.000 (this will cancel any prior user calibration values)
- Input a Precision Source Low value. Read Electrical Measurement value Pnu of controller via PM LEGACY[™] Limit Configurator or RUI. This will be referred to as Electrical Measured Low. Record low value ______.
- 9. Input a Precision Source High value.
- 10. Read Electrical Measurement value P?u of controller via PM LEGACY™ Limit Configurator or RUI. This will be referred to as Electrical Measured High. Record high value _____.
- 11. Calculated Electrical Input Slope = (Precision High Precision Low) / (Electrical Measured High Electrical Measured Low) Calculated Slope value _____
- 12. Calculated Electrical Input Offset = Precision Low (Electrical Input Slope * Measured Low) Calculated Offset value _____.
- 13. Enter the calculated Electrical Input Slope EL 5 and Electrical Input Offset EL 10 into the controller.
- 14. Exit calibration menu.
- 15. Validate calibration process by utilizing a calibrator to the analog input.
- 16. Enter calibration offset as recorded in step 2 if required to compensate for sensor error.

Setting Electrical Input Slope EL 15 to 1.000 and Electrical Input Offset ELL to 0.000, restores factory calibration as shipped from factory.

Filter Time Constant

Filtering smooths an input signal by applying a first-order filter time constant to the signal. Filtering the displayed value makes it easier to monitor. Filtering the signal may improve the performance of PID control in a noisy or very dynamic system.



Adjust the filter time interval with Filter Time F, L (Setup Page, Analog Input Menu). Example: With a filter value of 0.5 seconds, if the process input value instantly changes from 0 to 100 and remained at 100, the display will indicate 100 after five time constants of the filter value or 2.5 seconds.

Sensor Selection

You need to configure the controller to match the input device, which is normally a thermocouple, RTD or process transmitter.

Select the sensor type with Sensor Type 5En (Setup Page, Analog Input Menu).

Scale High and Scale Low

When an analog input is selected as process voltage or process current input, you must choose the value of voltage or current to be the low and high ends. For example, when using a 4 to 20 mA input, the scale low value would be 4.00mA and the scale high value would be 20.00mA. Commonly used scale ranges are: 0 to 20mA, 4 to 20mA, 0 to 5V, 1 to 5V and 0 to 10V.

You can create a scale range representing other units for special applications. You can reverse scales from high values to low values for analog input signals that have a reversed action. For example, if 50 psi causes a 4 mA signal and 10 psi causes a 20mA signal.

Scale low and high low values do not have to match the bounds of the measurement range. These along with range low and high provide for process scaling and can include values not measurable by the controller. Regardless of scaling values, the measured value will be constrained by the electrical measurements of the hardware. Select the low and high values with Scale Low 5.L $_{o}$ and Scale High 5.h $_{r}$. Select the displayed range with Range Low $r.L _{o}$ and Range High r.h (Setup Page, Analog Input Menu).

Range High and Range Low

With a process input, you must choose a value to represent the low and high ends of the current or voltage range. Choosing these values allows the controller's display to be scaled into the actual working units of measurement. For example, the analog input from a humidity transmitter could represent 0 to 100 percent relative humidity as a process signal of 4 to 20mA. Low scale would be set to 0 to represent 4 mA and high scale set to 100 to represent 20 mA. The indication on the display would then represent percent humidity and range from 0 to 100 percent with an input of 4 to 20mA. Select the low and high values with Range Low $r.L_0$ and Range High $r.h_1$ (Setup Page, Analog Input Menu).

Outputs

Retransmitting a Process Value or Set Point

The retransmit feature allows a process output to provide an analog signal that represents the set point or process value. The signal may serve as a remote set point for another controller or as an input for a chart recorder documenting system performance over time.

In choosing the type of retransmit signal the operator must take into account the input impedance of

the device to be retransmitted to and the required signal type, either voltage or milliamps. Typically applications might use the retransmit option to record one of the variables with a chart recorder or to generate a set point for other controls in a multi-zone application.



Output 3 can be ordered as process output. Select retransmit r P P L as the Function F_{P} (Setup Page, Output

Menu). Set the output to volts $u \circ l \cdot L$ or milliamps $P \cap R$ with Type $o L \cdot J$. Select the signal to retransmit with Retransmit Source $r \cdot 5r$. Set the range of the process output with Scale Low $5L \circ$ and Scale High 5h. Scale the retransmit source to the process output with Range Low $r \cdot L \circ$ and Range High $r \cdot h \cdot r$.

When the retransmit source is at the Range Low value, the retransmit output will be at its Scale Low value. When the retransmit source is at the Range High value, the retransmit output will be at its Scale High value.

Resetting a Tripped Limit

Output 2 will always be a Form A (normally open) Mechanical Relay and it will always be internally tied to the limit function. When the limit is in a safe state the internal coil for this relay will be energized, therefore the relay will be closed. When a condition occurs that causes the limit to trip, the internal coil will deenergize causing the relay to latch open. When the condition that caused the limit to trip has been resolved, the relay will remain latched open until manually reset.

To check the firmware revision of your control do one of the following:

- 1. Cycle power to the control while observing the number in the top display (this momentary numerical display reflects the current installed firmware version).
- 2. Navigate to the Factory Page by simultaneously pushing and holding the Advance Key and the Reset Key for approximately 8 seconds and then use the up or down arrow key to navigate to the Diagnostic Menu. Once there, push the Advance Key twice where the revision *c Eu* will be shown in the lower display and the upper display will indicate the current firmware revision.
- 2a. Navigate to the Setup Page and then the Limit Menu
- 2b. Set Source Function A to the desired device that will reset the limit (Digital I/O or Function Key)
- 2c. Define the Source Instance
- 3. Use a field bus protocol, i.e., Modbus, EtherNet/IP, etc...where a value of zero would be written to the associated address (navigate to the Operations Page and look for Clear Limit under the Limit Menu to find appropriate address).
- 4. Cycle the power to the controller.

Alarms

Alarms are activated when the output level, process value or temperature leaves a defined range. A user can configure how and when an alarm is triggered, what action it takes and whether it turns off automatically when the alarm condition is over. Configure alarm outputs in the Setup Page before setting alarm set points. Alarms do not have to be assigned to an output. Alarms can be monitored and controlled through the front panel or by using software.

Process Alarms

A process alarm uses one or two absolute set points to define an alarm condition. Select the type with Type REY (Setup Page, Alarm Menu).

Set Points

The high set point defines the process value or temperature that will trigger a high side alarm. The low set point defines the temperature that will trigger a low side alarm. View or change alarm set points with Low Set Point RL_{a} and High Set Point Rh_{b} (Operations Page, Alarm Menu).

Hysteresis

An alarm state is triggered when the process value reaches the high or low set point. Hysteresis defines how far the process must return into the normal operating range before the alarm can be cleared.

Hysteresis is a zone inside each alarm set point. This zone is defined by adding the hysteresis value to the low set point or subtracting the hysteresis value from the high set point. View or change hysteresis with Hysteresis Rhy (Setup Page, Alarm Menu).



Latching

A latched alarm will remain active after the alarm condition has passed. It can only be deactivated by the user. An active message, such as an alarm message, will cause the display to toggle between the

normal settings and the active message in the upper display and R_{LEn} in the lower display. Push the Advance Key to display G_{nr} in the upper display and the message source in the lower display. Use the Up or Down key $\Box \Box$ to scroll through possible responses, such as Clear $[L_r]$ or Silence 5 L. Then push the Advance or Reset key to execute the action.

See the Keys and Displays chapter and the Home Page chapter for more details. An alarm that is not latched (self-clearing) will deactivate automatically when the alarm condition has passed. Turn latching on or off with Latching RLR (Setup Page, Alarm Menu).



Silencing

If silencing is on the operator can disable the alarm output while the controller is in an alarm state. The process value or temperature has to enter the normal operating range beyond the hysteresis zone to activate the alarm output function again. An active message, such as an alarm message, will cause the display to toggle between the normal settings and the active message in the upper display and *REED* in the lower display.

- 1. Push the Advance Key to display "gnr in the upper display and the message source in the lower display.
- 2. Use the Up or Down key \square \square to scroll through possible responses, such as Clear $[L_r]$ or Silence 5 , L. Then push the Advance or Reset key to execute the action.

See the Keys and Displays chapter and the Home Page chapter for more details. Turn silencing on or off with Silencing R5, (Setup Page, Alarm Menu).

Blocking

Blocking allows a system to warm up after it has been started up. With blocking on, an alarm is not triggered when the process temperature is initially lower than the low set point or higher than the high set point. The process temperature has to enter the normal operating range beyond the hysteresis zone to activate the alarm function. Turn blocking on or off with Blocking *RbL* (Setup Page, Alarm Menu).

Using Lockout and Password Security

If unintentional changes to parameter settings might raise safety concerns or lead to downtime, you can use the lockout feature to make them more secure. There are two methods of lockout that can be deployed, both of which are accessible from the Factory Page.

- Method 1- Change the value of the Read Lock <u>rLo</u> (1 to 5) and Set Lock <u>5Lo</u> (0 to 5) prompts where the higher the value or setting for each translates to a higher security clearance (greater access).
- Method 2- Enable Password Security *PR5.E* and then modify the Lock Level *LoE.L* value which ranges from 1 to 5. See the section entitled **"Using Lockout Method 2"** for more detail.

Using Lockout Method 1 (Read and Set Lock)

All Pages have security levels assigned where two of those cannot be changed (Home and Setup). Defaults (factory settings) for each are shown below:

- Home Page = 1
- Operations Page = 2 (changeable to 1, 2 or 3)
- Setup Page = 4
- Profiling Page = 3 (changeable to 1, 2 or 3)
- Factory Page = 5*
- * The Factory Page is always visible where all menus within it may or may not be visible/writable. For further detail see table "Factory Page Menus".

The table below represents the various levels of lockout for the Set Lockout Security prompt $5L_0E$ and the Read Lockout Security prompt ΓL_0E . Looking at the table, "Y" equates to yes (can write/read) where "N" equates to no (cannot write/read). The colored cells simply differentiate one level from the next while also showing the level where read/write is enabled. As stated previously, the Set Lockout has 6 levels (0 to 5) of security where the Read Lockout has 5 (1 to 5). Therefore, level "0" applies to Set Lockout only.

Lockout Security 5Loc and rLoc								
Pagas	Security Level							
Fayes	0	1	2	3	4	5		
Home Page (cannot be changed)	Ν	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ		
Operations Page	Ν	Ν	Y	Y	Y	Y		
Setup Page (cannot be changed)	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Y	Υ		
Factory Page	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y		

Being able to change the page security level for the Operations and Profile pages allows a user to give access to the Profile Page while locking out the Operations Page. The following example shows how the Lockout feature may be used to accomplish this:

Changing Security Levels:

- 1. From the Home Page, press and hold the Reset Key and the Advance Key for approximately six seconds. *[U5E* will appear in the upper display and *FEE9* will appear in the lower display.
- 2. Press the Up Key 🛆 until LoC appears in the upper display and FCLY will appear in the lower display.
- 3. Press the Advance Key until Lock Operations prompt LoLo appears in the bottom display.
- 4. Press the Up Key \square to change the default value from 2 to 3.
- 5. Press the Advance Key again and change the Lock Profiling prompt LoCP appears in the bottom display.
- 6. Press the Down Key \checkmark to change the default value from $\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$.
- 7. Press the Advance Key until Read Lock rtoc appears in the bottom display.
- 8. Press the Down Key V to change the default value from 5 to 2.
- 9. Press the Advance Key until Set Lock 5LoC appears in the bottom display.
- 10. Press the Down Key \checkmark to change the default value from 5 to 4.

With the above settings, the Home Page and the Profiling Page can be accessed, and all writable parameters can be written to. Due to the Read lock setting of 2, all pages with security levels greater than 2 will be locked out (inaccessible).

Another example of Method 1 lockout usage could be that an operator wants read access to all pages while allowing read/write access to the Home Page and the Lockout Menu only. To setup this scenario follow the steps below:

- 1. From the Home Page, press and hold the Reset Key and the Advance Key for approximately six seconds. *[U5E* will appear in the upper display and *FEE9* will appear in the lower display.
- 2. Press the Up Key \square until LoC appears in the upper display and FCLY will appear in the lower display.
- 3. Press the Advance Key until Read Lock r Loc appears in the bottom display and change it to 5.
- 4. Press the Advance Key until Set Lock 5LoC appears in the bottom display and change it to 1.

Although the Factory Page is always visible, some menus within it can be restricted.

Lockout Security 5LoE and rLoE							
Factory Page Menus							
Security Le				evel			
wienus	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Custom Menu	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Y	
Lockout Menu*	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Diagnostic Menu**	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Calibration Menu	N	N	N	N	N	Y	

- * Using lockout Method 1 with 5LoE set to 0, all writable parameters within the control will be inhibited (not writable) with two exceptions, 5LoE and rLoE. As shown below, both of these parameters can always be seen and modified.
- ** Diagnostic Menu and all associated prompts are always visible and never writable

Lockout Security 5LoE and rLoE							
Factory Page Menu Parameters							
Security Level							
Parameters	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Lo C. o	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	
PRS.E	Ν	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
rLoC	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
SLoC	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	

Note: Using Method 1 Lockout all settings can be modified by anyone who knows how to find their way to the 5LoE and rLoE parameters.

Using Lockout Method 2 (Password Enable)

It is sometimes desirable to apply a higher level of security to the control where a password would be required to access the control. If Password Enabled *PR5.E* in the Factory Page under the *LoE* Menu is set to on, an overriding Password Security will be in effect. Without the appropriate password, specified menus will remain inaccessible. Page and Menu access is defined in the Locked Access Level *LoEL* prompt. On the other hand, a User with a password would have visibility restricted by the Read Lockout Security *rLoE*. As an example, with Password Enabled and the Locked Access Level LoC.L set to 1 and *rLoE* is set to 3, the available Pages for a User without a password would be limited to the Home and Factory Pages (locked level 1). If the User password is entered all pages would be accessible with the exception of the Setup Page as defined by level 3 access.

How to Enable Password Security

Follow the steps below:

- 1. From the Home Page, press and hold the Reset Key and the Advance Key for approximately six seconds. *[U5E* will appear in the upper display and *F[E]* will appear in the lower display.
- 2. Press the Up Key 🔼 until LoE appears in the upper display and FEEY will appear in the lower display.
- 3. Press the Advance Key until Password Enable PRSE appears in the bottom display and change it to 5.
- 4. Press the Up Key **A** to turn it on. Once on, four new prompts will appear:
 - a. Locked Access Level Lock, (1 to 5) corresponding to the lockout table above.
 - b. Rolling Password roll, will change the Customer Code every time power is cycled.
 - c. User Password PR5., which is needed for a User to acquire access to the control.
 - d. Administrator Password *PRSR*, which is needed to acquire administrative access to the control.

The Administrator can either change the User and or the Administrator password or leave them in the default state. Once Password Security is enabled they will no longer be visible to anyone other than the Administrator. In other words the Lock Menu Loc is not available to a User. As can be seen in the formula that follows either the User or Administrator will need to know what those passwords are to acquire a higher level of access to the control. Back out of this menu by pushing the Reset ©. Once out of the menu, the Password Security will be enabled.

How to Acquire Access to the Control

To acquire access to any inaccessible Pages or Menus, go to the Factory Page and enter the ULoC menu. Once there follow the steps below:

Note:

If Password Security (Password Enabled PR5.E is On) is enabled the two prompts mentioned below in the first step will not be visible. If the password is unknown, call the individual or company that originally setup the control.

- 1. Acquire either the User Password PR5. or the Administrator Password PR5.
- 2. Press the Advance key one time where the Code *LodE* prompt will be visible.

Note:

a. If the Rolling Password is off, press the Advance Key one more time where the Password PR55 prompt will be displayed. Proceed to either step 7a or 8a. Pushing the Up or Down arrow Key

enter either the User or Administrator Password. Once entered, press and hold the Reset Key for two seconds to return to the Home Page.

- b. If the Rolling Password roll was turned on proceed on through steps 3 9.
- 3. Assuming the Code [ad E prompt (Public Key) is still visible on the face of the control simply push the Advance Key to proceed to the Password PR55 prompt. If not, find your way back to the Factory Page as described above.
- 4. Execute the calculation defined below (7b or 8b) for either the User or Administrator.
- 6. Exit the Factory Page by pressing and holding the Reset Key for two seconds.

Formulas used by the User and the Administrator to calculate the Password follows:

Passwords equal:

7. User

- a. If Rolling Password Foll is Off, Password PR55 equals User Password PR50.
- b. If Rolling Password Fall is On, Password PR55 equals: (PR5., x code) Mod 929 + 70
- 8. Administrator
 - a. If Rolling Password Foll is Off, Password PR55 equals User Password PR5R.
 - b. If Rolling Password roll is On, Password PR55 equals: (PR5.R x code) Mod 997 + 1000

Differences Between a User Without Password, User With Password and Administrator

- User without a password is restricted by the Locked Access Level LoCL.
- A User with a password is restricted by the Read Lockout Security <u>rto</u> <u>c</u> never having access to the Lock Menu <u>Lo</u><u></u>.
- An Administrator is restricted according to the Read Lockout Security <u>rlo</u> however, the Administrator has access to the Lock Menu where the Read Lockout can be changed.

Modbus - Using Programmable Memory Blocks

When using the Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP protocols, the PM control features a block of addresses that can be configured by the user to provide direct access to a list of 40 user configured parameters. This allows the user easy access to this customized list by reading from or writing to a contiguous block of registers.

To acquire a better understanding of the tables found in the back of this manual (See Appendix: (Modbus Programmable Memory Blocks) please read through the text below which defines the column headers used.

Assembly Definition Addresses

- Fixed addresses used to define the parameter that will be stored in the "Working Addresses", which may also be referred to as a pointer. The value stored in these addresses will reflect (point to) the Modbus address of a parameter within the PM control.

Assembly Working Addresses

- Fixed addresses directly related to their associated "Assembly Definition Addresses" (i.e., Assembly Working Addresses 200 & 201 will assume the parameter pointed to by Assembly Definition Addresses 40 & 41).

When the Modbus address of a target parameter is stored in an "Assembly Definition Address" its corresponding working address will return that parameter's actual value. If it's a writable parameter, writing to its working register will change the parameter's actual value. As an example, Modbus register 360 represents the Analog Input Value (See Operations Page, Analog Input Menu). If the value 360 is loaded into Assembly Definition Address 90 and value 361 is loaded into Assembly Definition Address 91, the value sensed by Analog Input 1 will also be stored in Modbus registers 250 and 251. Notice that by default this parameter is also stored in working registers 240 and 241 as well.

Note:

When modifying the Modbus Assembly registers, single register writes (function 06) are not allowed. Multiple register writes (function 16) must be used to modify the assembly.

The table identified as "Assembly Definition Addresses and Assembly Working Addresses" (see Appendix: Modbus Programmable Memory Blocks) reflects the assemblies and their associated addresses.

CIP - Communications Capabilities

With the introduction of the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP) a user can now collect data, configure a device and control industrial devices. CIP is an open protocol at the application layer fully managed by the Open DeviceNet Vendors Association (ODVA, http://www.odva.org). Being that this is an open protocol there are many independent vendors offering a wide array of devices to the end user. CIP provides the ability to communicate utilizing both implicit messaging (real-time I/O messaging), and explicit messaging (information/configuration messaging). For implicit communications using a PLC, simply configure the PM assembly size into the I/O structure of the PLC (See: CIP Implicit Assembly Structures). The assembly structures can also be changed by the user. Explicit communications requires the use of specific addressing information. DeviceNet requires that the node address be specified where EtherNet/IP requires just the Class, Instance and Attribute.

- Node address or MAC ID (0 63, DeviceNet only)
- Class ID (1 to 255)
- Instance ID (0 to 255)
- Attribute ID (1 to 255)

EtherNet/IP and DeviceNet are both based on CIP and use the same addressing scheme. In the following menu pages notice the column header identified as CIP. There you will find the Class, Instance and Attribute in hexadecimal, (decimal in parenthesis) which makes up the addressing for both protocols. The Watlow implementation of CIP does not support connected explicit messages but fully supports unconnected explicit messaging.

Rockwell Automation (RA) developed the DF1 serial protocol within the framework of the PCCC application protocol. With the introduction of CIP, the PCCC protocol was encapsulated within it to enable continued communication over Ethernet to the LEGACY[™] RA programmable controllers, e.g., SLC, Micrologic and PLC-5 controllers equipped with Ethernet capabilities. The Watlow implementation of CIP also supports the PCCC protocol.

EtherNet/IP (Industrial Protocol) is a network communication standard capable of handling large amounts of data at speeds of 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps, and at up to 1,500 bytes per packet. It makes use of standard off-the-shelf Ethernet chip sets and the currently installed physical media (hardware connections). DeviceNet was the first field bus offering of the ODVA group and has been around for many years. DeviceNet can communicate at 125, 250 and 500 kilobytes per second with a maximum limitation of 64 nodes (0 to 63) on the network.

Note:

If the control is brought back to the factory defaults (See Appendix: CIP Implicit Assembly Structures) the user configured assemblies will be overwritten.

Note:

The maximum number of implicit input/output members using DeviceNet is 200. When using Ether-Net/IP the maximum is 100.

CIP Implicit Assemblies

Communications using CIP (EtherNet/IP and DeviceNet) can be accomplished with any PM Integrated control equipped with either DeviceNet or EtherNet/IP communications cards. As was already mentioned, reading or writing when using CIP can be accomplished via explicit and or implicit communications. Explicit communications are usually executed via a message instruction within the PLC but there are other ways to do this as well outside of the focus of this document.

Implicit communications is also commonly referred to as polled communications. When using implicit communications there is an I/O assembly that would be read or written to. The default assemblies and the assembly size is embedded into the firmware of the PM control. Watlow refers to these assemblies as the T to O (Target to Originator) and the O to T (Originator to Target) assemblies where the Target is always the PM LEGACYTM Limit Controller and the Originator is the PLC or master on the network. The size of the O to T assembly is initially set to 40 (32-bit) members where the T to O assembly consists of 40 (32-bit) members. All assembly members are user configurable with the exception of the first T to O member. The first member of the T to O assembly is called the Device Status, it is unique and cannot be changed. If the module has been properly configured when viewing this 32-bit member in binary format bits 12 and 16 should always be set to 1 where all of the other bits should be 0. All other members that follow Device Status are user configurable. The Appendix of this User's Guide contains the PM implicit assemblies (See Appendix: (CIP Implicit Assembly Structures).

Modifying Implicit Assembly Members

To change any given member of either assembly (T to O or O to T) simply write the new class, instance and attribute (CIA) to the member location of choice. The CIP communications instance will always be instance 2.

Profibus DP - (Decentralized Peripherals)

This protocol is typically used to operate sensors and actuators via a centralized controller within industrialized production topologies. Data rates up to 12 Mbit/s on twisted pair cables and/or fiber optics are possible. This protocol is available in three functionally graded version; DP-V0, DP-V1 and DP-V2. It should be noted that Watlow products utilizing this protocol support DP-V0 and DP-V1 only. DP-V0 - provides the basic functionality of DP, including cyclic data exchange, station, module and channel specific diagnostics and four different interrupt types for diagnostics and process

interrupts.

Cyclic Data refers to input/output data that is pre-configured to pass from the Profibus-DP Class 1 Master and the Slave at a known rate. Cyclic data is expected on both the sender and the receiver end of the message.

Note:

To use DP-V0 (cyclic data transfer) first configure and then register the General Station Description (GSD) file. Watlow provides a software tool allowing for total customization of the data to be read and or written to. Acquire this software tool (Profibus GSD Editor) via the CD that shipped with the product or, as an alternative, point your browser to: http://www.watlow.com/en/resources-and-sup-port/Technical-Library/Software-and-Demos and navigate to the bottom of the page and click on "Software and Demos" to download the software.

Using the GSD Editor a user can configure up to a maximum of 244 I/O bytes that can be read or written to from Zone 1 through 16. DP-V1 - contains enhancements geared towards process automation, in particular acyclic data communication for parameter assignment, operation, visualization and interrupt control of intelligent field devices, in conjunction with cyclic user data communication.

Acyclic Data is a message that can be sent and or received at any time where they typically have a lower priority then cyclic messages. This type of messaging is typically used for the purpose of configuration or performing some sort of a diagnostic function.

Software Configuration

Using PM LEGACY™ Limit Configurator Software

To enable a user to configure the PM control using a personal computer (PC), Watlow has provided free software for your use. If you have not yet obtained a copy of this software and have a connection to the Internet, simply click on the link below and download the software from the Watlow web site free of charge.

http://www.watlow.com/en/resources-and-support/Technical-Library/Software-and-Demos

Once the software is installed double click on the PM LEGACY[™] Limit Configurator icon placed on your desktop during the installation process. If you cannot find the icon follow the steps below to run the software:

- 1. Move your mouse to the "Start" button
- 2. Place the mouse over "All Programs"
- 3. Navigate to the "Watlow" folder and then the sub-folder "PM LEGACY™ Limit Configurator"
- 4. Click on PM LEGACY™ Limit Configurator to run.

The first screen that will appear is shown below.



If the PC is already physically connected to the PM control click the next button to go on-line.

Note:

When establishing communications from PC to the PM controller, an interface converter will be required. The Standard Bus network uses EIA-485 as the interface. Most PCs today would require a USB to EIA-485 converter.

The PM must be configured using the keypad or serial EIA-485 connection. The software will not configure the controller via the other fieldbus options. As can be seen in the above screen shot the

software provides the user with the option of downloading a previously saved configuration as well as the ability to create a configuration off-line to download later. The screen shots that follow will take the user on-line.

After clicking the next button above it is necessary to define the communications port that will be used on the PC as shown to the right. Clicking on the drop down will allow the user to select the appropriate communications port. This will be the port assigned to the EIA-485 to USB converter when it was connected to the PC. The "Advanced" button allows the user to determine how many devices to look for on the network (1 to 17).

After clicking on the "Next" button, the software will scan the network for the zone addresses specified while showing the progress made (as shown in the graphic below. When complete the software will display all of the available devices found on the network as shown below.



Available Network Devices Displayed

Available E	Z-ZONE De	vices:			
Port	Address	Device Name	Model Number		Serial Number
COM5	1	EZ-ZONE PM	PM9L3CJ-AA	AAAA	23251
COM5	2	UNKNOWN	PM4R3CJ-1A	AAAA	16539
COM5	3	EZ-ZONE PM	PM6C1FK-AA	JAEK	316026
COM5	4	EZ-ZONE PM	PM6C1FK-AAI	EJAEK	315949
	×		Sto	p Scan	Repeat Scan

Available E	Z-ZONE De	vices:		
Port	Address	Device Name	Model Number	Serial Number
COM5	1	EZ-ZONE PM	PM9L3CJ-AAAAAAA	23251
COM5	2	UNKNOWN	PM4R3CJ-1AFAAAA	16539
COM5	3	EZ-ZONE PM	PM6C1FK-AAEJAEK	316026
COM5	4	EZ-ZONE PM	PM6C1FK-AAEJAEK	315949
			Stop Scan	Repeat Scar

Any Watlow device on the network will appear in this window and would be available for the purpose of configuration or monitoring; simply click on the control of choice. After doing so, the screen below will appear. In the screen shot below notice that the device part number is clearly displayed at the top of the page (yellow highlight added for emphasis). When multiple Watlow devices are on the network it is important that the part number be noted prior to configuring so as to avoid making unwanted configuration changes to another controller. Looking closely at the left hand column (Parameter Menus) notice that it displays all of the available menus and associated parameters within the controller. The menu structure as laid out within this software follows:

- Setup - Operations - Factory

😼 Watlow EZ-ZONE® CONFIGURATOR						
Edit Device Settings On-Line - Model PM9L3CJ-AAAAAAA Click a Menu in the tree to view and edit its settings. Click Finish to save and exit.						
Parameter Menus	Parameters: Setup: Analog In Sensor Type TC Linearization RTD Leads Units Scale Low Scale High Range Low Range High Process Error Enable Process Error Enable Process Error Low Value Filter Input Error Latching Display Precision Calibration Offset Analog Input Value Input Error	Thermocouple J J Z Process Q 0.00 20.00 0 °F 9999 °F Off Q O F O O F O O F O F None F O O F F O F 	Parameter Help Configure the Inputs Set the controller parameters to match the sensors attached to the inputs. In Sensor Type, set the analog sensor type to match the device wired to this input. If a thermocouple is wired to this input, set TC Linearization to match the thermocouple's type. If an RTD sensor is connected to this input, set RTD Leads to 2 for a 2-wire RTD or 3 for a 3-wire RTD. In Units, set the type of units the sensor will measure.			
<u>Cancel</u> <u>H</u> elp			< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > <u>Finish</u>			

Navigating from one menu to the next is easy and clearly visible. Simply slide the scroll bar up or down to display the menu and parameter of choice. If there is a need to bring greater focus and clarity to the parameters of interest simply click on the negative symbol next to any of the Menu items. As an example, if it is desired to work within the Operations page click the negative sign next to Setup where the Setup Page will then collapse. Now click the plus sign next to Operations to find the menu

items of choice without viewing unwanted menus and parameters.

Once the focus is brought to an individual parameter (single click of mouse) as is the case for Analog Input 1 in the left column; all that can be setup related to that parameter will appear in the center column. The grayed out fields in the center column simply mean that this does not apply for the type of sensor selected.

As an example, notice that when a thermocouple is selected, RTD Leads does not apply and is therefore grayed out. To speed up the process of configuration notice that at the bottom of the center column there is an option to copy settings. If Alarms 1 through 4 are to be configured the same, simply click on "Copy Set-



tings" where a copy dialog box will appear allowing for quick duplication of all settings. Notice too, that by clicking on any of those items in the center column that context sensitive help will appear for that particular item in the right hand column. Lastly, when the configuration is complete, click the "Finish" button at the bottom right of the graphic on the previous page. The screen that follows this action can be seen above.

Although the PM controller now contains the configuration (because the previous discussion focused on doing the configuration on-line) it is suggested that after the configuration process is completed that the user save this file on the PC for future use. If for some reason someone inadvertently changed a setting without understanding the impact, it would be easy and perhaps faster to download a saved configuration back to the control versus trying to figure out what was changed. Of course, there is an option to exit without saving a copy to the local hard drive. After selecting Save above, click the "Finish" button once again. The screen below will than appear. When saving the con-

figuration, note the location where the file will be placed (saved in) and enter the file name (File name) as well. The default path for saved files follows: Users\"Username"\My Documents\ Watlow\LEGACY™ Configurator\Saved Configurations

The user can save the file to any folder of choice.



Troubleshooting Alarms, Errors and Control Issues

9

Indication	Description	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Alarm won't clear or reset	Alarm will not clear or reset with keypad or digital input	 Latching is active 	 Reset alarm when process is within range or disable latching
		Alarm set to incorrect out- put	 Set output to correct alarm source instance
		Alarm is set to incorrect source	• Set alarm source to correct input instance
		 Sensor input is out of alarm set point range 	 Correct cause of sensor in- put out of alarm range
		Alarm set point is incorrectAlarm is set to incorrect	 Set alarm set point to cor- rect trip point
		type	 Set alarm to correct type: process, deviation or power
		 Digital input function is in- correct 	 Set digital input function and source instance
Alarm won't occur	Alarm will not activate output	 Silencing is active 	 Disable silencing, if re- quired
		 Blocking is active 	Disable blocking, if requiredSet output to correct alarm
		 Alarm is set to incorrect output 	source instanceSet alarm source to correct
		Alarm is set to incorrect	input instance
		SourceAlarm set point is incorrect.	 Set alarm set point to cor- rect trip point
		 Alarm is set to incorrect type 	 Set alarm to correct type: process, deviation or power
Alarm Error RL.E 1	Alarm state cannot be determined due to	Sensor improperly wired or open	 Correct wiring or replace sensor
RL.E 2 RL.E 3	lack of sensor input	 Incorrect setting of sensor type 	 Match setting to sensor used
RL.E Y		Calibration corrupt	 Check calibration of con- troller
Alarm Low RLL 1	Sensor input below low alarm set point	 Temperature is less than alarm set point 	Check cause of under tem- perature
RLL 2 RLL 3 RLL 4		 Alarm is set to latching and an alarm occurred in the past 	Clear latched alarm
		 Incorrect alarm set point 	 Establish correct alarm set point
		Incorrect alarm source	 Set alarm source to proper setting

Indication	Description	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Alarm High ЯL.Ь I ЯL.Ь2 ЯL.Ь3 ЯL.ЬЧ	Sensor input above high alarm set point	 Temperature is greater than alarm set point Alarm is set to latching and an alarm occurred in the past 	Check cause of over temperatureClear latched alarm
		 Incorrect alarm set point Incorrect alarm source 	 Establish correct alarm set point Set alarm source to proper
			setting
Error Input	Sensor does not pro- vide a valid signal to	• Sensor improperly wired or open	 Correct wiring or replace sensor
	controller	 Incorrect setting of sensor type 	 Match setting to sensor used
		Calibration corrupt	 Check calibration of con- troller
Ambient Error Er.Rb	Sensor does not pro- vide a valid signal to controller	 Ambient error - cold junc- tion circuitry not working 	Return to factory for repair
Limit won't clear or reset	Limit will not clear or reset with keypad or digital input	 Sensor input is out of limit set point range Limit set point is incorrect Digital input function is in- correct 	 Correct cause of sensor input out of limit range Set limit set point to correct trip point Set digital input function and source instance
Limit Error L .E I	Limit state cannot be determined due to lack of sensor input, limit will trip	 Sensor improperly wired or open Incorrect setting of sensor type Calibration corrupt 	 Correct wiring or replace sensor Match setting to sensor used Check calibration of con- troller
Limit Low	Sensor input below low limit set point	 Temperature is less than limit set point Limit outputs latch and re- quire reset Incorrect alarm set point 	 Check cause of under temperature Clear limit Establish correct limit set point
Limit High L .h I	Sensor input above high limit set point	 Temperature is greater than limit set point Limit outputs latch and re- quire reset Incorrect alarm set point 	 Check cause of over temperature Clear limit Establish correct limit set point

Indication	Description		Possible Cause(s)		Corrective Action
No Display	No display indication	•	Power to controller is off	•	Turn on power
	or LED illumination	•	Fuse open	•	Replace fuse
		•	Breaker tripped	•	Reset breaker
	display is blank.	•	Safety interlock switch	•	Close interlock switch
	Check factory page, custom menu 1 and 2 for correct settings.	•	Separate system limit con- trol activated	•	Reset limit
	Default is Custom 1 =	•	Wiring error	•	Correct wiring issue
	Process and Custom- er 2 = Limit Status	•	Incorrect voltage to con- troller	•	Apply correct voltage, check part number
No Serial Communication	Cannot establish se- rial communications	•	Address parameter incor- rect	•	Set unique addresses on network
	with the controller	•	Incorrect protocol selected	•	Match protocol between devices
		•	Baud rate incorrect	•	Match baud rate between devices
		•	Parity incorrect	•	Match parity between de- vices
		•	Wiring error	•	Correct wiring issue
		•	EIA-485 converter issue	•	Check settings or replace converter
		•	Incorrect computer or PLC communications port	•	Set correct communication port
		•	Incorrect software setup	•	Correct software setup to match controller
		•	Wires routed with power cables	•	Route communications wires away from power wires
		•	Termination resistor may be required	•	Place 120 Ω resistor across EIA-485 on last controller
Temperature runway	Process value contin- ues to increase or de-	•	Controller output incorrect- ly programmed	•	Verify output function is correct (heat or cool)
	crease past set point.	•	Thermocouple reverse wired	•	Correct sensor wiring (red wire negative)
		•	Controller output wired in- correctly	•	Verify and correct wiring
		•	Short in heater	•	Replace heater
		•	Power controller connec- tion to controller defective	•	Replace or repair power controller
		•	Controller output defective	•	Replace or repair controller

Indication	Description	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Device Error	Controller displays internal malfunction	Controller defective	Replace or repair controller
rEtn	message at power up.	 Sensor input over driven 	 Check sensors for ground loops, reverse wiring or out of range values.
Menus inacces- sible	Unable to access <u>SEL</u> , <u>oPEr</u> , <u>FEL</u> menus or particular prompts in Home	 Security set to incorrect level 	 Check Loc settings in Fac- tory Page and enter appro- priate password in ULoc setting in Factory Page
	Page	Digital input set to lockout keypad	Change state of digital in- put
		Custom parameters incor- rect	Change custom parameters in Factory Page
Function Key/s do not work	Function Key/s do not activate required function	Function Key function in- correct	Verify Function Key function in the Setup Menu
		 Function Key function in- stance not correct 	• Correct and change the function instance if not correct
		 Keypad malfunction 	Replace or repair controller
Displayed value to low uRLL	Value to low to be displayed in 4 digit LED display <-1999	Incorrect setup	 Check scaling of source data
Displayed value to high uRL.h	Value to high to be displayed in 4 digit LED display >9999	 Incorrect setup 	 Check scaling of source data

Detection of and Rules Around Abnormal Sensor Conditions						
Inputs	Detection of Abnormal Conditions					
	Thermocouple					
Shorted	No direct detection, Open loop firmware detection.					
Open	Yes, Parasitic pull-up					
Reversed	Yes, firmware detection					
	Current Source					
Shorted	Range limiting only					
Open	Range limiting only					
Reversed	Range limiting only					
Voltage Source						
Open	Range limiting only					
Shorted	Range limiting only					
Reversed	Range limiting only					
RTD						
S1 open	Yes, pulled up.					
S2 open	Not implemented.					
S3 open	Yes, pulled up.					
S1 short to S2	Yes, pulled up					
S1 short to S3	Yes, pulled down to under range.					
S2 shorted to S3	Not implemented, Possible, monitor S2 voltage.					
S1 and S2 open	Yes, pulled down to under range.					
S1 and S3 open	Yes, S1 pulled up.					
S2 and S3 open	Yes pulled up.					
	Thermistor					
S1 open	Yes, pulled up to sensor over range.					
S3 open	Yes, pulled up to sensor over range.					
S1 short to S3	Yes, pulled down to sensor under range.					
S1 and S3 open	Yes, S1 pulled up to sensor over range.					

Modbus - Programmable Memory Blocks

The Modbus assembly or programmable memory blocks consists of 40 pointers to the parameters of your choosing starting at Modbus register 40 (shown on the following page). The pointers are 32-bits long and are stored in two sequential registers. As an example, if it is desired to move an alias to the Analog Input of the PM (register 360) into pointer registers 40 and 41, a single multi-write command (0x10 function) would be used writing 360 into register 40 and 361 into register 41.



Once the parameters of choice have been defined and written to the specified pointer registers, the working registers will then represent the parameters written. In the example above, the 32-bit floating point analog input (360 and 361) was first written to registers 40 and 41 which in turn defines working registers 200 and 201 as Analog Input 1. As can be seen in the far right-hand column in the graphic above, reading back registers 200 and 201 the temperature, as detected by the first analog input is displayed.

The screen shot above was taken from a program that can be found on the Watlow Support Tools DVD (shipped with the product) as well as on the Watlow website. On the DVD, it can be found under "Utility Tools" and is identified as "Modbus TCP Diagnostic Program for PM LEGACY™ Limit, RM and ST". A similar program can be found here as well for Modbus RTU. If it is easier to go to the web to acquire this software, click on the link below and type "modbus" in the search field where both versions can be found and downloaded. http://www.watlow.com/en/resources-and-support/Technical-Library/Software-and-Demos

Modbus - Programmable Memory Blocks

Assembly Definition	Assembly Working	Assembly	Assembly
Addresses	Addresses	Definition Addresses	Working Addresses
40 & 41	200 & 201	80 & 81	240 & 241
42 & 43	202 & 203	82 & 83	242 & 243
44 & 45	204 & 205	84 & 85	244 & 245
46 & 47	206 & 207	86 & 87	246 & 247
48 & 49	208 & 209	88 & 89	248 & 249
50 & 51	210 & 211	90 & 91	250 & 251
52 & 53	212 & 213	92 & 93	252 & 253
54 & 55	214 & 215	94 & 95	254 & 255
56 & 57	216 & 217	96 & 97	256 & 257
58 & 59	218 & 219	98 & 99	256 & 259
60 & 61	220 & 221	100 & 101	260 & 261
62 & 63	222 & 223	102 & 103	262 & 263
64 & 65	224 & 225	104 & 105	264 & 265
66 & 67	226 & 227	106 & 107	266 & 267
68 & 69	228 & 229	108 & 109	268 & 269
70 & 71	230 & 231	110 & 111	270 & 271
72 & 73	232 & 233	112 & 113	272 & 273
74 & 75	234 & 235	114 & 115	274 & 275
76 & 77	236 & 237	116 & 117	276 & 277
78 & 79	238 & 239	118 & 119	278 & 279

Assembly Definition Addresses and Assembly Working Addresses

Modbus Map 1.

These require the user to change the defaults for limit when utilized.





Watlow PM LEGACY[™] Limit Controller




These require the user to change the defaults for Limit when utilized.

CIP Implicit Assembly Structures Originator (Master) to Target (PML)							
Assem- bly Mem- bers	Assembly Class, Instance, Attribute	ST Data Type	Parameter	Parameter Class, Instance, Attribute	PLC Data Type		
1	0x77, 0x01, 0x01	DINT	Control Loop 1, User Control Mode	0x97, 0x01, 0x01	DINT		
2	0x77, 0x01, 0x02	DINT	Closed Loop Set Point	0x6B, 0x01, 0x01	REAL		
3	0x77, 0x01, 0x03	DINT	Open Loop Set Point	0x6B, 0x01, 0x02	REAL		
4	0x77, 0x01, 0x04	DINT	Alarm 1 - Alarm High Set Point	0x6D, 0x01, 0x01	REAL		
5	0x77, 0x01, 0x05	DINT	Alarm 1 - Alarm Low Set Point	0x6D, 0x01, 0x02	REAL		
6	0x77, 0x01, 0x06	DINT	Alarm 2 - Alarm High Set Point	0x6D, 0x02, 0x01	REAL		
7	0x77, 0x01, 0x07	DINT	Alarm 2 - Alarm Low Set Point	0x6D, 0x02, 0x02	REAL		
8	0x77, 0x01, 0x08	DINT	Alarm 3 - Alarm High Set Point	0x6D, 0x03, 0x01	REAL		
9	0x77, 0x01, 0x09	DINT	Alarm 3 - Alarm Low Set Point	0x6D, 0x03, 0x02	REAL		
10	0x77, 0x01, 0x0A	DINT	Alarm 4 - Alarm High Set Point	0x6D, 0x04, 0x01	REAL		
11	0x77, 0x01, 0x0B	DINT	Alarm 4 - Alarm Low Set Point	0x6D, 0x04, 0x02	REAL		
12	0x77, 0x01, 0x0C	DINT	Profile Action Request	0x7A, 0x01, 0x0B	DINT		
13	0x77, 0x01, 0x0D	DINT	Profile Start	0x7A, 0x01, 0x01	DINT		
14	0x//, 0x01, 0x0E	DINI	Heat Proportional Band	0x97, 0x01, 0x06	REAL		
15	0x77, 0x01, 0x0F	DINT	Cool Proportional Band	0x97, 0x01, 0x07	REAL		
16	0x//, 0x01, 0x10	DINI	Lime Integral	0x97, 0x01, 0x08	REAL		
17	<u>0x77, 0x01, 0x11</u>	DINT	Time Derivative	<u>0x97, 0x01, 0x09</u>	REAL		
18	0x//, 0x01, 0x12	DINT	Heat Hysteresis	0x97, 0x01, 0x0B	REAL		
19	0x//, 0x01, 0x13	DINT	Cool Hysteresis	0x97, 0x01, 0x0C	REAL		
20	0x//, 0x01, 0x14		Dead Band	0x97, 0x01, 0x0A	REAL		
21	0x77, 0x02, 0x15		None Specified				
22	0x77, 0x02, 0x16		None Specified				
23	0x77, 0x02, 0x17		None Specified				
24	0x77, 0x02, 0x18		None Specified				
25	0x77, 0x02, 0x19		None Specified				
26	0x77, 0x02, 0x1A		None Specified				
27	0x77, 0x02, 0x18		None Specified				
20	0x77, 0x02, 0x10		None Specified				
29	0x77, 0x02, 0x1D		None Specified				
30	0x77, 0x02, 0x1E		None Specified				
30	0x77, 0x02, 0x1F		None Specified				
32	0x77, 0x02, 0x20		None Specified				
24	0x77, 0x02, 0x21		None Specified				
34	0×11 , 0×02 , 0×22		None Specified				
36	0x11, 0x02, 0x23 0x77, 0x02, 0x23		None Specified				
30	0x11, 0x02, 0x24 0x77, 0x02, 0x24		None Specified				
32	0x11, 0x02, 0x23 0x77, 0x02, 0x23		None Specified				
30	0x17, 0x02, 0x20 0x77 0x02 0x27	DINT	None Specified				
10	0x77 0x02, 0x27	DINT	None Specified				
	0,11, 0,02, 0,20						

These require the user to change the defaults for Limit when utilized.

Note:

PM revision 15 and above firmware allows for 40 implicit members. Revisions below 15, allow for a maximum of 20.

CIP Implicit Assembly Structures Target (PML) to Originator (Master)

Assem-		- J			
bly Mem- bers	Assembly Class, Instance, Attribute	ST Data Type	Parameter	Parameter Class, Instance, Attribute	PLC Data Type
	Cannot be changed	Binary	Device Status	None	BIN
1	0x77, 0x02, 0x01	DINT	Analog Input 1, Analog Input Val- ue	0x68, 0x01, 0x01	REAL
2	0x77, 0x02, 0x02	DINT	Analog Input 1, Input Error	0x68, 0x01. 0x02	REAL
3	0x77, 0x02, 0x03	DINT	Analog Input 2, Analog Input Val-	0x68, 0x02, 0x01	REAL
4	0x77, 0x02, 0x04	DINT	Analog Input 2, Input Error	0x68, 0x02, 0x02	REAL
5	0x77, 0x02, 0x05	DINT	Alarm 1, Alarm State	0x6D, 0x01, 0x09	DINT
6	0x77, 0x02, 0x06	DINT	Alarm 2, Alarm State	0x6D, 0x02, 0x09	DINT
7	0x77, 0x02, 0x07	DINT	Alarm 3, Alarm State	0x6D, 0x03, 0x09	DINT
8	0x77, 0x02, 0x08	DINT	Alarm 4. Alarm State	0x6D, 0x04, 0x09	DINT
9	0x77, 0x02, 0x09	DINT	Event Status 1	0x6E, 0x01, 0x05	DINT
10	0x77, 0x02, 0x0A	DINT	Event Status 2	0x6E, 0x02, 0x05	DINT
11	0x77, 0x02, 0x0B	DINT	Control Mode Active	0x97, 0x01, 0x02	DINT
12	0x77 0x02 0x0C		Heat Power	0x97 0x01 0x0D	RFAI
13	0x77 $0x02$ $0x00$		Cool Power	0x97 $0x01$ $0x0E$	REAL
14	0x77 $0x02$ $0x0E$		Limit State	0x70 $0x01$ $0x06$	
15	0x77, 0x02, 0x0E		Profile Start	0x70, 0x01, 0x00	
16	0x77, $0x02$, $0x01$		Profile Action Bequest	$0 \times 7 \wedge$, 0×01 , 0×01	
17	0x77, 0x02, 0x10		Current Profile	0x7A, 0x01, 0x0D	
18	0x77, 0x02, 0x11		Current Step	0x7A, 0x01, 0x03	
10	0x77, 0x02, 0x12		Active Set Point	0x7A, 0x01, 0x04	
20	0x77 $0x02$ $0x13$		Stop Time Demoining	0x7A, 0x01, 0x00	
20	0x77, 0x02, 0x14			0X7A, 0X01, 0X09	
21	0x77, 0x02, 0x15		None Specified		
22	0x77, 0x02, 0x16		None Specified		
23	0x77, 0x02, 0x17		None Specified		
24	0x77, 0x02, 0x18	DINT	None Specified		
25	0x77, 0x02, 0x19	DINT	None Specified		
26	0x77, 0x02, 0x1A		None Specified		
27	0x77, 0x02, 0x1B		None Specified		
28	0x77, 0x02, 0x1C		None Specified		
29	0x77, 0x02, 0x1D		None Specified		
30	0X77, 0X02, 0X1E		None Specified		
31	0x77, 0x02, 0x1F	DINT	None Specified		
32	<u>0x//, 0x02, 0x20</u>	DINT	None Specified		
33	Ux//, Ux02, Ux21	DINI	None Specified		
34	Ux//, Ux02, 0x22	DINT	None Specified		
35	<u>0x77, 0x02, 0x23</u>	DINT	None Specified		
36	Ux//, Ux02, 0x24	DINT	None Specified		
37	0x77, 0x02, 0x25	DINT	None Specified		
38	0x77, 0x02, 0x26	DINT	None Specified		
39	0x77, 0x02, 0x27	DINT	None Specified		
40	0x77, 0x02, 0x28	DINT	None Specified		

These require the user to change the defaults for Limit when utilized.

As can be seen on the previous page, the PML Implicit Assembly defaults (factory settings) to a populated assembly structure. If it is desired to modify any of the given assembly members there are many software tools available to do so. It is outside of the scope of this document to describe how to use those. What can be found in this document is the process to build the assembly structure. If viewing this document electronically simply click on the link below to read the section entitled " Modifying Implicit Assembly Members". Otherwise, turn back to the table of contents to find the above named section.

Specifications

Line Voltage/Power

- 85 to 264VAC, 47 to 63Hz
- 20 to 28VAC, +10/-15%; 50/60Hz, ±5%
- 12 to 40VDC
- 10VA (1/32 and 1/16 DIN)
- Data retention upon power failure via non-volatile memory
- Compliant with SEMI F47-0200, Figure R1-1 voltage sag

requirements @ 24VAC or higher

Environment

- \bullet 0 to 149°F (-18 to 65°C) operating temperature
- -40 to 185°F (-40 to 85°C) storage temperature
- 0 to 90% RH, non-condensing

Accuracy

- Calibration accuracy and sensor conformity: ±0.1% of span, ±1°C @ the calibrated ambient temperature and rated line voltage
- Type S: 0.2%
- Type T below -50°C: 0.2%
- Calibration ambient temperature @ 77°F ±5°F (25°C ±3°C)
- Accuracy span: 1000°F (540°C) min.
- Temperature stability: ±0.1°F/°F (±0.1°C/°C) rise in ambient max.

Agency Approvals

- cULus® UL/EN/CSA C22.2 No 61010-1 Listed, File E185611
- CSA C22 No. 24, File 158031, class 4813-02, CSA approved
- UL® Type 4X indoor use front panel seal
- NEMA 4X, IP66, IP67 front panel seal
- cULus® ANSI/ISA 12.12.01-2007, CSA-C22.2 No. 213-1987,
- Class 1, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C and D, temperature code T4A, File E184390 (optional)
- CE, RoHS by design, W.E.É.E.
- FM Class 3545 (limit controls)

Controller

- User selectable heat/cool, on-off, P, PI, PD, PID or alarm action, not valid for limit controllers
- Auto-tune with control algorithm
- Control sampling rates: input = 10Hz, outputs = 10Hz
- Input and output capacity per controller type ordering information

Serial Communications

- Isolated communications
- Standard bus configuration protocol

Wiring Termination - Touch-Safe Terminals

 Input, power and controller output terminals are touch safe removable
 12 to 22 AWG

Universal Input

- Thermocouple, grounded or ungrounded sensors, greater than 20M Ω input impedance, $2k\Omega$ source resistance max.
- Non-isolated to switched dc and process output
- RTD 2- or 3-wire, platinum, $100\Omega @ 0^{\circ}C$ calibration to DIN curve (0.00385 $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$)
- Process, 4-20mA @ 100 Ω , or 0-10VDC @ 20k Ω input impedance; scalable

Functional Operating Range

- Type J: -346 to 2192°F (-210 to 1200°C) Type K: -454 to 2500°F (-270 to 1371°C) Type T: -454 to 750°F (-270 to 400°C) Type E: -454 to 1832°F (-270 to 1000°C) Type N: -454 to 2372°F (-270 to 1300°C) Type C: 32 to 4200°F (0 to 2315°C) Type D: 32 to 4200°F (0 to 2315°C) Type F: 32 to 2449°F (0 to 1343°C) Type R: -58 to 3214°F (-50 to 1767°C) Type B: 32 to 3300°F (0 to 1816°C) RTD (DIN): -328 to 1472°F (-200 to 800°C)
- Process: -1999 to 9999 units

Output Hardware

- Switched dc = 22 to 32VDC @ 30mA
- Open collector = 30VDC max. @ 100mA max. current sink

• Solid state relay (SSR), Form A, 0.5A @ 24VAC min., 264VAC max., opto-isolated, without contact suppression

• Electromechanical relay, Form C, 24 to 240VAC or 30VDC max., 5A resistive load, 100,000 cycles at rated load

• Electromechanical relay, Form A, 24 to 240VAC or 30VDC max., 5A resistive load, 100,000 cycles at rated load

- Output 2 is limit for limit models
- NO-ARC relay, Form A, 24 to 240VAC, 15A @ 122°F (50°C), resistive load, no VDC, 2 million cycles at rated load

• Universal process output: range selectable; 0 to 10VDC \pm 15mV into a min. 1,000 Ω load with 2.5mV nominal resolution; 4 to 20mA \pm 30µA into max. 800 Ω load with 5µA

nominal resolution; temperature stability 100ppm/°C

Operator Interface

- Dual 4 digit, 7 segment LED displays
- Typical display update rate 1Hz
- Advance, infinity (RESET), up and down keys plus an A/M-KEY for control or

FUNCTION for limit (not available in 1/32 DIN)

• Infinity key is also labeled RESET on limit control models

• A/M-KEY on 1/16 DIN package automatically programmed as an auto/manual transfer mode function on PID models.

Input Type	Max Error @ 25 Deg C	Accuracy Range Low	Accuracy Range High	Units
J	±1.75	0	750	Deg C
K	±2.45	-200	1250	Deg C
Т	±1.55	-200	350	Deg C
Input Type	Max Error @ 25 Deg C	Accuracy Range Low	Accuracy Range High	Units
Ν	±2.25	0	1250	Deg C
E	±2.10	-200	900	Deg C
R	±3.9	0	1450	Deg C
S	±3.9	0	1450	Deg C
В	±2.66	870	1700	Deg C
С	±3.32	0	2315	Deg C
D	±3.32	0	2315	Deg C
F (PTII)	±2.34	0	1343	Deg C
RTD, 100 ohm	±2.00	-200	800	Deg C
RTD, 1000 ohm	±2.00	-200	800	DegC
mV	±0.05	-50	50	mV
Volts	±0.01	0	10	Volts
mAdc	±0.02	0	20	mAmps DC
mAac	±5	0	50	mAmps AC

Operating Range						
Input Type	Range Low	Range High	Units			
J	-210	1200	Deg C			
K	-270	1371	Deg C			
Т	-270	400	Deg C			
Ν	-270	1300	Deg C			
E	-270	1000	Deg C			
R	-50	1767	Deg C			
S	-50	1767	Deg C			
В	0	1816	Deg C			
С	0	2315	Deg C			
D	0	2315	Deg C			
F (PTII)	0	1343	Deg C			
RTD (100 ohm)	-200	800	Deg C			
RTD (1000 ohm)	-200	800	Deg C			
mV	0	50	mV			
Volts	0	10	Volts			
mAdc	0	20	mAmps DC			

mAac	0	50	mAmps AC
Potentiometer, 1K range	0	1200	Ohms
Resistance, 5K range	0	5000	Ohms
Resistance, 10K range	0	10000	Ohms
Resistance, 20K range	0	20000	Ohms
Resistance, 40K range	0	40000	Ohms

Thermistor Input						
Input Type	Max Error @ 25 Deg C	Accura- cy Range Low	Accuracy Range High	Units		
Thermistor, 5K range	±5	0	5000	Ohms		
Thermistor, 10K range	±10	0	10000	Ohms		
Thermistor, 20K range	±20	0	20000	Ohms		
Thermistor, 40K range	±40	0	40000	Ohms		

- 0 to 40kΩ, 0 to 20kΩ, 0 to 10kΩ, 0 to 5kΩ
- 2.252k Ω and 10k Ω base at 25°C
- Linearization curves built in
- Third party Thermistor compatibility requirements

Base R @ 25C	R @ 25C Alpha Beta Techniques THERM		YSI	Thermistor Curve
2.252K	Curve A	2.2K3A	004	А
10K	Curve A	10K3A	016	В
10K	Curve C	10K4A	006	С

2 Digital Input/Output Option - 2 DIO

- Digital input update rate 10Hz
 - DC voltage
 - Max. input 36V @ 3mA
 - Min. high state 3V at 0.25mA
 - Max. low state 2V
 - Dry contact
 - Min. open resistance $10 k \Omega$
 - Max. closed resistance 50Ω
 - Max. short circuit 13mA
- Digital output update rate 10Hz
 - SSR drive signal
 - Update rate 10 Hz
 - Maximum open circuit voltage is 22 to 25 --- (dc)
 - PNP transistor source
 - Typical drive; 21mA @ 4.5V for DO5, and 11mA @ 4.5V for DO6
 - Current limit 24mA for Output 5 and 12mA Output 6
 - Output 5 capable of driving one 3 pole DIN-A-MITE
 - Output 6 capable of driving one 1 pole DIN-A-MITE

Output Hardware

- Switched DC
 - Maximum open circuit voltage is 22 to 25V == (dc)
 - 30mA max. per single output / 40mA max. total per paired outputs (3 & 4)
 - Typical drive; 4.5V == (dc) @ 30mA
 - Short circuit limited to <50mA
 - Use dc- and dc+ to drive external solid-state relay
 - 1-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 4 in parallel or 4 in series
 - 2-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 2 in parallel or 2 in series
 - 3-pole DIN-A-MITE: up to 2 in series
- Switched dc/open collector = 30VÎ (dc) max. @ 100mA max. current sink
- Solid State Relay (SSR), FormA, 0.5A @ 24V \sim (ac) min., 240VÅ (ac) max., 1A at 50°F linear derating to 0.5A at 149°F resistive, opto-isolated, without contact suppression, 120/240V \sim (ac) 20 VA pilot duty
 - Minimum holding current of 10mA
- Electromechanical relay, Form C, 5A, 24 to 240V \sim (ac) or 30VÎ (dc) max., resistive load, 100,000 cycles at rated load, 125 VA pilot duty at 120/240V \sim (ac), 25 VA at 24V \sim (ac)
- Electromechanical relay, Form A, 5A, 24 to 240V $\sim\,$ (ac) or 30V ---(dc) max., resistive load, 100,000 cycles at rated load, 125 VA pilot duty at 120/240V $\sim\,$ (ac), 25 VA at 24V $\sim\,$ (ac)
- NO-ARC relay, Form A, 15A, 24 to 240V $\sim\,$ (ac), no V --- (dc), resistive load, 2 million cycles at rated load

- Universal process/retransmit, Output range selectable:
 - 0 to 10V ==(dc) into a min. $1k\Omega$ load
 - 0 to 20mA into max. 800Ω load

Resolution

- dc ranges: 2.5mV nominal
- mA ranges: 5µA nominal
- Calibration Accuracy
- dc ranges: ±15mV
- mA ranges: ±30µA

Temperature Stability

- 100 ppm/°C

Operator Interface

- Dual 4 digit, 7 segment LED displays
- Advance, infinity, up and down keys, plus optional programmable Function Key depending on model size
- Typical display update rate 1Hz
- RESET key substituted for infinity on all models including the limit control

	Dimensions							
Size	Behind Panel (max.)	Width	Height	Display Character Height				
1/32	101.6 mm (4.00 in)	53.3 mm (2.10 in)	30.9 mm (1.22 in)	Large: 7.62 mm (0.300 in) Small: 5.59 mm (0.220 in)				
1/4	100.8 mm (3.97 in)	100.3 mm (3.95 in)	100.3 mm (3.95 in)	Large: 20.32 mm (0.800 in) Medium: 12.70 mm (0.500 in) Small: 10.16 mm (0.400 in)				
1/16	101.6 mm (4.00 in)	53.3 mm (2.10 in)	53.3 mm (2.10 in)	Large: 10.16 mm (0.400 in) Small: 5.97 mm (0.235 in)				
1/8 (H)	101.6 mm (4.00 in)	100.3 mm (3.95 in)	54.8 mm (2.16 in)	Large: 11.4 mm (0.450 in) Medium: 9.53 mm (0.375 in) Small: 7.62 mm (0.300 in)				
1/8 (V)	101.6 mm (4.00 in)	54.8 mm (2.16 in)	100.3 mm (3.95 in)	Large: 11.4 mm (0.450 in) Medium: 9.53 mm (0.375 in) Small: 7.62 mm (0.300 in)				

Weight					
1/32 DIN (PM3)	1/16 DIN (PM6)				
Controller: 127 g (4.5 oz.)	Controller: 186 g (6.6 oz.)				
User's Guide					
 User's Guide: 284.86 g (10.1 oz) 					

 $\mathsf{Modbus}^{\texttt{R}}$ is a trademark of AEG Schneider Automation Inc.

EtherNet/IP[™] is a trademark of ControlNet International Ltd. used under license by Open DeviceNet Vendor Association, Inc. (ODVA).

 $\mathsf{UL}^{\textcircled{R}}$ is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

DeviceNet[™] is a trademark of Open DeviceNet Vendors Association.

Note:

These specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

� WATLOW₀

PM LEGACY Limit Model	Configurat	ion Inf	ormatio	on				
① ② ④ ③ Package Primary Suppl Size Princtions Digital	© ⑦ Output 1 and 2 Hardware Options	8 Comm. Options	9 Future Option A	Out 4 H O	(10) (1) put 3 and lardware Options	12 Model Selection	3 4 Custom Options	
③ Pack	age Size			10 11		Outpu	t 3 and 4	Hardware Options
$3 = \frac{1}{32}$ DIN (coming soon)						Output 3		Output 4
$6 = \frac{1}{16} \text{DIN}$				AA =	None			None
(4) Primary	Functions			AJ =	None			Mechanical relay 5A, Form A
L = Limit controller with universal	input			AK =	None			SSR Form A, 0.5 A
M = Limit controller with thermist	or input			CA =	Switched	d dc/open c	ollector	None
B Bewen Commiss Dimit		A. (1/0)		<u> </u>	Switched	d dc/open c	ollector	Switched dc
5 Power Supply, Digit	ai inputs/Outpu	ts (I/O)		CJ =	Switched	d dc/open c	ollector	Mechanical relay 5A, Form A
1 = 100 to 240 VAC				<u>CK =</u>	Switched	d dc/open c	ollector	SSR Form A, 0.5 A
Express version	O points (Not av	allable of	1	EA =	Mechani	cal relay 5A	, Form C	None
2 = 20 to $28V/AC$ or 12 to $40V/DC$				EC =	Mechani	cal relay 5A	, Form C	Switched dc
3 = 20 to 28 VAC of 12 to 40 VDC		: +- /N -		EJ =	Mechani	cal relay 5A	, Form C	Mechanical relay 5A, Form A
available on Express version	bius z digital i/O p				Mechani	cal relay 5A	, Form C	SSR FORM A, U.SA
				FA =	Universa			None Switchod do
67 Output 1 and 2	Hardware Optio	ons			Universa			Machanical rolay 54 Form 4
Output 1	Outp	ut 2			Universa			SCR Form A 0.54
AJ = None	Mechanical rela	y 5A, Forn	۱A		CCD Eorn			SSR FOITH A, 0.5A
CJ = Switched dc/open collector	Mechanical relay	y 5A, Forn	۱A		Only ave	ilable en 1/	DIN	ale if an energy institute Outline of
EJ = Mechanical relay 5A, Form C	Mechanical relay	y 5A, Forn	ר A ו	G, H,	J or 2 thru	i 6 is ordere	d in previo	bus digit, then Option AA must
8 Communic	ation Options			be or	dered her	e.		
Standard bus always included				(12)			Model	Selection
A = None				G = PM LEGACY Version (Output 1 and 2 always isolated)				and 2 always isolated)
B = Bluetooth [®]				H = PM LEGACY EXPRESS Version (Available in PM3 or PM6)				
E = EIA-485 Modbus [®] RTU and Blu Express version)	etooth [®] (Not ava	ilable on			(Output	1 and 2 alw	ays isolat	ed)
$F = Modbus^{\circ} BTU 232/485 and Bl$	uetooth® (Not av	ailable or		13 14			Custor	n Options
PM3 or Express version)				WP = Watlow logo face plate				
G = EtherNet/IP [™] /Modbus [®] TCP and Bluetooth [®] (Not available on PM3 or Express version)			le	WN =	No logo/ Conform	/no name fa nal coating	ice plate	
H = DeviceNet [™] and Bluetooth [®] (Not available on PM3 or Express version)								
J = PROFIBUS DP and Bluetooth [®] (Not available on PM3 or Express version)								
1 = EIA-485 Modbus® RTU (Not av	ailable on Expre	ss versior	ו)					
2 = EIA-232/485 Modbus® RTU (Not available on PM3 or Express version)								
3 = EtherNet/IP™/Modbus® TCP (I Express version)	lot available on	PM3 or						
5 = DeviceNet [™] (Not available or	PM3 or Express	version)						
6 = PROFIBUS DP (Not available on PM3 or Express version)								

Watlow[®] and EZ-ZONE[®] are registered trademarks of Watlow Electric Manufacturing Company. SMOOTH-TOUCH[™] and EZ-LINK[™] are trademarks of Watlow Electric Manufacturing

Smooth-ToUCH and E2-LINK are trademarks of wallow Electric Marini, Company, UL* and cUL* are registered trademarks of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. i-Phone* is a registered trademark of Apple Corporation. Android[™] is a trademark of Google LLC.

Powered by Possibility

To be automatically connected to the nearest North American Technical Sales Office:

1-800-WATLOW2 • www.watlow.com

International Technical Sales Offices: Austria +43 6244 20129 0 China +86 21 3532 8532 India Italy France +33 1 41 32 79 70 Germany +49 7253 9400 0

+91 40 6661 2700 +39 02 458 8841 Japan +81 3 3518 6630 Korea +82 2 2169 2600

Mexico +52 442 256 2200 Singapore +65 6773 9488 Spain +34 91 675 1292 Taiwan UK

+886 7 288 5168 +44 115 964 0777 WIN-LEG-0720

� WATLOW.

©2020 Watlow Electric Manufacturing Company all rights reserved.

Note: Bluetooth® not available in all countries, contact factory.

Appendix



Declaration of Conformity - Series EZ-ZONE[®] PM WATLOW Electric Manufacturing Company 1241 Bundy Blvd. Winona, MN 55987 USA

Declares that the following product meets the essential requirements of the following European Union Directives by using the relevant standards show below to indicate compliance.

Designation: Series EZ-ZONE® PM (Panel Mount) PM (3, 6, 8, 9 or 4)(Any Letter or number)(1, 2, 3 or 4)(A, C, E, F or K) (A, C, Model Numbers: H, J or K) - (Any letter or number)(Any letter or number)(A, C, E, F or K)(A, C, H, J or K) (Any three letters or numbers) Temperature control. Installation Category II. Pollution degree 2. IP65 Classification: 100 to 240 V~ (ac 50/60 Hz) or 15 to 36 V=dc/ 24 V~ac 50/60 Hz Rated Voltage and Frequency: 10 VA maximum PM3, PM6 Models. Rated Power Consumption: 14 VA maximum PM8, PM9, PM4 Models 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive EN 61326-1:2013 Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - EMC requirements (Industrial Immunity, Class B Emissions). Electrostatic discharge immunity IEC 61000-4-2:2008 IEC 61000-4-3:2007 +A1/2008, Radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field immunity 10V/M 80-1000 MHz, 3 V/M A2/2010 1.4-2.7 GHz IEC 61000-4-4:2012 Electrical fast-transient / burst immunity IEC 61000-4-5:2014 +A1/2017 Surge immunity Immunity to conducted disturbances induced by radio-frequency fields IEC 61000-4-6:2013 + Corrigendum 2015 IEC 61000-4-11:2004 + A1/2017 Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity EN 61000-3-2:2014 Limits for harmonic current emissions for equipment ≤ 16 Amps per phase EN 61000-3-31:2013 + A1/2017 Voltage fluctuations and flicker ≤ 16 Amps per phase SEMI F47-0812 Specification for semiconductor sag immunity Figure R1-1 ¹For mechanical relay loads, cycle time may need to be extended up to 160 seconds to meet flicker requirements depending on load switched and source impedance. 2014/35/EU Low-Voltage Directive EN 61010-1:2010² Safety Requirements of electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. Part 1: General requirements ² Compliance with 3rd Edition requirements with use of external surge suppressor installed on 230 Vac~ power line units. Recommend minimum 1000 V peak to maximum 2000 V peak, 70 joules or better part be used.

Compliant with 2011/65/EU RoHS2 Directive Per 2012/19/EU W.E.E.E Directive Please Recycle Properly. Models PM(4, 8 or 9)<u>E</u> contain a type BR1225 coin cell battery which shall be recycled at end of life per 2006/66/EC Battery Directive as amended by 2013/56/EU Directive. Models PM6XXXX – (B, E, F, G, H, J, K)XXXXXX where (X = any letter or number allowed above)

Include Bluetooth[®] wireless technology and have been reviewed to the following additional requirements. 2014/53/EU Radio Equipment Directive (RED)

EN 61010-1:2010	Safety Requirements Part 1: General requi	of electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. rements					
	Covering the essentia	al requirements of article 3.1(a) or Directive 2014/53/EU					
EN 61326-1:2013	Electrical equipment	for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements					
	(Industrial Immunity,	Class A Emissions).					
	CAUTION: This equi	pment not intended for use in residential environments and may not provide					
	adequate protection t	to radio reception in such environments.					
EN 301 489-1 V2.1.1	ElectroMagnetic Con	npatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common					
	technical requiremen	ts; Harmonized Standard covering the essential requirements of article					
	3.1(b) of Directive 20	14/53/EU and the essential requirements of article 6 of Directive 2014/30/EU					
EN 301 489-17 V3.1.1	ElectroMagnetic Con	npatibility (EMC)standard for radio equipment and services; Part 17:					
	Specific conditions fo	r Broadband Data Transmission Systems; Harmonized Standard covering					
	the essential requirer	nents of article 3.1(b) of Directive 2014/53/EU					
EN 300 328 V1.9.1	Electromagnetic com	patibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband transmission					
	systems; Data transn	systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band					
	modulation technique	es; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the					
	R&ITE Directive	10000515111					
	NVLAP Test Report	10928545H-A					
EN 300 328 V2.1.1		er blocking test for to cover requirements for 2014/53/EU.					
	NVLAP Test Report	11049408H-E					
Contains Mod	ule FCC ID: VPYI B7Y P	Part 15C 2					
Contains Mod	ule IC: 772C-LBZY RSS	210					
- Japanese Radio	Law(日本電波法)	Output Power: Frequency Range 2402.0 - 2480.0					

 Output Power: Frequency Range 2402.0 - 2480.0

 Image: Display the output Power 0.001 Watts
 Antenna gain: -0.6 dBi PCB antenna



D

Doug Kuchta Name of Authorized Representative Winona, Minnesota, USA Place of Issue

Director of Operations

May 2018

Signature of Authorized Representative

Bluetooth Enabled Product Statement

Bluetooth® Enabled Product

Models PM6XXX-(B, E, F, G, H or K)XXXXXX contain an embedded Bluetooth module. Output Power: Frequency Range 2402.0 - 2480.0 Output Power 0.001 Watts Antenna gain: -0.6 dBi PCB antenna

FCC

The transmitter module is mounted on the top of the display PC board partially under the LED display module. Visible when display removed from bezel.

Module FCC ID: VPYLBZY Part 15C 2.

Unit is assembled from tested components, complete system not tested.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Industry Canada

Contains IC: 772C-LBZY

Specification : RSS210

Japan

- Japanese Radio Law (日本電波法) Type certification (工事設計認証)

CE – See current Declaration of Conformity for full details.
 Directive 2014/53/EU Radio Equipment Directive
 Standards
 EN 300 328 V1.9.1 NVLAP Test Report 10928545H-A
 EN 300 328 V2.1.1 Receiver blocking test. NVLAP Test Report 11649468H-E



1241 Bundy Boulevard., Winona, Minnesota USA 55987 Phone: +1 (507) 454-5300, Fax: +1 (507) 452-4507 http://www.watlow.com